TOWN OF WILTON, CONNECTICUT



COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For

The Fiscal Year
July 1, 2011 to June 30, 2012

Prepared By: FINANCE DEPARTMENT

Sandra L. Dennies
Chief Financial Officer

TOWN OF WILTON, CONNECTICUT COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

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(Unaudited)

This part of the Town's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information reveals about the Town's overall financial health.

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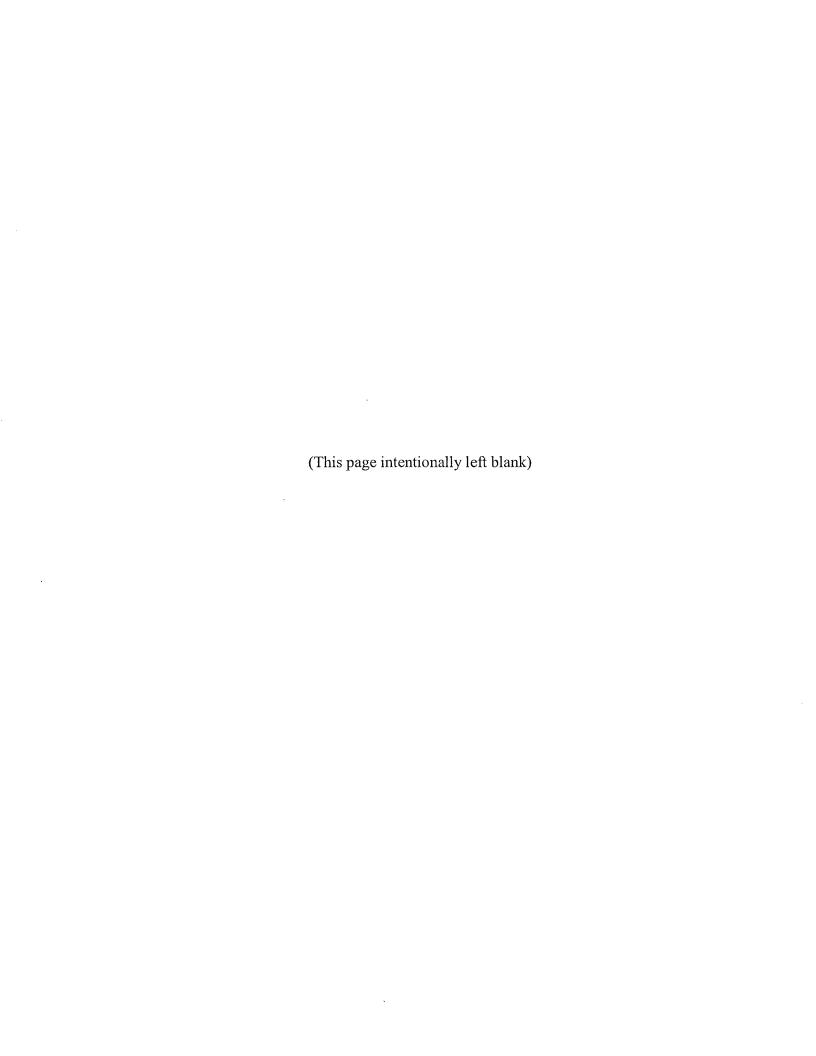
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Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports for the relevant year.



INTRODUCTORY SECTION



TOWN OF WILTON PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS AS OF JUNE 30, 2012

FIRST SELECTMAN WILLIAM F. BRENNAN

MAJOR DEPARTMENT DIRECTORS

Chief Financial Officer Chief of Police Fire Chief

Planning and Zoning

Social Services

Parks and Recreation

Human Resources, Labor Rel. & Admin.

Department of Public Works

Sandra L. Dennies Michael A. Lombardo Paul R. Milositz Robert J. Nerney Catherine M. Pierce Stephen M. Pierce

Sarah L. Taffel

Thomas W. Thurkettle

BOARD OF SELECTMEN

Second Selectman

Member Member

Member

Member

_

Harold E. Clark Richard J. Dubow Ted W. Hoffstatter

James A. Saxe

BOARD OF FINANCE

Chairman Vice Chair Clerk

Member Member

Member

Warren L. Serenbetz, Jr. Lynne A. Vanderslice James F. Meinhold

Al M. Alper Gail Lavielle

Carl A. Pforzheimer

BOARD OF EDUCATION

Chairman

Vice Chairman

Secretary

Member Member Bruce M. Likly

Adrian Gilmore Bray

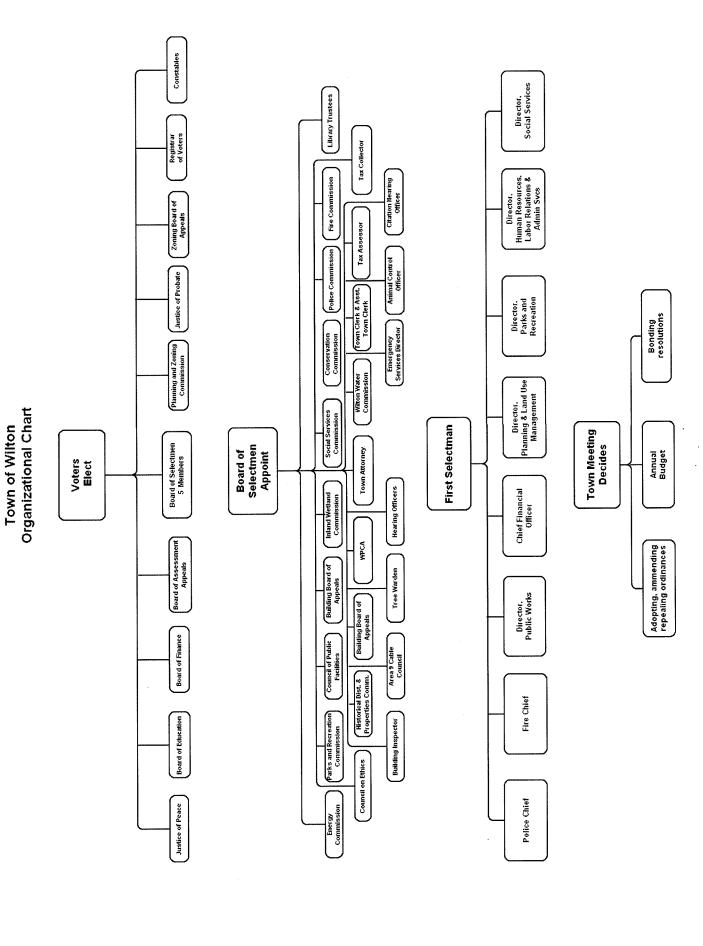
Karen Birck

Christine Finkelstein Lory Rothstein Laura Schwemm

FINANCE DEPARTMENT

Controller

Richard K. McArdle



FINANCE DEPARTMENT Tel (203) 563-0114 Fax (203) 563-0299



TOWN HALL 238 Danbury Road Wilton, Connecticut 06897

December 15, 2012

To: First Selectman William F. Brennan

Board of Finance Board of Selectmen Citizens of Wilton, Connecticut

This audited financial statement of the Town of Wilton, Connecticut ("Town") is being published for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2012, in compliance with Connecticut State law, which requires every general-purpose local government to publish a complete set of audited financial statements within six months of the close of each fiscal year.

Town management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, which is based upon a comprehensive framework of internal controls that it has established. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of material misstatements.

O'Connor Davies, LLP, Certified Public Accountants, have issued an unqualified opinion on the Town's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2012. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the Town, was part of a broader state and federally mandated "Single Audit" designated to meet special needs of federal and state grantor agencies. The standards governing the Federal and State Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal and state awards. These reports are available in the Town's separately issued Federal and State Compliance Reports.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complement this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

PROFILE OF THE TOWN

The Town operates under a Charter first granted in 1802 and revised in 2009. The Town has all of the powers and privileges conferred upon the Town by the Constitution of the State of Connecticut, or by the General Statutes or applicable special acts including the Connecticut Home Rule Act of 1957. The legislative body of the Town is the Town Meeting with respect to specific matters provided for in the Town Charter. For all other matters, the Board of Selectmen is deemed the legislative body of the Town. The Town is administered by a First Selectman who serves as the chief executive officer and chief administrative officer. The First Selectman chairs a five-member elected Board of Selectmen. A six-member elected Board of Finance has all of the powers, duties, authorities and responsibilities conferred upon it by the Connecticut General Statutes and the Town Charter. It has access to the books of account and relevant records in the custody of the Board of Selectmen, Board of Education and any other organization receiving grants or subsidies from the Town, provided such access is in the agreement between the organization and the Town.

The Town provides a full range of services including education, police and fire protection, planning and zoning, health, environmental protection, construction and maintenance of highways, streets, storm and sanitary sewers and infrastructure, social services, parks and recreational activities, and cultural events. Approximately 737 full time Town and educational employees serve Wilton, its residents and visitors. The community is 27 square miles and according to the 2010 U.S. Census has a total of 18,062 residents. Approximately 8,174 of the 8,670 Town's labor force were employed in September 2012.

The Town is located north of the City of Norwalk, south of the Town of Ridgefield, west of the Town of Weston, and east of the Town of New Canaan in Fairfield County, Connecticut. The Town is 55 miles from mid-town Manhattan and is within easy driving distance from Westchester County, New York. U.S. Route 7, and State Highways 33, 53, 106 and 107 traverse the town. Rail service is provided by Metro North at two stations.

Although commercial development in the Town is approximately 2.0% of the land area as of 2011, it accounts for 13.8% of the Total Net Taxable Grand List as of October 1, 2011. As of August 2012, the principal businesses are corporate offices for firms such as ASML, Deloitte & Touche, Bridgewater Associates Investments, The Neilsen Company LLC, Louis Dreyfus Commodities LLC, Melissa & Doug LLC, The Sun Products Corporation, The Common Fund, and Tracy Locke. The composition of the remaining employers is primarily in retail trade and offices located in two main shopping areas and along a vibrant retail shopping corridor on Route 7 from the Norwalk line to one mile north of the center of the Town.

The crime rate in the Town has remained low for several years which is primarily due to marked police vehicles and contacts the officers have with motorists. The FBI Uniform Crime Report also indicates that serious crime reports in the Town in 2011 declined 7%. This is due in part to the Investigative Services Division that is tenacious in its efforts to solve crimes. The Town's Department is staffed by educated, highly trained and devoted personnel that are committed to the protection of life and safety and who are instrumental to keeping our community safe. The Department has also added a Police Canine Unit, which can assist in searches and drug detection in patrol and during investigations. The Town Police Department has remained vigilant during these difficult economic times incorporating expanded regional efforts to provide quality service to the community. For example, the Police Department has regionalized the Accident Reconstruction Team and the Emergency Response Team. They have also added a license plate reader to detect stolen cars, unregistered and suspended vehicle registrations and individuals suspected or wanted for criminal activity.

The Town's natural resources support a diverse ecology, protect public health, and contribute to the community's character. Residents and Town officials actively support the protection of the Town's natural resources. The Town has over 17 parks with over 631 acres of open space and 8 additional areas of open space including the only Federally Recognized National Park in the State of Connecticut. The Town is also an active member of the five Towns that are working on the preservation of the Norwalk River Valley Trail stretching 27 miles from Danbury to Norwalk. In May 2011, the Veterans Memorial Green construction was completed with the assistance of \$102,912 in gifts from residents and businesses and it was dedicated as open space at the northern gateway to the Town center to memorialize Wiltonians who gave their lives fighting in wars from the French and Indian War in the mid-1700's to current conflicts.

In addition, the Town has approximately 219 acres of developed recreational facilities. The Parks and Recreation Department maintains 8 school sites with playgrounds and athletic activities which account for 165 acres. The Town's parks system has 44 acres of developed land including those for swimming, fishing, picnic facilities, playgrounds and athletic fields for basketball, softball and baseball, as well as soccer courts, tennis courts, horseshoe pits and an all-weather track. A state of the art modern stadium supports football, lacrosse, soccer and track events for all levels of Town athletes.

The Town is also fortunate to have an outstanding public school system, which is facilitated by a six member elected board. In the past ten years, the (K-5) elementary student population has decreased by 5.4%, the middle school (grades 6-8) has increased by 6.4%, and the high school has increased by 20.5%. The enrollment for school year October 1, 2012 totaled 4,239 pupils pre-K through grade 12. Projections for 2012 through 2015 estimate the elementary school population will decrease by 10.6%, the middle school population will decrease by 4.2%, and the high school population will increase by 3.5%. The Town has completed a major capital program which has provided for the expansion of Middlebrook and Wilton High Schools and for the expansion and complete renovation of Cider Mill School. The Board of Education is preparing plans to renovate Miller Driscoll School to utilize the space more effectively to accommodate an expanding pre-K program.

A five year road improvement program has been completed to renovate many of the Town's aging roads, some of which have not been repaved in twenty years. Capital was approved for year one and two of the plan. Approximately ten miles of roads will be repaved each year over the next five years, which will substantially improve the Town's network of roads.

LOCAL ECONOMIC CONDITIONS AND OUTLOOK

The past three fiscal years have been a challenge for the Town economically, as it has been for the State of Connecticut and the nation as a whole due to the economic recession. However, the Town's proactive approach and conservative fiscal policies have allowed it to end the fiscal year with a surplus. A large part of the fund balance was due to unanticipated increases in building permit revenues and funds resulting from the Board of Education's very positive experience with special education reimbursement this fiscal year. Diligent Town management of expenditures also contributed significantly to the yearend surplus.

The Town has a low debt burden and prudent capital planning practices. This fiscal year, the Town did not issue any bonded capital debt and limited the capital expenses supported by tax dollars to those which were absolutely necessary to maintain public safety and to support our road maintenance objectives. The Town's debt also provides for a rapid amortization rate (80% within 10 years). The overall debt burden is low at 1% of the Equalized Net Grand List. All of the Town's outstanding debt is fixed rate and the Town is not party to any derivative agreements.

The Town continues to be conservative in its approach to its operating budget and in its spending practices. Operating departments are all accountable for budgeted expenditures which are clearly monitored by Town leadership. Consequently, it is anticipated that the Town will continue to be rated Aaa by Moody's Investors Service.

Business & Industry

The Town has a strong economic base that includes 792 establishments including those of several industry clusters with "Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services" being over 20% of the commercial establishments. Other industries located in the Town include "Retail Trade and Construction", with the "Finance and Insurance" sector also having a significant presence. Its proximity to other active employment centers, such as Manhattan, Stamford, and Norwalk has allowed for Town residents to obtain employment in primarily white collar industries that generate an affluent median family income of \$188,958 (U.S. Bureau of Census, 2010). Strong sectors for employment among Wiltonians are "Professional, Scientific, Management, Administrative and Waste Management Services" followed by "Education, Health and Social Services" with "Finance, Insurance, Real Estate, and Rental/Leasing" representing the third largest employment sector for residents.

As reported by the Connecticut Department of Labor for September 2012, unemployment in the Town was 6.2% (496), while the Bridgeport and Stamford Labor Market Area was 7.6% and overall the State of Connecticut was 8.2%.

Retail Development

The Town continues to make significant headway in recovery from the recession. A carefully planned and coordinated effort has been invaluable to this recovery. In May, the Town formed an Economic Development Commission (EDC) to promote and foster a pro-business environment, which encourages a growing, sustainable and diverse tax base. The EDC will facilitate communication between businesses and town officials and strive to improve the quality of life to entice business relocation to the Town and to support our current businesses to assure they remain here.

Growth in our commercial sector has been evident in the past year and it has given a boost to our local restaurants and shops. In fact, during this past year, many smaller business operations have opened, which reflects the Town as a good place to conduct business. Many additions and improvements have taken place this year in the business sector including the opening of Pet Pantry with over 5,000 square feet of retail space, renovation and expansion of Stop and Shop, expansion of The Greens, a Senior Residence, the opening of CubeSmart Self Storage in a building of 127,000 square feet, major expansion and renovation of Caraluzzi's Grocery Store, and the opening of Building Blocks Child Care Center occupying 12,500 square feet. The Town has seen the opening of a new branch of First Niagra Bank, Portofino Restaurant, the Wire Mill Academy of Performing Arts, Coffee Barn, a Gulf gas station and convenience store, the relocation/expansion of the Conservatory of Dance, and expansion of Signature Style retail business.

The Town has supported the retail community through road repaving, the installation of additional sidewalks and installed park benches to complement decorative municipal lampposts that line River Road, the main street running through the center of town. Additional infrastructure improvements in the Town Center are under construction, funded by a State of Connecticut Small Town Economic Assistance Program (STEAP) grant. A major strategic initiative involves the expansion of natural gas distribution into the Town Center and to our schools. Final expansion plans for 2013 construction are currently being developed with Yankee Gas.

Housing Development

During fiscal year 2012, the Town witnessed a decrease in the number of housing *lis pendens* and foreclosures over the previous year.

A clustered housing development close to the Town Center remains on hold pending an improved financing opportunity following an upturn in the economy. Construction is underway on Wilton Commons, a 51 unit senior housing community sponsored by Wilton Commons, Inc. (WCI) and Mutual Housing Association. It is located on a 4.8 acre site in the Town known as the Dana Property. Funding for Town Commons comes from many sources including contributions from private organizations and local Wilton residents who contributed \$2 million. The Town is also a committed partner in Wilton Commons, providing the site for Wilton

Commons on a long-term lease for \$1, which represents a commitment valued at over \$2.5 million.

The Town is home to several assisted living/nursing home facilities and retirement homes. Specifically, The Greens, a senior assisted living complex, completed its' expansion by adding 16 apartments to its 91 apartment facilities this fiscal year.

Overall, the Town's housing values continue to exceed State and national medians. Owner occupied homes in the Town had a median sales price of \$825,000 in 2011 and \$782,500 in 2010 according to the Connecticut Multiple Listing Service. The State of Connecticut had a median owner occupied sale price of \$255,500 in 2011 and \$178,000 in 2010. According to the National Association of Realtors the median sales price in the United States was \$166,200 in 2011 and \$173,100 in 2010. In 2010, among the 164 homes sales in the Town, only 8 sold for less than \$399,000 while 156 were sold at over \$400,000. According to the Consolidated Multiple Listing Service, year-to-date the Town has experienced a 4.5% median increase in the sale price of residential properties and a 10% increase in the in the number of housing units sold. Significantly, the current absorption rate in the Town is at 10 months as compared to year-to-date 2011 at 14 months.

Based upon conservative fiscal policies, a highly educated and affluent population and improving local economic conditions, the Town anticipates that it will continue to flourish.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the professional attention of Richard McArdle, Controller of the Town, along with the entire staff of the Finance Department and other employees of the Town who provided department information.

I also acknowledge the assistance of the audit team from O'Connor Davies, LLP for their provision of helpful recommendations to the Town.

Respectfully submitted,

Sandra L. Dennies

Chief Financial Officer

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

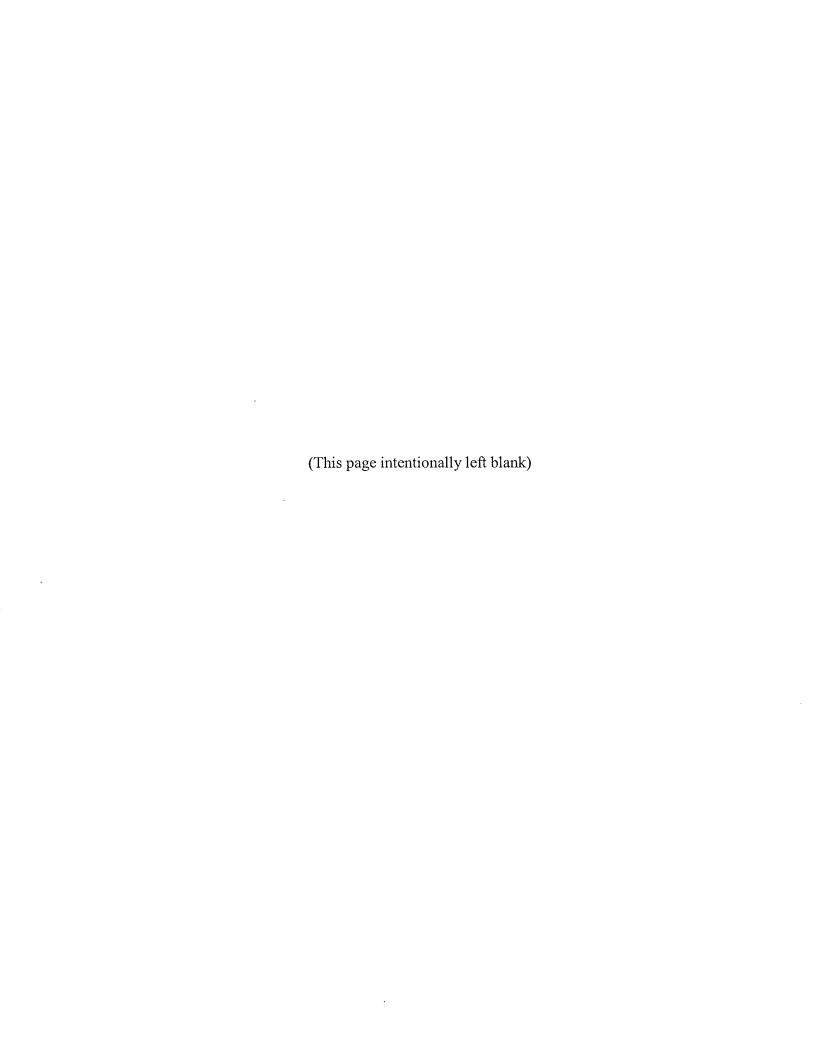
Presented to

Town of Wilton Connecticut

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

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The Seal features a circular design, bordered by a laurel enclosing the words Town of Wilton Connecticut. The center is occupied by an image of the Lambert House, built by David Lambert I in 1726 as Wilton's most elegant home of its day and currently one of the oldest buildings in town. The seal is completed with the word Seal and the year of Wilton's Charter.



FINANCIAL SECTION







INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Finance of the Town of Wilton, Connecticut:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Wilton, Connecticut ("Town") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Town's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these basic financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town as of June 30, 2012 and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 14, 2012 on our consideration of the Town's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Schedules of Funding Progress for the Pension Trust and the Other Post Employment Benefits plans be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as a whole. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole. The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

O'Connor Davies, LLP Stamford, Connecticut

O'Connor Davies, UP

December 14, 2012

Town of Wilton, Connecticut Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2012

As management of the Town of Wilton, Connecticut (the "Town"), we offer readers of the Town's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the letter of transmittal and the Town's financial statements that follow this section.

Financial Highlights

In fiscal 2012, the Town's net assets increased by \$3,005,379 or 2.4% to \$128,562,520. On the government-wide basis, including all governmental activities and business-type activities, the Town's net assets exceeded its liabilities on June 30, 2012 by \$128,562,520. Of this amount, \$34,289,803 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the Town's ongoing obligations. Overall, the continuing high level of net assets contributes to the Town's financial strength.

The Town's governmental funds, which are reported on a current financial resource basis, had a combined ending fund balance of \$22,895,353, an increase of \$496,761 from the prior fiscal year-end period.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to provide an introduction to the Town's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains supplementary information and a statistical section. The statistical section provides comparisons of selected information for the past several years.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a general understanding of the Town's finances, in a manner similar to those for private-sector businesses. All of the resources the Town has at its disposal are reported, including major capital assets such as buildings and infrastructure. In addition, a thorough accounting of the costs of government operations as well as its revenue sources is provided.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the Town's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town is improving or deteriorating. However, other non-

financial factors need to be considered as well, including changes in the Town's property tax base and the condition of the Town's capital assets, to assess the overall health of the Town.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the Town's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods. Uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave are examples of these types of items.

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Town that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities).

Governmental activities of the Town encompass most of the Town's basic services, including education, public safety, general government, public works, public health and welfare and recreation and parks. Property taxes, intergovernmental grants and charges for services finance the majority of the activities.

Business-type activities of the Town include the Water Pollution Control Authority and the Transfer Station. They are reported as business-type activities because the Town charges fees to customers or service users to cover all or most of the costs of operations.

The government-wide financial statements (Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities) can be found on pages 17 through 19 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control and accountability over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The Town has three kinds of funds, as follows:

<u>Governmental Funds</u> Governmental fund financial statements consist of a balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances. They are prepared on an accounting basis that is significantly different from that used to prepare the government-wide financial statements.

In general, these financial statements have a short-term emphasis and, for the most part, measure and account for cash and other assets that can easily be converted to cash. For example, amounts reported on the balance sheet include items such as cash and receivables collectible within a year, but do not include capital assets such as land and buildings and improvements. The difference between a fund's total assets and total liabilities is labeled as the fund balance, and generally indicates the amount that can be used to finance the next fiscal year's activities. Likewise, the operating statement for

governmental funds reports only those revenues and expenditures that were collected in cash or paid with cash, respectively, during the current period or very shortly after the end of the year.

For the most part, the balances and activities accounted for in governmental funds are also reported in the governmental activities columns of the government-wide financial statements. However, because different accounting bases are used to prepare fund financial statements and governmental-wide financial statements, there are often significant differences between the totals presented in these financial statements. For this reason, there is an analysis on page 21, that reconciles the total fund balance to the amount of net assets presented in the governmental activities column on the statement of net assets. In addition, there is an analysis on page 23, that reconciles the total change in fund balances for all governmental funds to the change in net assets as reported in the governmental activities column in the statement of activities.

The Town adopts an annual budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement is provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with the authorized budget. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance on a Budgetary Basis is presented on page 24.

The basic governmental fund financial statements (Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance) can be found on pages 20 and 22 of this report.

<u>Proprietary Funds</u> Proprietary fund financial statements consist of a statement of net assets, statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets and statement of cash flows. These are prepared on an accounting basis that is similar to the basis used to prepare the governmental-wide financial statements. For financial reporting purposes, proprietary funds are grouped into Enterprise Funds and Internal Service Funds.

The Town maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statement. The Town uses Enterprise funds to account for its Water Pollution Control Authority and the Transfer Station. The Town uses its Internal Service funds to account for employee health benefits costs and workers' compensation costs for both the Town and Board of Education ("BOE") employees. Because the Internal Service funds predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they are included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Water Pollution Control Authority which is considered to be a major proprietary fund and the Transfer Station which is considered to be a non-major proprietary fund. In addition, individual fund data for the Internal Service funds are provided in separate columns in the Proprietary Fund financial statements.

The propriety fund financial statements can be found on pages 25 through 27 of this report.

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u> Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to provide services to the Town's constituency. The Town's fiduciary funds include the Pension Trust Fund, Other Post Employment Benefits Trust Fund and the Student Activity Funds. The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 28 and 29 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 29 through 60 of this report.

Town of Wilton, Connecticut Net Assets (\$000's Omitted)

		June 30, 2011									
	Pr	imary ·	Governmen	t			Pri				
		Вι	ısiness-					l	3usiness-		
	 vernmental Activities	A	Type ctivities		Total		Governmental Activities		Type Activities		Total
Current and other assets	\$ 40,007	\$	8,288	\$	48,295	\$	37,978	\$	8,320	\$	46,298
Capital assets	151,950		2,220		154,170		155,077		2,157		157,234
Total Assets	191,957		10,508		202,465		193,055		10,477		203,532
Current liabilities	15,662		104		15,766		14,102		97		14,199
Long-term liabilities	58,130		6		58,136		63,761		15_		63,776
Total Liabilities	 73,792		110		73,902		77,863		112		77,975
Net Assets:											
Invested in capital assets,											
net of related debt	91,741		2,214		93,955		89,574		2,145		91,719
Restricted	318		-		318		327		-		327
Unrestricted	26,106		8,184		34,290		25,291		8,220		33,511
Total Net Assets	\$ 118,165	\$	10,398	\$	128,563	\$	115,192	\$	10,365	\$	125,557

By far the largest portion of the Town's net assets (73%) is its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment and infrastructure); net of accumulated depreciation and any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from

other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Net assets increased by \$3,005,379 from June 30, 2011 as shown in the following table.

Town of Wilton
Changes in Net Assets (\$000's Omitted)

		20	012					20	011		
	Prir	Sovernme		Primary Government							
	Governmental Activities	Bus	iness- ype tivities		Total		ernmental ctivities	Bus 1	siness- Type tivities_		Total
Revenues:											
Program Revenues:		_				•	4.000	Φ.	004	r.	E 000
Charges for services	\$ 5,434	\$	1,191	\$	6,625	\$	4,968	\$	931	\$	5,899
Operating grants and					40.004		0.000		9		9,975
contributions	13,091		-		13,091		9,966		9		9,975
Capital grants and	#00				500		790				790
contributions	502		-		502		790		-		7 30
General Revenues:	405.000				105.838		101,239				101,239
Property taxes	105,838		-		100,000		101,239		_		101,200
Grants and contributions											
not restricted to	253				253		516		_		516
specific programs	203		-		255		310				0.0
Unrestricted invest-	141		27		168		172		20		192
ment earnings Sale of real property	141		21		100		57				57
Miscellaneous	275		_		275		268		-		268
iviisceiianeous	210										
Total Revenues	125,534		1,218		126,752	·	117,976		960		118,936
Expenses:											
General government	5,763		_		5,763		5,998		-		5,998
Public safety	14,473		-		14,473		12,895		-		12,895
Public works	3,709		_		3,709		2,951		-		2,951
Public health and welfare	2,697		-		2,697		1,900		-		1,900
Other	3,548		-		3,548		3,413		-		3,413
Recreation and parks commission	3,102		-		3,102		2,998		-		2,998
Education	86,528		-		86,528		80,151		-		80,151
Interest	2,389		-		2,389		2,769				2,769
WPCA	-		784		784		-		793		793
Transfer station			754		754	w	-		819		819
Total Expenses	122,209		1,538		123,747		113,075		1,612		114,687
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenue over Expenditures	3,325		(320)		3,005		4,901		(652)		4,249
Transfers	(353)		353				(193)		193		
Change in Net	0.070		22		3,005		4,708		(459)		4,249
Assets	2,972		33		3,005		4,700		(400)		
Net Assets, beginning	115,192		10,365		125,557		110,484		10,824		121,308
Net Assets, ending											125,557

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position and an important determinant of its ability to finance services in the future. As shown in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets above, the revenues of governmental activities exceeded expenses by \$2,973,274. There are two classes of governmental activities revenue: program revenue and general revenue. As the classifications imply, program specific revenue is directly associated with and/or generated by specific programs. General revenue, such as property taxes and interest on investments, is not. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

Over eighty-four percent (84.5%) of the governmental activities revenue was derived from property taxes, followed by eleven percent (10.8%) from grants and contributions. Fees accounted for over four percent (4.3%) and interest and other miscellaneous revenues accounted for less than one percent (.4%).

Major revenue factors included:

- ◆ An increase in property tax revenues due to an increase in the current year mill rate, 20.85 compared to 20.16 and a .46% increase in the grand list.
- ◆ Interest income was greater than budgeted. During the course of the year, the Town invested in secure mortgage backed securities with a 2-3 year term offering higher returns. The Town also invested in certificates of deposit with higher returns with maturities laddered from one to three years.
- Building permits were greater than budgeted by approximately \$265K due to an increase in construction and renovations. The town's Intergovernmental revenue was \$213k higher primarily due to a new State of Connecticut Municipal Revenue Sharing Grant that was not anticipated at the time the budget was adopted.

Major expense factors included:

- ◆ The Board of Education under-expended its budget by \$1,148,644 as explained in the General Fund Budgetary Highlights section hereof.
- ◆ The Board of Selectmen's operating budget was under-expended by approximately \$2,284,869. The major savings were spread across all categories including General Government \$382K, Police \$302k, Employee Benefits and insurance \$265k and Debt Service \$183k. The capital budget was under-expended by approximately \$787,589. However, under the Town Charter, \$1,188,536 of this amount has been carried forward to Fiscal 2013 where is constitutes assigned fund balance in the General Fund. The Town continues to focus on containing costs although rising structural costs such as pensions, OPEB and Medical benefits represent a continuing challenge.

Business-Type Activities

Business-type activities consist of the Water Pollution Control Authority (WPCA) and the Transfer Station. These activities increased the Town's net assets by \$32,105.

The WPCA operates the Town's liquid waste system, which consists of collection infrastructure but no treatment facilities. Sewage treatment is provided by the City of Norwalk, Connecticut ("City") under a contract with the Town's WPCA. Capital assessments, user charges and interest comprise the WPCA's revenues. Capital assessments are levied by the WPCA on properties that benefit from sewer construction. The assessments may be paid over twenty years with interest. By general statutes, income from assessment payments may be used only for debt service on sewer-related bonds and for capital improvements to the system. The Town has no sewer debt outstanding as of June 30, 2012. However, approximately \$125k of assessment revenue was used to pay the debt service component of the fiscal 2012 City processing fee. User charges are established annually to pay for operating expenses, including the non-debt service component of the City fee. For fiscal 2012, the WPCA's operations resulted in a decrease of \$106,647 in net assets of business-type activities.

The Town's Transfer Station accepts and then transfers solid waste of the Town from both commercial haulers and citizens. This includes trash and recyclables. As of January 1, 2009 the Town entered into an agreement with City Carting and Recycling, Inc. for the disposing of municipal solid waste. The agreement runs through December 31, 2013. There is no minimum or maximum tonnage that the Town is required to deliver to City Carting and Recycling. As of July 1, 2009 the Town entered into agreement with City Carting and Recycling for recyclables. The agreement runs through June 30, 2014. The Town receives \$15 for each ton of recyclables delivered to City Carting. Transfer Station operations resulted in an increase in net assets of \$138,752.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with generally accepted accounting principles and emphasize accountability, segregating specific activities in accordance with laws, regulations or special restrictions.

Governmental Funds The focus of the Town's governmental funds accounting and disclosures is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and types and amounts of available resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's cash needs, financing requirements and available resources. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The Town's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$22,895,353. For the General Fund, the unassigned balance was \$16,274,248 or 13.6% of revenues and other financing sources. This is an increase of \$1,472,306 from June 30, 2011. All other governmental funds reported ending fund balances of \$1,702,363.

The following table shows the fund types comprising governmental funds and compares their fund balances for fiscal years 2012 and 2011.

TOWN OF WILTON, CONNECTICUT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SUMMARY OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES (000'S OMITTED) AND FUND BALANCES YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 AND 2011

					0	ther							
	Ger	neral		Governmental Funds					Totals				
Fund Types	2012		2011		2012		2011		2012		2011		
Revenues and other financing sources Expenditures and other	\$ 120,466	\$	113,527	\$	6,378	\$	5,840	\$	126,844	\$	119,367		
financing uses	 118,209		111,532		8,138		7,355	_	126,347		118,887		
Net change Beginning fund balance	 2,257 18,936		1,995 16,941		(1,760) 3,462		(1,515) 4,977		497 22,398		480 21,918		
Ending fund balance	\$ 21,193	\$	18,936	\$	1,702	\$	3,462	\$	22,895	\$	22,398		
Components of fund balance: Nonspendable:													
Prepaid expenditures Inventories Restricted:	\$ 57 -	\$	3 -	\$	25 20	\$	32 15	\$	82 20	\$	35 15		
Capital projects	_		_		156		1,039		156		1,039		
Debt service	-		_		318		327		318		327		
Donor's intention Assigned:	-		-		-		-		-		-		
Purchases on order:	4		4						4		4		
General government	14		8		-		_		14		8		
Public safety Public works	11		161		_		_		11		161		
Education	617		428		_		_		617		428		
Designation for continuing appropriations	1,189		1,184		_		-		1,189		1,184		
Designation for assessment appeals	316		193		_		_		316		193		
Designation for subsequent year	2,711		2,153		_		_		2,711		2,153		
Ambulance	2,711		2,100		_		1,092				1,092		
School lunch	_		-		83		9		83		9		
Summer school	_		_		133		154		133		154		
Continuing education	_		_		554		528		554		528		
Forfieted property	_		_		21		12		21		12		
Selectmen's benevolent	_						-		-		-		
Recreation	_		_		245		215		245		215		
Gift	_		_		147		83		147		83		
Unassigned	 16,274		14,802				(44)		16,274		14,758		
Total fund balance	\$ 21,193	\$	18,936	\$	1,702	\$	3,462	\$	22,895	\$	22,398		

General Fund At June 30, 2012 the total General Fund - fund balance was \$21,192,990 of which \$16,274,248 was unassigned. This is 13.7% of expenditures and other financing uses and 13.6% of revenues and other financing sources. The total fund balance increased by \$2,256,493.

Actual revenues reflected positive variances aggregating \$1,338,079 as compared to the final budget. Collections on property taxes and interest and lien fees resulted in approximately \$835,000 in revenue in excess of budget. Building permits and variety of other fees resulted in approximately \$337,000 in revenues in excess of budget. Certain intergovernmental State and Federal grants as well as other revenue resulted in \$166,000 of net revenue in excess of budget. Regarding expenditures, favorable variances as compared to the final budget resulted in various departments including Finance, Police and Public Works. There were salary and related employee benefit savings, savings in utilities, vehicle fuel and sand and salt purchases due to the mild winter. The Department of Public Works reflected overall expenditure savings of \$409,000. The Police Department reflected expenditure savings of \$302,000.

The fund balance in the General Fund increased due in part to better than anticipated delinquent tax collections of \$433,000. Also, as a result of these collections, interest and lien fees exceeded the final budget by \$219,000. The Town also closed out various capital projects and these amounts were transferred into the General Fund and used in part to offset debt service costs. As previously mentioned, actual expenditures were less than estimated in all Department's contributing to the increase in fund balance.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights (000's Omitted)

The difference between the original and final budget was \$2,131,005 and consisted of unobligated capital appropriations continued from fiscal 2011 of \$1,183,431 in accordance with the Town Charter, Debt Service \$415,570 and encumbrances from fiscal year 2011 of \$532,004. Continued appropriations constitute assigned fund balance. The following table summarizes the budget operating results:

		Fiscal 2012		Fiscal 2011								
	Final Budget	Budget Basis Actual	Positive (Negative) Variance	Final Budget	Budget Basis Actual	Positive (Negative) Variance						
Revenues and other financing sources Expenditures and other	\$ 110,735	112,074	\$ (1,339)	\$ 106,412	\$ 107,015	\$ 603						
financing sources	114,265	109,861	4,404	110,329	105,204	5,125						
Subtotal	\$ (3,530)	\$ 2,213	\$ 5,743	\$ (3,917)	\$ 1,811	\$ 4,522						

\$1,188,536 in unexpended capital appropriations have been carried forward to fiscal 2012.

The detail of budget variances is shown on pages 64 through 67 of this report. The revenue variances for the year are shown in the following table (000's omitted):

			scal 2012		Fiscal 2011							
		Final Budget		Budget Basis Actual		Positive (Negative) Variance		Final Budget		Budget Basis Actual	(N	ositive egative) ariance
Property taxes, interest and lien fees Intergovernmental Charges for services Use of money and property Other	\$	104,996 3,712 1,201 100 309	\$	105,832 3,160 1,538 141 586	\$	836 (552) 337 41 277	\$	101,106 3,291 1,054 100 251	\$	101,460 2,674 1,508 163 525	\$	354 (617) 454 63 274
Total	\$	110,318	\$	111,257	\$	939	\$	105,802	\$	106,330	\$	528

Of the property tax variance, \$324k is due to collection of delinquent tax revenue, \$128K is due to supplemental motor vehicle taxes and \$219K is due to interest and lien fees. Once again, the Town achieved very strong results in all areas of tax collections. The combined current levy collection rate was 99.3%. This favorable result was enabled by a continued strong and diverse tax base. Increase in use of money and property occurred due to the investment of a portion of the unassigned fund balance midway through the year in longer term, safe higher yielding securities and certificates of deposit. The positive variance in Other Revenue was largely due to an unbudgeted distribution from the State for cable fees.

The expenditure variances for the year are shown in the following table:

General Fund Expenditures Fiscal Years 2012 and 2011 (000's Omitted)

	Fiscal 2012 Fiscal 2011											
		Final Budget Actual			(N	ositive egative) ariance		Final Budget		Actual	Positive (Negative) Variance	
General government	\$	5,901	\$	5,518	\$	383	\$	5,504	\$	5,371	\$	133
Public Safety		12,426		12,165		261		11,705		11,648		57
Public Works		2,864		2,455		409		2,852		2,733		119
Public Health & Welfare		1,890		1,826		64		1,856		1,800		56
Other		3,814		3,543		271		3,880		3,410		470
Recreation and Park		,										
Commission		1,783		1,789		(6)		1,652		1,654		(2)
Board of Education		73,003		71,855		1,148		70,251		67,887		2,364
Capital Outlay		2,631		1,844		787		2,673		1,436		1,237
Debt service		8,837		8,653		184		9,082		9,072		10
Additional appropriations		841				841		573				573
Total	<u>\$</u> _	113,990	\$	109,648	\$	4,342	\$	110,028	\$	105,011	\$	5,017

Additional appropriations during the year from the Board of Finance and Board of Selectmen contingencies were \$228,214.

The BOE ended fiscal 2012 with a final positive variance to budget of \$1,148,744 after expenditures were reduced by applying the Excess Cost Grant of approximately \$740,000 (the extent of the Special Education deficit). The deficit was primarily offset by savings in salaries, utilities and employee benefits. In addition to the Special Education deficit, there were deficits in substitutes and supplies.

The Medical Health Insurance Internal Service Fund ended the year with a decrease in net assets of \$247,216 and a resulting fund balance of \$3,542,141.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration (000's omitted throughout unless otherwise obvious from context)

<u>Capital Assets</u> The Town's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2012, is \$154,169,364 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment includes land, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment and infrastructure.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included sewer mains, athletic fields, vehicles, rolling stock, fire apparatus and school improvements.

Town of Wilton, Connecticut Capital Asset Balance at Year-end (000's Omitted) (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)

		al 2012		Fiscal 2011							
	 vernmental Activities	Business- Type Activities		Total		Governmental Activities		Business- Type Activities			Total
Land Buildings and improvement Machinery and equipment Infrastructure Construction in Progress	\$ 22,251 98,010 3,927 26,161 1,600	\$	82 204 1,808 126	\$	22,333 98,010 4,131 27,969 1,726	\$	22,417 99,971 4,076 26,672 1,941	\$	82 - 91 1,984 -	\$	22,499 99,971 4,167 28,656 1,941
Total	\$ 151,949	\$	2,220	\$	154,169	\$	155,077	\$	2,157	\$	157,234

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found on pages 44 and 45 (Note 3 Section D) of this report.

<u>Long-term Debt</u> At the end of the fiscal year, the Town had total bonded debt outstanding of \$59,645,000 all of which is backed by the full faith and credit of the government. Although all of the Town's bonded debt is secured by the Town's full taxing power, \$198,723 will be paid from water capital assessments.

Town of Wilton, Connecticut Outstanding Debt General Obligation Bonds and Notes Outstanding at June 30 (000's Omitted)

	 2012		2011		2010		2009		2008	
Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities	\$ 59,639 6	\$	65,778 12	\$	71,967 18	\$	66,266 24	\$	67,000 30	
Total	\$ 59,645	\$	65,790	\$	71,985	\$	66,290	\$	67,030	

The Town maintains an "AAA" rating from Moody's Investors Service.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to seven times its annual tax collections. At June 30, 2012, the Town's statutory debt limitation was \$735,170,688.

Additional information on the Town's long-term debt can be found on pages 52 of this report.

Pension and Other Post Employment Benefits

The Town maintains a defined benefit, contributory pension plan for eligible employees of the Town, the Board of Education and the Wilton Library Association. According to an actuarial valuation dated July 1, 2011, the plan's funded ratio is 84%. The Board of Finance adopted the following policy of making additional contributions, depending upon the Plan's funded ratio.

Funded Ratio	ded Ratio Employer's Contribution			
Less than 85%	120% of actuary's recommendation			
85% to 89.9%	115% of actuary's recommendation			
90% to 99.9%	110% of actuary's recommendation			
>99%	100% of actuary's recommendation			

The actuary's recommended contribution for the Pension Trust Fund for fiscal 2012 was \$3,383,205. In accordance with the policy above, the actual contribution was \$4,058,322.

In order to comply with GASB Statement No. 45, the Town created an Other Post-Employment Benefits Trust on July 1, 2007. The purpose of the trust is to account for the financing of post-employment health insurance for eligible employees of the Town and the BOE. Based on a July, 2011 actuarial valuation, applicable for fiscal years 2012 and 2011 and (using a 7.7% discount rate, the Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) was \$7,836,743 and the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) was \$6,382,621. The Annual Required Contribution (ARC) for fiscal 2012 was \$760,833 which the Town made in August 2011.

The summarized operating results of the OPEB Trust's Plan are (000's omitted):

Revenues: Employer's Contribution Employee/retiree Contributions State Reimbursement for BOE Net Change in Fair Value of Investments Interest and dividends	\$ 761 438 62 (327) 64
	998
Expenses Insurance Premiums, Benefits and	
Administration	 981
Change in Net Assets	17
Beginning Net Assets	 2,317
Ending Net Assets	\$ 2,334

The components of the employer's contribution consisted of \$320K contributed by the Town and \$246K contributed by the Board of Education.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- ♦ Despite the continuing adverse effects of the weak global economy, the Wilton economy, although impacted, held up comparatively well during fiscal 2012, primarily reflecting the strength and resilience of the Town's diverse commercial and retail business mix and the community's high household income level.
- ♦ According to the 2010 Census, the Town's median family income was \$188,958.
- ◆ As of September 2012, the Town's unemployment rate was 6.2%, comparing favorably to the State's average unemployment rate of 8.2% and the Bridgeport/Stamford Labor Market of 7.6% (Source: Connecticut Department of Labor).
- ◆ The Net Taxable Grand List of October 1, 2011 on which the fiscal 2013 mill rate was based was \$5,110,659,542.
- ♦ For Fiscal 2012, the collection rate (for revenue recognition purposes) of current property taxes was 99.3% of the adjusted taxes to be collected.

These factors, as well as the provision of essential public services and the quality of life in Wilton, were considered in preparing the Town's Fiscal Year 2013 General Fund budget. Equally important was the need to maintain a General Fund balance at a level consistent with a Moody's AAA credit rating. The fiscal 2013 budget, as recommended by the Board of Finance and adopted by the Annual Town Meeting, calls for revenues of \$111,435,788 and appropriations of \$114,146,654. The budget was balanced by the

use of \$2,710,866 of the June 30, 2012 unassigned ending fund balance. The mill rate is 21.05.

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. The reader is strongly urged to read the entire report, especially the notes which contain important explanatory information. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Department, Attn. Sandra L. Dennies, C.F.O., Town of Wilton, 238 Danbury Rd., Wilton, CT 06897. The email address is sandy.dennies@wiltonct.org

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



	Governmental Activities		В	usiness-type Activities	*******	Total
ASSETS						
Cash and equivalents	\$	26,680,907	\$	4,600,828	\$	31,281,735
Investments		5,493,470		3,004,999		8,498,469
Receivables:						
Taxes, net		1,968,599		-		1,968,599
Accounts		515,100		7,961		523,061
Usage, net		-		45,612		45,612
Intergovernmental		1,728,808		-		1,728,808
Special assessments, net		34,146		649,289		683,435
Other		121,637		-		121,637
Internal balances		20,289		(20,289)		-
Prepaid expenses		82,806		_		82,806
Inventories		19,743		-		19,743
Pension assets		3,204,355		-		3,204,355
Deferred charges		136,921		***		136,921
Capital assets:						
Not being depreciated		23,851,261		207,811		24,059,072
Being depreciated, net		128,098,479		2,011,813		130,110,292
Total Assets		191,956,521	<u> </u>	10,508,024		202,464,545
LIABILITIES				•		
Accounts payable		3,104,100		98,065		3,202,165
Intergovernmental payables		28,788		· -		28,788
Property taxes collected in advance		1,147,783		-		1,147,783
Performance bonds		1,568,177		-		1,568,177
Unearned revenues		462,570		-		462,570
Accrued interest		1,022,482				1,022,482
Non-current liabilities:		0 007 440		6 651		8 334 004
Due within one year		8,327,443		6,651 5,644		8,334,094 58 135 966
Due in more than one year		58,130,322		5,644		58,135,966
Total Liabilities		73,791,665		110,360	MIT.	73,902,025
NET ASSETS						
Invested in capital assets,						
net of related debt		91,740,835		2,213,573		93,954,408
Restricted for -		040.000				240.000
Debt service		318,299		0 104 001		318,299 34,289,813
Unrestricted		26,105,722		8,184,091		
Total Net Assets	\$	118,164,856	\$	10,397,664	\$	128,562,520

			Program Revenues						
				****		Operating	Capital		
			Charges		(Grants and	G	rants and	
Functions/ Programs		Expenses		Services	С	ontributions	Co	ntributions	
Governmental activities:		Ехропосо		33.1,333					
General government	\$	5,763,957	\$	1,779,478	\$	521,379	\$	502	
	Ψ	14,473,198	Ψ	34,086	Ψ	642,052	Ψ	_	
Public safety		, ,		2,000		850,268		267,075	
Public works		3,708,958		•		•		201,013	
Public health and welfare		2,697,278		206,758		3,926		-	
Other		3,547,698				5,000		-	
Recreation and parks commission		3,102,330		1,011,800		107,250		-	
Education		86,527,626		2,399,657		10,961,456		200,236	
Interest		2,388,537		_,,		_		34,190	
interest		2,300,337	_		_		•*****	0.1,100	
Total Governmental Activities		122,209,582		5,433,779		13,091,331		502,003	
Business-type activities:									
Water Pollution Control Authority		784,292		650,608				-	
Transfer station		753,925		540,221		_		_	
Hansier station		700,020		0 10,2221		- 4.04.00 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		4111141111	
Total Business-type Activities		1,538,217		1,190,829		_		_	
Total Business type Monthless	_	.,,		, ,					
Total	\$	123,747,799	\$	6,624,608	\$	13,091,331	\$	502,003	

General Revenues:

Real property taxes

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs

Unrestricted investment earnings

Miscellaneous

Transfers

Total General Revenues

Change in Net Assets

Net Assets - Beginning of Year

Net Assets - End of Year

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
\$ (3,462,598) (13,797,060) (2,589,615) (2,486,594) (3,542,698) (1,983,280) (72,966,277) (2,354,347)	\$ - - - - - - -	\$ (3,462,598) (13,797,060) (2,589,615) (2,486,594) (3,542,698) (1,983,280) (72,966,277) (2,354,347)
(103,182,469)		(103,182,469)
- - -	(133,684) (213,704) (347,388)	(133,684) (213,704) (347,388)
(103,182,469)	(347,388)	(103,529,857)
105,838,533 253,435 141,121 275,040 (352,386)	- 27,107 - 352,386	105,838,533 253,435 168,228 275,040
106,155,743	379,493	106,535,236
2,973,274	32,105	3,005,379
115,191,582	10,365,559	125,557,141
\$ 118,164,856	\$ 10,397,664	\$ 128,562,520

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2012

JUNE 30, 2012			
	General	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS			
Cash and Equivalents	\$ 20,122,272	\$ 2,128,848	\$ 22,251,120
Investments	5,493,470		5,493,470
Taxes Receivable, net of allowance for uncollectible amounts	1,968,599		1,968,599
Other Receivables: Accounts, net Intergovernmental Special assessments Other Due from other funds	1,482,257 - 121,637 338,450	60,101 246,551 34,146 - 187,445	60,101 1,728,808 34,146 121,637 525,895
	1,942,344	528,243	2,470,587
Prepaid Expenditures	57,478	25,328	82,806
Inventories		19,743	19,743
Total Assets	\$ 29,584,163	\$ 2,702,162	\$ 32,286,325
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			
Liabilities: Accounts payable Intergovernmental payables Property taxes collected in advance Performance bonds Due to other funds Unearned revenues Deferred revenues	\$ 2,384,324 28,788 1,147,783 1,568,177 534,276 215,444 2,512,381	\$ 415,241 - - 313,707 247,126 23,725	\$ 2,799,565 28,788 1,147,783 1,568,177 847,983 462,570 2,536,106
Total Liabilities	8,391,173	999,799	9,390,972
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned	57,478 - 4,861,264 16,274,248	45,071 474,473 1,182,819	102,549 474,473 6,044,083 16,274,248
Total Fund Balances	21,192,990	1,702,363	22,895,353
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 29,584,163	\$ 2,702,162	\$ 32,286,325

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE GOVERNMENT - WIDE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2012

Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	22,895,353
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Assets are Different Because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	www.no	151,949,740
Governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statements of activities. Deferred charges		136,921_
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of medical insurance and workers' compensation benefits to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are		2 000 202
included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets.		3,668,302
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.		
Real property taxes		2,512,381
Charges for services		23,725
Pension assets		3,204,355
		5,740,461
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Accrued interest payable		(1,022,482)
Bonds payable		(60,138,980)
Capital leases		(363,020)
Claims payable		(837,000) (3,864,439)
Compensated absences		(3,004,433)
		(66,225,921)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$	118,164,856

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

REVENUES		General	 overnmental Funds	or Total ntal Governmental Funds		
Property taxes Intergovernmental Charges for services Use of money and property Tuition School lunch sales Contributions	\$	105,831,966 11,141,142 1,537,902 141,121	\$ 2,327,548 1,252,656 1,583 1,179,822 1,303,807 107,250	\$	105,831,966 13,468,690 2,790,558 142,704 1,179,822 1,303,807 107,250	
Other		585,882	 16,460		602,342	
Total Revenues		119,238,013	 6,189,126		125,427,139	
Current: General government Public safety Public works Public health and welfare Other Recreation and parks commission Education Debt service: Principal Interest Refunding bond issuance costs Capital outlay Total Expenditures Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		5,518,203 12,163,952 2,455,515 1,825,923 3,543,179 1,788,643 80,058,760 6,162,384 2,491,011 1,989,061 117,996,631	3,025 1,359,070 - 850,268 - 1,002,042 3,847,498 26,564 11,080 142,398 33,630 7,275,575		5,521,228 13,523,022 2,455,515 2,676,191 3,543,179 2,790,685 83,906,258 6,188,948 2,502,091 142,398 2,022,691 125,272,206	
Over Expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Refunding bonds issued Issuance premium Payment to refunded bond escrow agent Capital leases issued Transfers in Transfers out		- - 412,019 815,681 (212,589)	 9,845,000 720,470 (10,423,072) - 46,081 (861,762)		9,845,000 720,470 (10,423,072) 412,019 861,762 (1,074,351)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		1,015,111	(673,283)		341,828	
Net Change in Fund Balances		2,256,493	(1,759,732)		496,761	
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		18,936,497	 3,462,095		22,398,592	
Fund Balances - End of Year	<u>\$</u>	21,192,990	\$ 1,702,363	\$	22,895,353	

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

TEAN ENDED SOIVE SO, 2012		
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because:		
Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	496,761
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeded capital outlay in the current period. Capital outlay expenditures Depreciation expense		1,838,936 (4,826,298) (2,987,362)
The net effect of contributing a capital asset from the governmental activities to the enterprise funds.		(139,797)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Real property taxes Intergovernmental income Charges for services		6,567 (200,236) (107,026) (300,695)
Change in pension assets		666,340
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement		
of activities. Refunding bonds issued Issuance premium Payment to refunded bond escrow agent Refunding bond issuance costs Capital leases issued Principal paid on bonds Principal paid on capital leases Amortization of issuance costs, loss on refunding and issuance premium		(9,845,000) (720,470) 10,423,072 142,398 (412,019) 6,188,948 350,429 49,481
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Accrued interest Claims Compensated absences		58,596 (125,500) (750,853)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of medical, and workers' compensation claims to individuals funds. The net revenue of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	-	(817,757)
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$	2,973,274
The notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.		

GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGETARY BASIS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Property taxes, interest and lien fees Intergovernmental Charges for services Use of money and property Other	\$ 105,189,433 3,180,527 1,200,775 100,000 309,061	\$ 104,996,241 3,712,351 1,200,775 100,000 309,061	\$ 105,831,966 3,160,525 1,537,902 141,121 585,882	\$ 835,725 (551,826) 337,127 41,121 276,821
Total Revenues	109,979,796	110,318,428	111,257,396	938,968
EXPENDITURES Current:				
General government	5,840,606	5,900,633	5,518,203 12,165,419	382,430 260,528
Public safety	12,094,055	12,425,947 2.863.825	2,455,267	408,558
Public works	2,690,722 1,899,262	2,863,825 1,890,452	1,825,923	64,529
Public health and welfare	3,827,780	3,813,841	3,543,179	270,662
Other	1,750,170	1,782,751	1,788,643	(5,892)
Recreation and parks commission	72,777,608	73,003,357	71,854,613	1,148,744
Board of education	1,447,785	2,631,216	1,843,627	787,589
Capital outlay	8,421,249	8,836,819	8,653,395	183,424
Debt service	1,110,242	841,643	0,000,000	841.643
Additional appropriations	1,110,242	<u></u>		011,010
Total Expenditures	111,859,479	113,990,484	109,648,269	4,342,215
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,879,683)	(3,672,056)	1,609,127	5,281,183
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Sale of real property	1,000	1.000	-	(1,000)
Transfers in		415,570	815,681	400,111
Transfers out	(275,000)	(275,000)	(212,589)	62,411
Transiers out	(210,000)			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(274,000)	141,570	603,092	461,522
Revenues Over Expenditures, Encumbrances and Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(2,153,683)	(3,530,486)	2,212,219	5,742,705
Use of Fund Balance	2,153,683	3,530,486	-	(3,530,486)
Change in Fund Balance	<u> </u>	\$ -	2,212,219	\$ 2,212,219
Budgetary Fund Balance - Beginning of Year			18,335,244	
Budgetary Fund Balance - End of Year			\$ 20,547,463	

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
	Major Fund - Water Pollution Control	Non-Major Fund - Transfer	Takala	Governmental Activities - Internal				
ASSETS	Authority	Station	Totals	Service Funds				
Current Assets: Cash and equivalents Investments	\$ 4,538,704 3,004,999	\$ 62,124 -	\$ 4,600,828 3,004,999	\$ 4,429,787 -				
Receivables: Accounts Usage, net Due from other funds	7,961 30,290 39,757	- 15,322 4,394	7,961 45,612 44,151	454,999 - 342,377				
Total Current Assets	7,621,711	81,840	7,703,551	5,227,163				
Noncurrent Assets:	7,021,711	01,040	7,700,001	0,221,100				
Receivables - Special assessments and connection charges - noncurrent, net	649,289		649,289					
Capital assets: Land Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Infrastructure Construction-in-progress	787 - 71,253 7,945,065 125,521	81,503 193,282 570,194 - -	82,290 193,282 641,447 7,945,065 125,521 8,987,605					
Less - Accumulated depreciation	8,142,626 (6,202,208)	844,979 (565,773)	(6,767,981)	-				
Total Capital Assets, net of accumulated depreciation	1,940,418	279,206	2,219,624					
Total Noncurrent Assets	2,589,707	279,206	2,868,913	-				
Total Assets	10,211,418	361,046	10,572,464	5,227,163				
LIABILITIES								
Current Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds Current portion of compensated absences Current portion of claims payable Current maturities of bonds payable	26,316 3,505 - - -	71,749 60,935 600 - 6,051	98,065 64,440 600 - 6,051	304,535 - - 1,081,310 -				
Total Current Liabilities	29,821	139,335	169,156	1,385,845				
Noncurrent Liabilities: Compensated absences, less current portion Claims payable, less current portion	-	5,644	5,644	- 173,016				
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		5,644	5,644	173,016				
Total Liabilities	29,821	144,979	174,800	1,558,861				
NET ASSETS								
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Unrestricted	1,940,418 8,241,179	273,155 (57,088)	2,213,573 8,184,091	3,668,302				
Total Net Assets	\$ 10,181,597	\$ 216,067	\$ 10,397,664	\$ 3,668,302				

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	Business-Ty	erprise Funds		
	Major Fund - Water Pollution Control	Non-Major Fund - Transfer		Governmental Activities - Internal
	Authority	Station	<u>Totals</u>	Service Funds
Operating Revenues - Charges for services	\$ 650,608	\$ 540,221	\$ 1,190,829	\$ 14,950,266
Operating Expenses:				
Salaries	49,234	137,358	186,592	<u>-</u>
Employee benefits	42,274	57,355	99,629	14,818,196
Operations and supplies	513,691	534,677	1,048,368	-
Insurance	-	-	-	205,536
Judgments and claims	-	-		62,345
Depreciation and amortization	179,093	23,852	202,945	
Total Operating Expenses	784,292	753,242	1,537,534	15,086,077
Loss from Operations	(133,684)	(213,021)	(346,705)	(135,811)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses): Net change in fair value of investments Interest income Interest expense	(71,605) 98,642 	. 70 (683)	(71,605) 98,712 (683)	14,756
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	27,037	(613)	26,424	14,756
Loss Before Capital Contributions and Transfers	(106,647)	(213,634)	(320,281)	(121,055)
Capital Contributions	-	139,797	139,797	-
Transfers In		212,589	212,589	_
Total Capital Contributions and Transfers	_	352,386	352,386	
Change in Net Assets	(106,647)	138,752	32,105	(121,055)
Net Assets - Beginning of Year	10,288,244	77,315	10,365,559	3,789,357
Net Assets - End of Year	\$ 10,181,597	\$ 216,067	\$ 10,397,664	\$ 3,668,302

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
	Wa	ajor Fund - Iter Pollution Control	Non-Major Fund - Transfer				Governmental Activities - Internal	
		Authority	_	Station		Totals	Se	ervice Funds
Cash Flows From Operating Activities: Cash received from customers and users	\$	590,780	\$	530,952	\$	1,121,732	\$	14,495,267
Cash payments to suppliers and employees Cash payments for benefits and claims		(604,111)		(660,150) (60,997)		(1,264,261) (60,997)		(14,966,938)
Net Cash Used In Operating Activities		(13,331)		(190,195)		(203,526)		(471,671)
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities - Transfers in		_	_	212,589		212,589		_
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities: Purchases of capital assets		(125,521)		<u>-</u>		(125,521)		-
Principal paid on debt Interest paid on debt	PATE TO THE TO THE PATE TO THE PATE TO THE PATE TO THE TO THE TO THE PATE TO THE TO THE PATE TO THE TO THE TO THE TO THE TO THE TO THE TOT	-		(6,052) (683)		(6,052) (683)		-
Not Ocale Developed by (Head in) Conited								
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Capital and Related Financing Activities		(125,521)		(6,735)		(132,256)		-
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:								
Purchase of investments Interest income		(3,076,604) 98,642		70		(3,076,604) 98,712	•	- 14,7 <u>56</u>
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities		(2,977,962)		70		(2,977,892)		14,756
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Equivalents		(3,116,814)		15,729		(3,101,085)		(456,915)
Cash and Equivalents - Beginning of Year		7,655,518		46,395		7,701,913		4,886,702
Cash and Equivalents - End of Year	\$	4,538,704	\$	62,124	\$	4,600,828	\$	4,429,787
Reconciliation of Loss from Operations to Net Cash Used in Operating Activities:								
Loss from operations Adjustments to reconcile loss from operations to	\$	(133,684)	\$	(213,021)	\$	(346,705)	\$	(135,811)
net cash used in operating activities: Depreciation		179,093		23,852		202,945		-
Changes in operating assets and liabilities: Accounts receivable		(7,961)		_		(7,961)		(454,999)
Usage		(23,732)		(8,513)		(32,245)		-
Due from other funds		(31,800)		(756)		(32,556)		-
Special assessments		3,665 7,704		(84)		3,665 7,620		269,460
Accounts payable Due to other funds		(6,616)		11,969		5,353		
Compensated absences payable		(3,313)		(3,642)		(3,642)		-
Claims payable						-		(150,321)
Net Cash Used In Operating Activities	\$	(13,331)	<u>\$</u>	(190,195)	\$	(203,526)	\$	(471,671)

Noncash Investing Activities:

The net decrease in the fair value of investments in the Water Pollution Control Authority Fund was \$71,605 for the year.

Noncash Capital Financing Activities:

Capital assets of \$139,797 were acquired in the Transfer Station Fund through a contribution from the General Fund.

TOWN OF WILTON, CONNECTICUT

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2012

ASSETS		Agency Fund		Trust Funds	
Cash and Equivalents	\$	502,937	\$	422,245	
Investments, at fair value - Mutual funds		-		74,000,561	
Accounts Receivable				78,920	
Total Assets	·	502,937		74,501,726	
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Student activity funds Total Liabilities		502,937 502,937		430,610	
NET ASSETS Held in Trust for Pension Benefits (Schedules of funding progress for the plans are presented in the Required Supplementary Information)	<u>\$</u>	_	\$	74,071,116	

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS TRUST FUNDS JUNE 30, 2012

ADDITIONS Contributions: Employer Plan members	\$ 4,819,155 1,687,082
Total Contributions	6,506,237
Investment Income: Net change in fair value of investments Interest and dividends	(1,603,632) 1,917,872
	314,240
Less - Investment management fees	98,460
Net Investment Income	215,780
Total Additions	6,722,017
DEDUCTIONS Pension benefits Administration	3,200,637 2,260
Total Deductions	3,202,897
Change in Net Assets	3,519,120
Net Assets - Beginning of Year	70,551,996
Net Assets - End of Year	\$ 74,071,116



Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Town of Wilton, Connecticut ("Town") was incorporated as a Town in 1802. The Town operates under a Board of Selectmen, Board of Finance and Town Meeting form of government and provides a full range of services including public safety, roads, sanitation, health, social services, culture and recreation, education, planning, zoning and general administrative services to its residents.

The accounting policies of the Town conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the Town's more significant accounting policies:

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The financial reporting entity consists of: a) the primary government, which is the Town; b) organizations for which the Town is financially accountable and c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the Town are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete as set forth by GASB.

In evaluating how to define the Town, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the Town's reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth by GASB, including legal standing, fiscal dependency and financial accountability. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no other entities which would be included in the financial statements.

B. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) report information on all non-fiduciary activities of the Town as a whole. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements, except for interfund services provided and used. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Assets presents the financial position of the Town at the end of its fiscal year. The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods or services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment and (3) interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Taxes and other items not identified as program revenues are reported as general revenues. The Town does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the Statement of Activities.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operation. The principal operating revenues of the Enterprise funds and the Internal Service fund are charges to customers for services. Operating expenses for the Enterprise funds and the Internal Service fund include the cost of services, administrative expenses, depreciation costs and benefit costs. All revenues and expenses not meeting the definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

C. Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the Town are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts which comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balances/net assets, revenues and expenditures/expenses. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance related legal and contractual provisions. The Town maintains the minimum number of funds consistent with legal and managerial requirements. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds as that term is defined in professional pronouncements. Each major fund is to be presented in a separate column, with nonmajor funds, if any, aggregated and presented in a single column. The Town maintains proprietary and fiduciary funds, which are reported by type. Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements' governmental activities column, a reconciliation is presented on the pages following, which briefly explains the adjustments necessary to transform the fund based financial statements into the governmental activities column of the government-wide presentation. resources are reflected in the fund financial statements in three broad fund categories, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as follows:

Fund Categories

a. <u>Governmental Funds</u> - Governmental funds are those through which most general government functions are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of expendable financial resources and the related liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds. The Town reports the following major governmental fund -

General Fund - The General Fund constitutes the primary operating fund of the Town and is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

The Town also reports the following non-major governmental funds.

Special Revenue Funds - Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to

expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The non-major special revenue funds of the Town are as follows:

Ambulance Fund - The Ambulance Fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures of operating the Town's ambulance service. The Town ceased control of these operations on December 31, 2011 and transferred control and the resources to a third party provider at that time.

Educational Entitlement Grants Fund - The Educational Entitlement Grants Fund is used to account for the expenditure of State and Federal grants received for a variety of school programs.

School Lunch Fund - The School Lunch Fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures for the operation of the school cafeterias.

Summer School Fund - The Summer School Fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures for the summer school programs.

Continuing Education Fund - The Continuing Education Fund was established to account for the revenues and expenditures for the adult continuing education programs.

Forfeited Property Fund - The Forfeited Property Fund is used to account for the cash receipts and disbursements of Federal and State drug asset forfeiture funds.

Other Grants Fund - The Other Grants Fund is used to account for funds related to grant programs not accounted for in another fund.

Selectman's Benevolent Fund - The Selectman's Benevolent Fund is used at the discretion of the Board of Selectman.

Recreation Fund - The Recreation Fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures of the Town's park and recreation self-sustaining programs.

Gift Fund - The Gift Fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures of gifts to the Town for a variety of uses.

Capital Projects Funds - The Capital Projects funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets, other than those financed by proprietary funds. The following are the Town's non-major capital projects funds:

Debt Issuance 1998 through 2009 funds - The Debt Issuance 1998 through 2009 funds were established to account for the receipt of bond proceeds and the expenditures for Town projects including but not limited to: school renovation and expansion projects, open space purchases, purchases of fire

trucks, Ambler Farm, high school athletic fields renovation and other Town capital projects.

Debt Service Fund - The Debt Service Fund is used to account for and report the financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest and for financial resources that are being accumulated for principal and interest maturing in future years in connection with special assessments for water connections to homes and businesses.

- Proprietary Funds Proprietary funds include enterprise and internal service funds. b. Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private enterprises or where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred and/or net income is necessary for management accountability. Enterprise funds are used to account for those operations that provide services to the public. Internal Service funds account for operations that provide services to other departments or agencies of the government, or to other governments, on a cost reimbursement basis. The operations of the Water Pollution Control Authority are recorded as a major enterprise fund. The operation of the Transfer Station is recorded as a non-major Enterprise fund. The Town has established the Medical Fund and the Workers' Compensation Fund as Internal Service funds. The Town applies all applicable Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") guidance issued prior to November 30, 1989 in accounting and reporting for its enterprise operations that do not conflict with or contradict GASB guidance. The Town has elected not to follow subsequent private sector guidance.
- Fiduciary Funds (Not Included in Government-Wide Financial Statements) The C. Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the Town in an agency capacity on behalf of others. These include Pension Trust and Agency funds. The Pension Trust Funds are provided to account for the activities of the Town's defined benefit pension plans and the Other Post Employment Benefit Trust Fund, which accumulate resources for pension and health benefit payments to qualified The Pension Trust Funds and the Other Post employees upon retirement. Employment Benefit Trust Fund are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Employee contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions to the plan are recognized when due and the Town has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Administrative costs are financed through investment earnings. Benefits and refunds of the Pension Trust Funds and other postemployment defined benefit plans are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plans. The Agency Fund is primarily utilized to account for monies held as custodian for outside student groups.

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources (current assets less current liabilities) or

economic resources (all assets and liabilities). The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial reports.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary funds. The Agency Fund has no measurement focus and utilizes the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Property taxes and certain other revenues are considered to be available if collected within sixty days of the fiscal year end. Property taxes associated with the current fiscal period, as well as charges for services and intergovernmental revenues are considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Fees and other similar revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. If expenditures are the prime factor for determining eligibility, revenues from Federal and State grants are accrued when the expenditure is made. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, other post employment benefit obligations and certain claims payable are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

E. Assets and Liabilities

Deposits and Investments

Cash and Equivalents - Cash and equivalents consist of funds deposited in demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts, certificates of deposit, money market funds, State of Connecticut Treasurer's Short-Term Investment Fund, Cooperative Liquid Assets Securities System Fund, Tax Exempt Proceeds Funds and treasury bills with original maturities of less than three months.

Investments - The investment policies of the Town conform to the policies as set forth by the State of Connecticut. The Town policy allows investments in the following: (1) obligations of the United States and its agencies; (2) highly rated obligations of any state of the United States or of any political subdivision, authority or agency thereof; and (3) shares or other interests in custodial arrangements or pools maintaining constant net asset values and in highly rated no-load open end money market and mutual funds (with constant or fluctuating net asset values) whose portfolios are limited to obligations of the United States and its agencies, and repurchase agreements fully collateralized by such obligations. The Statutes (Sections 3-24f and 3-27f) also provide for investment in shares of the Connecticut Short-Term Investment Fund and the Tax Exempt Proceeds Fund.

Investments are stated at fair value, based on quoted market prices.

The pension funds allow for investments in a target range of 45%-65% in equity investments, 35%-55% in fixed income and cash equivalents and no more than 20% in non-U.S. investments.

Taxes Receivable - Property taxes are assessed as of October 1st, levied on the following July 1st, and billed and due in two installments, July 1st and January 1st. Liens are filed on June 1st following the due date.

Other Receivables - Other receivables include amounts due from other governments and individuals for services provided by the Town. Receivables are recorded and revenues recognized as earned or as specific program expenditures/expenses are incurred. Allowances are recorded when appropriate.

Due From/To Other Funds - During the course of its operations, the Town has numerous transactions between funds to finance operations, provide services and construct assets. To the extent that certain transactions between funds had not been paid or received as of June 30, 2012, balances of interfund amounts receivable or payable have been recorded in the fund financial statements. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as internal balances.

Prepaid Expenses/Expenditures - Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaid expenses/expenditures consist of costs which have been satisfied prior to the end of the fiscal year, but represent items which have been provided for in the subsequent year's budget and/or will benefit such periods. Reported amounts in governmental funds are equally offset by nonspendable fund balance, in the fund financial statements, which indicates that these amounts do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of current assets.

Inventories - Inventories in the governmental funds are valued at cost on a first-in, first-out basis, and consist of certain expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost is recorded as inventory at the time individual items are purchased. The Town uses the consumption method to relieve inventory. In the fund financial statements, reported amounts are equally offset by nonspendable fund balance in governmental funds, which indicates that they do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of current assets. Purchases of other inventoriable items are recorded as expenditures/expenses at the time of purchase and year-end balances are not material.

Deferred Charges - Deferred charges in the government-wide financial statements represent the unamortized portion of the cost of issuance of bonds. These costs are being amortized over the term of the respective bond issue.

Capital Assets - Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial

statements and enterprise fund financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Town as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Purchased and constructed assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

In the case of the initial capitalization of general infrastructure assets (i.e., those reported by governmental activities), the Town chose to include all such items regardless of their acquisition date or amount. The Town was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of these assets through back trending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the infrastructure to be capitalized and used an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year).

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred, net of interest earned on specific project related debt, during the construction phase of capital assets of enterprise funds is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Land and construction-in-progress are not depreciated. Property, plant, equipment and infrastructure of the Town are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives.

Assets	Years
Buildings and improvements	40-50
Infrastructure	20-75
Machinery and equipment	5-20

The costs associated with the acquisition or construction of capital assets are shown as capital outlay expenditures on the governmental fund financial statements. Capital assets are not shown on the governmental fund balance sheet.

Unearned/Deferred Revenues - Unearned/deferred revenues arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. In the government-wide financial statements, unearned revenues consist of revenue received in advance and/or amounts from grants received before the eligibility requirements have been met. Deferred revenues in the fund financial statements are those where asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Such amounts in the fund financial statements have been deemed to be measurable but not "available" pursuant to generally accepted accounting principles.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of unearned revenues and deferred revenues were as follows:

	Unearned Revenues		Deferred Revenues
General Fund: Real property taxes School construction Grant drawdowns prior to meeting all	\$ -	\$	1,718,234 794,147
eligibility requirements	 215,444 215,444		2,512,381
Non-Major Governmental Funds:	 	-	
Educational entitlement grants	49,792		-
Other grants programs	55,500		_
Recreation	135,439 6,395		-
Gift Debt service	 -	•	23,725
	 247,126		23,725
Total Governmental Funds	\$ 462,570	\$	2,536,106

Long-Term Liabilities - In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, and debt payments, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Compensated Absences - Town employees accumulate vacation and sick leave hours for subsequent use or for payment upon termination or retirement. Vacation and sick leave expenses to be paid in future periods are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if the liability has matured through employee resignation or retirement.

Net Assets - Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Town or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net assets on the Statement of

Net Assets include, invested in capital assets, net of related debt and restricted for debt service. The balance is classified as unrestricted.

Fund Balances - Generally, fund balance represents the difference between current assets and current liabilities. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the Town is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Under this standard, the fund balance classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term receivables) or they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (the corpus of a permanent fund).

Restricted fund balance is to be reported when constraints placed on the use of the resources are imposed by grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through enabling legislation. Enabling legislation includes a legally enforceable requirement that these resources be used only for the specific purposes as provided in the legislation. This fund balance classification will be used to report funds that are restricted for capital construction and debt service obligations and for other items contained in the Connecticut statutes.

Committed fund balance will be reported for amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to formal action of the Town's highest level of decision making authority. The Board of Finance is the highest level of decision making authority that can commit fund balance. These funds may only be used for the purpose specified unless the entity removes or changes the purpose by taking the same action that was used to establish the commitment.

Assigned fund balance, in the General Fund, will represent amounts constrained either by the Board of Finance (for amounts assigned for continuing appropriations, assessment appeals or for balancing the subsequent year's budget) or the Chief Financial Officer (for amounts assigned to satisfy purchases on order). An assignment cannot result in a deficit in the unassigned fund balance in the General Fund. Assigned fund balance in all other governmental funds represents any positive remaining amount after classifying nonspendable, restricted or committed fund balance amounts.

Unassigned fund balance, in the General Fund, represents amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned. The General Fund is the only fund that would report a positive amount in unassigned fund balance. For all governmental funds other than the General Fund, unassigned fund balance would necessarily be negative, since the fund's liabilities, together with amounts already classified as nonspendable, restricted and committed would exceed the fund's assets.

When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the Town's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, the Town considers that committed amounts would be reduced first, followed by

assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of these unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

F. Encumbrances

In governmental funds, encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded is generally employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration and encumbrances outstanding at fiscal year end in the General Fund are reported as a commitment or assignment of fund balance.

The Town Charter stipulates that every appropriation shall lapse at the end of the fiscal year if such appropriation is not expended or encumbered, except for continuing appropriations for capital and nonrecurring expenditures. Continuing appropriations are reflected in the accompanying financial statements as assigned fund balance.

G. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

H. Subsequent Events Evaluation by Management

Management has evaluated subsequent events for disclosure and/or recognition in the financial statements through the date that the financial statements were available to be issued, which date is December 14, 2012.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

A. Budgetary Data

Governmental revenues and expenditures accounted for in the General Fund are controlled by formal integrated budgetary accounting systems in accordance with various legal requirements which govern the Town's operations. The Town does not adopt legal budgets for Special Revenue, Debt Service, Capital Projects, Enterprise and Trust funds.

Accordingly, the budget and actual expenditure comparisons are only presented for the General Fund. Due to the various funding requirements, expenditures of the Capital Projects Funds require appropriation through a Town Meeting.

The Board of Selectmen and the Board of Finance has established legal control of the budget at the department level of expenditures. The Board of Selectmen or the Board of Finance is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments: however, any revisions that otherwise alter the total appropriations, from the budgeted Charter authority, must be approved

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (Continued)

by the Board of Finance. Requests in excess of 1% of the aggregate Town budget must be approved by a Town Meeting. Total appropriations as originally adopted were increased by approximately \$2.13 million during the year ended June 30, 2012.

Any portion of an annual capital and nonrecurring appropriation, for any uncompleted projects, remaining unexpended and unencumbered at the close of the fiscal year is continued in force for two succeeding fiscal years. There were \$1,188,536 appropriations continued in force as of June 30, 2012.

Classifications of certain revenues and expenditures under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") differ from classifications utilized for budgetary purposes. A reconciliation of revenues and other financing sources of the General Fund, as presented in accordance with GAAP, and revenues and other financing sources presented on the budgetary basis, is as follows:

Revenues and other financing sources, budgetary basis	\$ 112,073,077
Education excess cost grant revenue presented as a reduction of education expenditures for budgetary purposes	1,013,617
On-behalf payments, paid directly by the State of Connecticut to the Teachers' Retirement System, not recognized for budgetary purposes	6,967,000
Capital Lease Proceeds	 412,019
Revenues and other financing sources, GAAP basis	\$ 120,465,713

A reconciliation of expenditures and other financing uses of the General Fund presented in accordance with GAAP and expenditures, encumbrances and other financing uses presented on the budgetary basis is as follows:

Expenditures, encumbrances and other financing uses, budgetary basis	\$ 109,860,858
Education excess cost grant revenue presented as a reduction of education expenditures for budgetary purposes	1,013,617
On-behalf payments, paid directly by the State of Connecticut to the Teachers' Retirement System not recognized for budgetary purposes	6,967,000
Purchased equipment under capital leases	412,019
Encumbrances and continued appropriations: June 30, 2012 June 30, 2011	 (645,527) 601,253
Expenditures and other financing uses, GAAP basis	\$ 118,209,220

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (Continued)

B. Expenditures in Excess of Budget

The following expenditure categories within the General Fund exceeded their budgetary provision by the amounts indicated:

General Government: Town Counsel Comstock Community Center	\$ 10,045 35,549
Public Safety: Fire and Emergency Service Georgetown Fire District	49,067 5,125
Recreation and Parks Commission - Parks and Recreation	9,675

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Deposits and Investments

Cash and investments of the Town consist of the following at June 30, 2012:

\$ 31,650,403 477,215 79,299
\$ 32,206,917
\$ 2,228,313 19,902,980 59,622,787 744,950
82,499,030
\$ 114,705,947
\$

Cash and investments are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Assets Cash and equivalents Investments	\$ 31,281,735 8,498,469
Total Governmental and Business Type Activities	39,780,204
Fiduciary Funds Cash and equivalents Investments	925,182 74,000,561
Total Agency and Trust Funds	74,925,743
Total Cash and Equivalents and Investments	\$ 114,705,947

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits - Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Town's deposits may not be returned to it. The Town does not have a policy for deposits. The Town also does not have a custodial credit risk policy. However, as a practice, the Town follows State statutes. The State of Connecticut requires that each depository maintain segregated collateral in an amount equal to a defined percentage of its public deposits based upon the bank's risk-based capital ratio. As of June 30, 2012, \$3,882,168 of the Town's bank balance of \$34,683,929 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows -

Uninsured and uncollateralized \$ 3,882,168

Interest Rate Risk - This is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The Town does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The Town's policy is to limit its exposure to fair value losses arising from changes in interest rates by structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity and investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities, money market mutual funds or similar investment pools.

Credit Risk - Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of a debt type investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized rating organization. U.S. government obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government are not considered to have credit risk exposure. State statutes limit the investment options of Towns.

Information about the exposure of the Town's debt type instruments to interest rate risk as well as the ratings for each debt type investment is as follows:

		Investment Maturities (in Years)			
	Credit	Fair	Less Than	1-5	6-10
Type of Investment	Rating	Value	1 Year	<u>Years</u>	Years
Cash and Equivalents - Pooled Fixed Income: State of Connecticut Short-Term Investment Fund	AAAm	\$ 477,215	\$ 477,215	\$ -	\$ -
Cooperative Liquid Assets Securities System	AAAm	79,299	79,299		
Total Pooled Fixed Income		\$ 556,514	\$ 556,514	\$ -	\$
Investments - Bond Mutual Funds	**	19,902,980	\$ <u> </u>	\$ 10,252,529	\$ 9,650,451
Other Investments: Certificates of Deposits Equity Mutual Funds Money market Mutual Funds	** ** ** ·	2,228,313 59,622,787 744,950			
Total Investments		\$ 82,499,030			

^{** -} Unrated

Concentration of Credit Risk - The Town does not have a policy that limits the amounts invested in any one issuer. However, the Town's practice is to maintain a diversified portfolio to minimize the risk of loss resulting from over concentration of assets in a specific issuer.

B. Taxes Receivable

Taxes receivable at June 30, 2012 consisted of the following:

Property taxes - Current	\$ 884,820
Property taxes - Delinquent	1,042,499
Property taxes - Interest, liens and suspense	 425,055
Allowance for uncollectible amounts	 2,352,374 (383,775)
	\$ 1.968.599

Taxes receivable in the fund financial statements are also partially offset by deferred tax revenues of \$1,718,234, which represents an estimate of the taxes receivable which will not be collected within the first sixty days of the subsequent year.

C. Due From/To Other Funds

The balances reflected as due from/to other funds at June 30, 2012 were as follows:

Fund	Due From		Due To	
General Non-Major Governmental	\$	338,450 187,445	\$	534,276 313,707
Enterprise Funds: Water Pollution Control Authority Transfer Station		39,757 4,394		3,505 60,935
Internal Service Fund - Workers' Compensation		342,377		-
	\$	912,423	\$	912,423

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that 1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur; 2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system; and 3) payments between funds are made.

D. Capital Assets

Changes in the Town's capital assets are as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2011		Additions		Deletions_	J	Balance une 30, 2012
Governmental Activities: Capital Assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction-in-progress	\$ 22,416,393 1,941,044	\$	99,393	\$	165,000 440,569	\$	22,251,393 1,599,868
Total Capital Assets, not being depreciated	\$ 24,357,437	<u>\$</u>	99,393	\$	605,569	\$	23,851,261
Capital Assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Infrastructure	\$ 147,727,118 12,186,294 37,813,153	\$	893,139 1,451,973	\$	135,722 584,973	\$	148,484,535 13,053,294 37,813,153
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated	 197,726,565	_	2,345,112	-	720,695		199,350,982
Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Infrastructure	 47,755,732 8,110,105 11,141,266	سبيب	2,853,331 1,461,917 511,050		135,722 445,176		50,473,341 9,126,846 11,652,316
Total Accumulated Depreciation	 67,007,103		4,826,298		580,898		71,252,503
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated, net	 130,719,462		(2,481,186)		139,797		128,098,479
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, net	\$ 155,076,899	<u>\$</u>	(2,381,793)	<u>\$</u>	745,366	\$	151,949,740

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) JUNE 30, 2012

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

	Balance July 1, 2011	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2012
Business-type Activities: Capital Assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction-in-progress	\$ 82,290 	\$ - 125,521	\$ - -	\$ 82,290 125,521
Total Capital Assets, not being depreciated	\$ 82,290	\$ 125,521	\$ -	\$ 207,811
Capital Assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Infrastructure	\$ 193,282 501,650 7,945,065	\$ - 139,797 	\$ - - -	\$ 193,282 641,447 7,945,065
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated	8,639,997	139,797	-	8,779,794
Less Accumulated Depreciated for: Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Infrastructure	193,282 410,868 5,960,886	26,397 176,548	-	193,282 437,265 6,137,434
Total Accumulated Depreciation	6,565,036	202,945		6,767,981
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated, net	2,074,961	(63,148)		2,011,813
Business-type Activities Capital Assets, net	\$ 2,157,251	\$ 62,373	<u>\$</u>	\$ 2,219,624

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:		
General Government	\$	713,898
Public Safety		559,630
Public Works		252,209
Other		3,629
Recreation and Parks Commission		247,656
Education		3,049,276
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$	4,826,298
Business-type Activities:		
Water Pollution Control Authority	\$	179,093
Transfer Station	•	23,852
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-type Activities	\$	202,945

E. Single Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan

The Town is an administrator of a single employer defined benefit pension plan (the "Plan") which covers substantially all full-time employees of the Town, other than members of the Teamsters Union, certified teachers and other Board of Education personnel, who participate in a contributory retirement plan administered by the State Teachers' Retirement Board.

The table below provides details of the various provisions for the three categories of employees covered by the Plan.

Provisions	Police	Firefighters	Other Employees
Plan Eligibility Requirements	Every policeman of the Town upon first day of hire by the Town, who is a member of Wilton Police Union Local 1429 or who is a nonunion sworn officer.	Every firefighter of the Town who is a member of Local 2233, International Association of Firefighters, AFL-CIO, and the Fire Chief and Deputy Fire Chief upon first day of hire.	 All other Town employees upon the first day of hire, except those who fall into any of the following categories: are members of the Police and Fire Plan Parts or are members of the Teamsters Union. are customarily employed by the Town for less than 20 hours in any one week. are customarily employed by the Town for less than five months in any calendar year. are covered by any other non-governmental retirement plan to which the Town has contributed. are covered by any retirement plan maintained wholly or partially by State funds. AFSCME Local 1303-160 and non-union employees hired after June 30, 2007. hold an elective office, unless they were members of the Plan immediately prior to holding elective office, and, for the period on and after January 1, 2006, unless they were persons whose paid employment results from holding an elective office other than First Selectman (regardless of whether the elected official had been a Member of Part III of the Plan prior to becoming an elected official).
Vesting	Vested 100% upon ten (10) years of credited service.	Vested 100% upon ten (10) years of credited service.	Vested 100% upon ten (10) years o continuous service.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Provisions	Police	Firefighters	Other Employees			
Retirement Benefit Calculation	Calculated as 2.5% of average annual salary for each year of credited service. Average annual salary is defined as the highest consecutive three (3) year average compensation within the last ten (10) years preceding retirement. The maximum benefit is 73% of average annual salary or maximum 29.2 years of credited services.	Calculated as 2.0% of average annual salary for each year of credited service through September 30, 1979 plus 2.5% of average annual salary for each year of credited service thereafter. Average annual salary is defined as the highest consecutive three (3) years average base contributable compensation within the last ten (10) years preceding retirement. Effective July 1, 2002, base contributable compensation includes holiday pay. Effective July 1, 2003, base contributable compensation includes holiday and longevity pay. Effective July 1, 2008, base contributable compensation includes holiday and longevity pay and EMT stipend. The maximum benefit is 67.5% of average annual salary. Effective July 1, 2002, the maximum benefit is 71.25% of average annual salary.	Calculated as 2.0% of average annual salary for each year of credited service. Average annual salary is defined as the highest consecutive four (4) year average compensation within the last ten (10) years preceding retirement. Effective July 1, 2002, calculated as 2.25% of average annual salary for each year of credited service for all Town and library members. Effective July 1, 2006, calculated as 2.25% of average annual salary for each year of credited service for Board of Education discretionary employees and WAEFCA members. The maximum benefit is 60.0% of average annual salary or maximum 30 years of credited service. Effective July 1, 2002, the maximum benefit is 67.5% for all Town and library members, and effective July 1, 2006, the maximum benefit is 67.5% for Board of Education employees and WAEFCA members.			
Employee Contribution Obligations	7.75% of compensation. Periodic contributions at actuarially determined rates using the "projected unit credit method".	9.25% of compensation effective July 1, 2011. Periodic contributions at actuarially determined rates using the "projected unit credit method".	6.0% of compensation for all but Board of Education custodians, who contribute 3.5% of compensation. Board of Education custodians hired after July 1, 2010 are no longer eligible to participate. Periodic contributions at actuarially determined rates using the "projected unit credit method" for all but Board of Education custodians.			
Authority Under Which Obligations are Established	Obligations are established periodically through a collective bargaining agreement.	Obligations are established periodically through a collective bargaining agreement.	Obligations are established periodically through a collective bargaining agreement for those employees covered by such agreements. For non-union employees, obligations are established by the Plan which may be amended only by the Board of Selectmen and those entities to which the Board of Selectmen may affirmatively delegate their amendment authority.			

Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Asset

Annual Required Contribution Interest on Net Pension Obligation Adjustment to Annual Required Contribution	\$ 3,383,205 (192,889) 201,666
Annual Pension Cost Contributions Made	 3,391,982 (4,058,322)
Increase in Net Pension Asset Net Pension Asset, Beginning of Year	 666,340 2,538,015
Net Pension Asset, End of Year	\$ 3,204,355

The annual required contribution for the current year was determined as part of the July 1, 2011 actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method. The amortization method is the level dollar basis with a 30 year amortization period. The actuarial assumptions include a 7.6% investment rate of return, projected salary increases of 4% per year, inflation increases of 3.5%, cost of living adjustments of 2.5% and the utilization of the UP94 projected to 2021 annuity mortality tables. The actuarial value of assets was determined using a 5 year smoothed market value method.

The net pension asset, the cumulative difference between the annual pension cost and the Town's contributions to the plan since 1986, is calculated on an actuarial basis consistent with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 27 and is recognized in the government-wide statements. Expenditures are recognized when they are paid or are expected to be paid with current available resources.

The Board of Trustees of each plan establishes and may amend the contribution requirements of plan members and the Town. The Town funds the contributions to its pension plans based on the actuarial required contribution.

Separate financial statements are not issued for the Plan.

Current membership in the Plan is comprised of the following at June 30, 2012:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits Active plan members Terminated plan members entitled to,	141 370
but not yet receiving benefits	53
Total	564_

The Town's annual pension cost, the percentage of annual pension costs contributed to the Plan and the net pension asset for the current and the two preceding years is as follows:

	 Annual Pension Cost	Percentage of Pension Cost Contribut	on	 Net Pension Asset			
2012 2011 2010	\$ 3,391,982 3,137,222 2,758,402	119.6 114.8 133.0	%	\$ (3,204,355) (2,538,015) (2,074,956)			

The schedule of funding progress for the Plan is as follows at June 30, 2012:

	Actuarial		Unfunded			Unfunded Liability as a
		Actuarial Accrued Liability	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	Percentage of Covered Payroll	
July 1, 2011	\$ 67,773,544	\$ 80,728,579	\$ (12,955,035)	84.0 %	\$ 19,012,434	68.1 %
July 1, 2010	62,749,422	74,982,330	(12,232,908)	83.7	19,074,084	64.1
July 1, 2009	59,617,503	69,666,174	(10,048,671)	85.6	18,868,063	53.3

The schedule of funding progress for the defined benefit pension plan immediately following the notes to financial statements presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of the plan assets is increasing or decreasing relative to the actuarial accrued liability for the benefits over time.

The following schedule presents the net assets held in trust for pension benefits and OPEB at June 30, 2012 and the changes in net assets for the year then ended.

	Trust Funds									
	Pension OPEB									
	Trust	Trust	Total							
	Fund	Fund	Trust Funds							
ASSETS										
Cash and equivalents	\$ -	\$ 422,245	\$ 422,245							
Investments, at fair value -										
Mutual funds	71,732,217	2,268,344	74,000,561							
Accounts receivable	37,488	41,432	78,920							
Total Assets	71,769,705	2,732,021	74,501,726							
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable	32,614	397,996	430,610							
NET ASSETS										
Held in Trust for Pension Benefits	\$ 71,737,091	\$ 2,334,025	\$ 74,071,116							

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

	Trust Funds								
	Pension Trust Fund	OPEB Trust Fund	Total Trust Funds						
ADDITIONS									
Contributions: Employer contribution Employee/retiree contributions	\$ 4,058,322 1,186,398	\$ 760,833 500,684	\$ 4,819,155 1,687,082						
Total Contributions	5,244,720	1,261,517	6,506,237						
Investment Income: Net change in fair value of investments Interest and dividends	(1,276,490) 1,854,095	(327,142) 63,777	(1,603,632) 1,917,872						
	577,605	(263,365)	314,240						
Less investment expenses - Investment management fees	98,460	-	98,460						
Net Investment Income	479,145	(263,365)	215,780						
Total Additions	5,723,865	998,152	6,722,017						
DEDUCTIONS Benefits Administration	2,221,789 	978,848 2,260	3,200,637 2,260						
Total Deductions	2,221,789	981,108	3,202,897						
Change in Net Assets	3,502,076	17,044	3,519,120						
Net Assets Held in Trust for Pension Benefits - Beginning of Year	68,235,015	2,316,981	70,551,996						
Net Assets Held in Trust for Pension Benefits - End of Year	\$ 71,737,091	\$ 2,334,025	\$ 74,071,116						

F. Pension Plan - Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System

The faculty and professional personnel of the Board of Education participate in a contributory defined benefit plan, established under Chapter 167-a of the General Statutes of Connecticut, which is administered by the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement Board. A teacher is eligible to receive normal retirement benefits if he or she has attained age sixty and has accumulated twenty years of credited service in the public schools of Connecticut or has attained any age and has accumulated thirty-five years of credited service, at least twenty-five of which are service in the public schools of Connecticut. The State of Connecticut Teachers' Retirement System is considered to be a part of the State of Connecticut financial reporting entity and is included in the State's financial reports as a pension trust fund. Those reports may be

obtained by writing to the State of Connecticut, Office of the State Comptroller, 55 Elm Street, Hartford, Connecticut 06106.

Certain part-time and full-time certified teachers are eligible to participate in the plan and are required to contribute 7.25% of their annual earnings to the plan. The Town does not, and is not legally required to, contribute to the plan.

The State of Connecticut contributes based on actuarially determined amounts. The funding level is determined based on an actuarial valuation of the plan as a whole, which does not provide actuarial information on an individual City/Town basis.

In addition, the Town has recognized revenues and expenditures for on-behalf payments for pension contributions paid directly to the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System by the State of Connecticut. Such on-behalf payments were approximately \$6,967,000 for the year ended June 30, 2012.

G. Defined Contribution Pension Plan

Beginning in 2008, the Town provided pension benefits for all full-time Town employees hired after July 1, 2007, except members of the Police Department and Fire Department, through a single employer, contributory, defined contribution pension plan ("Plan"). In a defined contribution pension plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the Plan plus investment earnings. Employees are eligible to participate in the Plan upon employment. Any participant who has attained his normal retirement date and required years of credited service is eligible for a normal retirement benefit. The normal retirement date for participating employees is attained at age 65.

The Plan requires the Town to contribute an amount equal to 9% of the employee's annual salary. Employees are required to contribute 5% of their annual salary. The Town's contributions for each employee (and interest allocated to the employee's account) are vested as follows:

Years of	Vesting
Credited Service	Percentage
Under 5	0%
5	100%

Loans are not permitted under the Plan.

The Town's total current year-end covered payroll for the 2012 fiscal year was approximately \$737,000. Town contributions amounted to \$66,319. Employees contributed \$36,843 to the Plan. Contributions made by the Town and its employees represent 9% and 5%, respectively, of covered payroll for the year.

The assets for the plan are held by ICMA Retirement Corporation. The balance held by the plan amounted to approximately \$346,000 at June 30, 2012 and is not reflected in the accompanying financial statements of the Town, as the Town's role in the administration of the Plan is limited.

H. Long-Term Liabilities

The following table summarizes changes in the Town's long-term indebtedness for the year ended June 30, 2012:

	Balance, July 1, 2011	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2012	Due Within One Year		
Governmental Activities: General obligation bonds	\$ 65,777,897	\$ 9,845,000	\$ 15,983,948	\$ 59,638,949	\$ 6,643,949		
Plus - Deferred amounts on refunding bonds	462,591	92,399	54,959	500,031	-		
	66,240,488	9,937,399	16,038,907	60,138,980	6,643,949		
Capital leases	301,430	412,019	350,429	363,020	216,184		
Other Non-Current Liabilities: Compensated absences	3,113,586	1,060,853	310,000	3,864,439	386,000		
Other post employment benefit obligations payable Claims payable	2,116,147	760,833 15,006,041	760,833 15,030,862	2,091,326	1,081,310		
Total Other Non-Current Liabilities	5,229,733	16,827,727	16,101,695	5,955,765	1,467,310		
Governmental Activities Long- Term Liabilities	\$ 71,771,651	\$ 27,177,145	\$ 32,491,031	\$ 66,457,765	\$ 8,327,443		
Business-Type Activities: General obligation bonds	\$ 12,103	\$ -	\$ 6,052	\$ 6,051	\$ 6,051		
Compensated absences	9,886		3,642	6,244	600		
Business-Type Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 21,989	<u>\$</u>	\$ 9,694	\$ 12,295	\$ 6,651		

Governmental fund liabilities for bonds are liquidated by the General Fund. Each governmental funds liability for capital leases, compensated absences, other post employment benefit obligations and claims are liquidated by the respective fund, primarily the General Fund.

General Obligation Bonds

General obligation bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2012 consisted of the following:

Governmental Activitie	(Amount Outstanding				
Purpose	Year of Issue	Original Issue Amount	Final Maturity	Interest Rates		at June 30, 2012
ruipose	13340	 7 tillourit	waterity			
Public Improvements	1995	\$ 3,470,000	2013	5.65 %	\$	193,949
Public Improvements	1997	3,060,000	2014	4.80		395,000
Public Improvements	1998	26,690,000	2018	4.60 - 4.70		8,930,000
Public Improvements	1999	15,645,000	2019	4.85 - 5.00		6,300,000
Public Improvements	2000	9,600,000	2020	5.00 - 5.25		4,280,000
Public Improvements	2004	555,000	2014	3.30		555,000
Public Improvements	2005	720,000	2015	3.65 - 4.00		720,000
Public Improvements	2006	950,000	2016	3.75 - 4.00		950,000
Public Improvements	2007	1,750,000	2021	3.75 - 4.00		1,750,000
Public Improvements	2009	4,500,000	2025	2.00 - 4.00		4,500,000
Refunding Bonds	2009	12,495,000	2022	5.00		9,415,000
Public Improvements	2010	12,250,000	2030	2.00 - 4.00		11,805,000
Refunding Bonds	2012	9,845,000	2025	2.00 - 4.00		9,845,000
					\$	59,638,949

Business-Type Activities: Purpose	Year of Issue	Original Issue Amount	Final Maturity	Interest Rates	Amount Outstanding at June 30, 2012		
Allocated portion of \$3,470,000 Public improvement bonds	1996	\$ 3,470,000	2013	5.65 %	\$ 6,051		

School Bond Reimbursements

The State of Connecticut reimburses the Town for eligible school bond principal and interest costs. The amount of reimbursement for the year ended June 30, 2012 was \$245,478. Additional reimbursements of principal and interest aggregating approximately \$901,000 are expected to be received through the bonds' maturity dates.

Capital Leases Payable

Property and equipment carried at approximately \$2,403,000 with approximately \$2,028,000 in accumulated depreciation, in the governmental and business-type activities, is being acquired under capital lease arrangements.

The Town's capital lease obligation at June 30, 2012 is as follows:

	(Capital
2013 2014 2015 Less - Interest	\$	223,642 113,596 35,610 (9,828)
Present Value of Minimum Payments	\$	363,020

Payments to Maturity

The annual requirements to amortize all general obligation bonds and capital leases outstanding as of June 30, 2012, including interest payments of \$13,038,178 as follows:

Year Ending		Government General Obl	 	Business-Type Activities - General Obligation Bonds					Total						
June 30,		Principal	 Interest	Principal		Principal Interest		Principal		Interest		<u>Principal</u>		Interest	
2013	\$	6,643,949	\$ 2,292,598	\$	6,051	\$	363	\$	216,184	\$	7,458	\$	6,866,184	\$	2,300,419
2014	•	6.490.000	2,022,054	•	· -		-		111,463		2,133		6,601,463		2,024,187
2015		6,330,000	1.760,713		_				35,373		237		6,365,373		1,760,950
2016		6,310,000	1,506,019		-		_		_		-		6,310,000		1,506,019
2017		6.300.000	1,253,394		_		-		-		-		6,300,000		1,253,394
2018-2022		19.065.000	3.132.521		_		_		-		-		19,065,000		3,132,521
2023-2027		6.505.000	902,750		_		_		_		-		6,505,000		902,750
2028-2030		1,995,000	 157,938		_		_				_		1,995,000		157,938
	\$	59,638,949	\$ 13,027,987	\$	6,051	\$	363	\$	363,020	\$	9,828	\$	60,008,020	<u>\$</u>	13,038,178

The above general obligation bonds and capital leases are direct obligations of the Town, for which its full faith and credit are pledged and are payable from taxes levied on all taxable property located within the Town.

Upon completion or cancellation of a bonded capital project, any unexpended funds will be used for any other authorized capital project after approval by the Town's Board of Finance.

Debt Limitation

The Town's statement of debt limitation under Connecticut General Statutes, Section 7-434(b) as of June 30, 2012 is as follows:

fees) for the year ended June 30, 2012	\$ 104,970,791
Reimbursement for revenue loss - Tax relief for elderly	 53,593
Base	\$ 105,024,384

Total tax collections (including interest and lien fees) for the year ended June 30, 2012

\$ 104,970,791

Reimbursement for revenue loss - Tax relief for elderly

53,593

Base \$ 105,024,384

Debt Limitation	General Purpose	Schools	Sewers	Urban Renewal	Unfunded Pension Obligation	Total
2-1/4 times BASE	\$ 236,304,864	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 236,304,864
4-1/2 times BASE	-	472,609,728	-	-	•	472,609,728
3-3/4 times BASE		-	393,841,440	•	-	393,841,440
3-1/4 times BASE	-	-	-	341,329,248	-	341,329,248
3 times BASE	• •		W-		315,073,152	315,073,152
Total Debt Limitation	236,304,864	472,609,728	393,841,440	341,329,248	315,073,152	1,759,158,432
Indebtedness:	10 642 444	20 902 426				59,446,277
Bonds Payable (1) Construction grants	19,643,141	39,803,136 (794,147)	-		-	(794,147)
Total Indebtedness	19,643,141	39,008,989			-	58,652,130
Debt Limitation in excess of outstanding and authorized debt	\$ 216,661,723	\$ 433,600,739	\$ 393,841,440	\$ 341,329,248	\$ 315,073,152	\$ 1,385,433,150

⁽¹⁾ Water bonds of \$198,723 are excluded from this calculation in accordance with Connecticut General Statutes

The Connecticut General Statutes provide the total authorized debt of the Town shall not exceed seven times the above base cash receipts, or \$735,170,688 nor shall the total authorized particular purpose debt exceed the individual debt limitations reflected in the table above.

Advance Refunding

During the 2012 fiscal year, the Town issued \$9,845,000 in general obligation bonds with interest rates ranging from 2.00% to 4.00%, depending on maturity. The proceeds were used to advance refund \$1,505,000 of outstanding 2002 public improvement general obligation bonds bearing interest at rates ranging from 3.75% to 4.375%, depending on maturity, \$2,985,000 of outstanding 2004 public improvement general obligation bonds, bearing interest at rates ranging from 3.50% to 4.25%, depending on maturity, \$1,880,000 of outstanding 2005 public improvement general obligation bonds, bearing interest at rates ranging from 3.70% to 4.05%, depending on maturity, \$1,830,000 of outstanding 2006 public improvement general obligation bonds, bearing interest at rates ranging from 3.625% to 4.00%, depending on maturity, \$990,000 of outstanding 2007 public improvement general obligation bonds, bearing interest at rates ranging from 4.00%, depending on maturity, and \$605,000 of outstanding 2009 public improvement general obligation bonds, bearing interest at rates ranging from 2.00% to 4.00%. The net proceeds of \$10,423,072 (including \$720,470 of issuance premium and after \$142,398 in underwriting fees and other issuance costs) were used to purchase U.S. Government securities. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the bonds. As a result, the 2002, 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007 and

Compensated Absences

Vacation time earned during the fiscal year can be carried over to the succeeding year, subject to limitations as provided in the respective collective bargaining agreements. Employees are entitled to accumulate sick leave up to a maximum amount stipulated in each contract. Payment for accumulated sick leave is dependent upon the length of service and accumulated days. This amount is typically paid out of the General Fund. The value of all compensated absences has been reflected in the government-wide financial statements.

Other Post Employment Benefit Obligations Payable

In addition to providing pension benefits, the Town provides certain health care benefits for retired employees through a single employer defined benefit plan. The various collective bargaining agreements stipulate the employees' covered and the percentage of contribution, if any, to the cost of healthcare benefits. Contributions by the Town may vary according to length of service. The cost of providing post-employment health care benefits is shared between the Town and the retired employee. Substantially all of the Town's employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the Town. The cost of retiree health care benefits is recognized as an expenditure as claims are paid.

The Town's annual other post employment benefit ("OPEB") cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution, ("ARC"), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. GASB Statement No. 45 establishes standards for the measurement, recognition and display of the expenses and liabilities for retirees' medical insurance. As a result, reporting of expenses and liabilities will no longer be done under the "pay-as-you-go" approach. Instead of expensing the current year premiums paid, a per capita claims cost will be determined, which will be used to determine a "normal cost", an "actuarial accrued liability", and ultimately the ARC. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed thirty years.

Actuarial valuations for OPEB plans involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. These amounts are subject to continual revision as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Calculations are based on the OPEB benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan in effect at the time of each valuation and on the pattern of sharing of costs between the employer and plan members to that point. In addition, the assumptions and projections utilized do not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations on the pattern of cost sharing between the employer and plan members in the future. The actuarial calculations of the OPEB plan reflect a long-term perspective.

The Town is required to accrue on the government-wide financial statements the amounts necessary to finance the plan as actuarially determined, which is equal to the balance not paid by plan members. The contribution requirements of plan members and the Town are established and may be amended by the Town. The assumed health care cost trend rates, representative of the future expected increases in net medical premiums are as follows:

		Health
	Year Ended	Care Cost
_	June 30,	Trend Rate
	2013	7.00 %
	2014	6.00
	2015+	5.00

The amortization basis is the level percentage of payroll method with a closed amortization approach with 26 years remaining in the amortization period. The actuarial assumptions included a 7.7% investment rate of return and a 3.0% inflation rate. The actuarial cost method utilized was the projected unit credit method.

The number of participants as of June 30, 2012 was as follows:

Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits Active plan members	49 775
Total	824
Amortization Component: Actuarial Accrued Liability as of July 1, 2010 Assets at Market Value	\$ 7,836,743 1,454,122
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability ("UAAL")	\$ 6,382,621
Funded Ratio	 18.56%
Covered Payroll (Active plan members) UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	\$ 51,872,850 12.30%
Annual Required Contribution Interest on Net OPEB Obligation Adjustment to Annual Required Contribution	\$ 760,833
Annual OPEB Cost	760,833
Contributions Made	 (760,833)
Increase in Net OPEB Obligation	-
Net OPEB Obligation - Beginning of Year	
Net OPEB Obligation - End of Year	\$ -

The Town's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan and the net OPEB obligation for the current and two preceding years is as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Annual OPEB Cost	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
2012	\$ 760,833	100.00 %	\$ -
2011 2010	566,713 566,000	100.00 100.00	-

The schedule of funding progress immediately following the notes to the financial statements present multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of the plan assets is increasing or decreasing relative to the actuarial accrued liability for the benefits over-time.

Claims Payable

The Internal Service fund reflects medical benefits for Town and Board of Education employees and workers' compensation benefits for Town employees which are based upon estimates of the ultimate cost of claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) that have been reported, but not settled, and of claims that have been incurred but not reported. Heart and hypertension benefits are reflected in the General Fund. The length of time for which such costs must be estimated varies depending on the coverage involved. Because actual claim costs depend on such complex factors as inflation, changes in doctrines of legal liability and damage awards, the process used in computing claim liabilities does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Claim liabilities are recomputed periodically using a variety of actuarial and statistical techniques to produce current estimates that reflect recent settlements, claim frequency and other economic and social factors. A provision for inflation in the calculation of estimated future claims costs is implicit in the calculation because reliance is placed both on actual historical data that reflects past inflation and other factors that are considered to be appropriate modifiers of past experience.

An analysis of the activity of unpaid claim liabilities is as follows:

	Year Ended June 30, 2012						
		Medical Benefits		Workers' mpensation		leart and pertension	
Balance - Beginning of Year	\$	1,062,270	\$	342,377	\$	711,500	
Provision for Claims and Claims Adjustment Expenses		14,818,196		62,345		125,500	
Claims and Claims Adjustment Expenses Paid		(14,842,356)		(188,506)			
Balance - End of Year	\$	1,038,110	\$	216,216	\$	837,000	
Current Portion	\$	1,038,110	\$	43,200	\$	bija.	

	Year Ended June 30, 2011							
	Medical Benefits-BOE			Workers' mpensation	Heart and Hypertension			
Balance - Beginning of Year	\$	996,000	\$	391,245	\$	422,500		
Provision for Claims and Claims Adjustment Expenses		9,297,129		235,512		289,000		
Claims and Claims Adjustment Expenses Paid		(9,230,859)		(284,380)		-		
Balance - End of Year	\$	1,062,270	\$	342,377	\$	711,500		
Current Portion	\$	1,062,270	\$	68,500	\$	-		

I. Revenues, Expenditures and Transfers

Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers are defined as the flow of assets, such as cash or goods and services, without equivalent flows of assets in return. The interfund transfers reflected below have been reported as transfers.

	Non-Major Enterprise						
Transfers Out	General Governmental Fund - Fund Funds Transfer Station						 Total
General Fund	\$	-	\$	-	\$	212,589	\$ 212,589
Non-Major Governmental Funds		815,681		46,081		_	 861,762
	\$	815,681	\$	46,081	\$	212,589	\$ 1,074,351

Transfers are used to move funds from the General Fund to the non-major governmental and Internal Service funds in accordance with budget authorizations.

J. Net Assets

The components of net assets are detailed below:

Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt - the component of net assets that reports the difference between capital assets less both the accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balance of debt, excluding unexpended proceeds, that is directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted for Debt Service - the component of net assets that reflects funds set aside in accordance with indenture agreements with bondholders.

Unrestricted - all other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt".

K. Fund Balances

		General Fund		lon-Major vernmental		Total
Nonspendable: Prepaid expenditures Inventories	\$	57,478 -	\$	25,328 19,743	\$	82,806 19,743
Total Nonspendable	**************************************	57,478		45,071		102,549
Restricted:						
Capital projects		-		156,174		156,174
Debt service		_		318,299	•	318,299
Total Restricted	····		**************************************	474,473		474,473
Assigned: Purchases on order:						
General government		3,983		-		3,983
Public safety		13,447		-		13,447
Public works		11,023		-		11,023
Education		617,074		***		617,074
		645,527		***		645,527
Subsequent year's continuing appropriations		1,188,536		_		1,188,536
Subsequent year's assessment appeals Appropriate fund balance for subsequent		316,335				316,335
year's budget		2,710,866		***		2,710,866
School lunch purposes				83,171		83,171
Summer school purposes		_		132,929		132,929
Continuing education purposes		100		553,795		553,795
Forfeited property		-		20,750		20,750
Recreation purposes		-		245,406		245,406
Gift				146,768		146,768
Total Assigned		4,861,264	•	1,182,819		6,044,083
Unassigned		16,274,248		-		16,274,248
Total Fund Balances	\$_	21,192,990	\$	1,702,363	\$	22,895,353

Certain elements of fund balance are described above. Those additional elements which are not reflected in the statement of net assets but are reported in the governmental funds balance sheet are described below.

Prepaid expenditures has been provided to account for certain payments made in advance. The amount is classified as nonspendable to indicate that funds are not "available" for appropriation or expenditure even though they are a component of current assets.

Inventories in the school lunch program and the recreation fund have been classified as nonspendable to indicate that a portion of fund balance is not "available" for expenditure because the asset is in the form of commodities and the Town anticipates utilizing them in the normal course of operations.

Purchases on order are assigned and represent the Town's intention to honor the contracts in process at year-end. The subsequent year's appropriation will be amended to provide authority to complete the transactions.

Amounts assigned for subsequent year's continuing appropriations, assessment appeals and appropriation of fund balance represent the Town's intention to utilize these resources in the subsequent year's budget.

Unassigned fund balance in the General Fund represents amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned.

Note 4 - Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies

A. Litigation

The Town is a defendant in numerous pending disputed tax assessment proceedings, the results of which cannot be determined at this time. Any future refunds resulting from adverse settlements will be funded in the year in which the payments are made.

The Town is a defendant in a claim by a property owner over access to land-locked property over an alleged Town road that appears only on older maps and does not otherwise exist. The lower court has ruled in favor of the plaintiffs claim and the Town has appealed. The Town is in the process of vigorously defending against these claims. It is too early to evaluate the likelihood of success or potential exposure to the Town. The range of any loss cannot be estimated and no provision for loss has been reflected in the financial statements.

B. Contingencies

The Town participates in various Federal and State grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits pursuant to the Federal and State Single Audit Acts. The amount of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the Town anticipates such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

C. Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to employee health, torts, theft or impairment to assets, errors and omissions, injury to employees, natural disasters, and tax appeals.

Note 4 - Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies (Continued)

The Town and Board of Education ("BOE") currently reports its self-insured employee health insurance activities in the Medical Internal Service Fund. In the prior year, only the BOE was self-insured for employee health insurance activities. Claim expense and liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. These losses include an estimate of claims that have been incurred but not reported. The Town and BOE also purchase "stop loss" insurance to limit its losses to \$225,000 per person per year. An aggregate "stop loss" insurance policy is also purchased with a maximum value of 20% of the carrier's estimated fiscal year's paid claims. In fiscal year 2012, total claims experience was \$14,054,513.

The Town and BOE self-insures for workers' compensation. The Town records expenses for its self-insurance claims in the Workers' Compensation Internal Service Fund. Claim expense and liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. The Town's stop loss limits under this Plan are \$650,000 per occurrence, per year, and \$250,000 aggregate per incident for fiscal year 2012.

Heart and hypertension claims for police officers and firefighters are covered, as required by State Statute. The Town records expenditures for heart and hypertension claims in the government-wide financial statements.

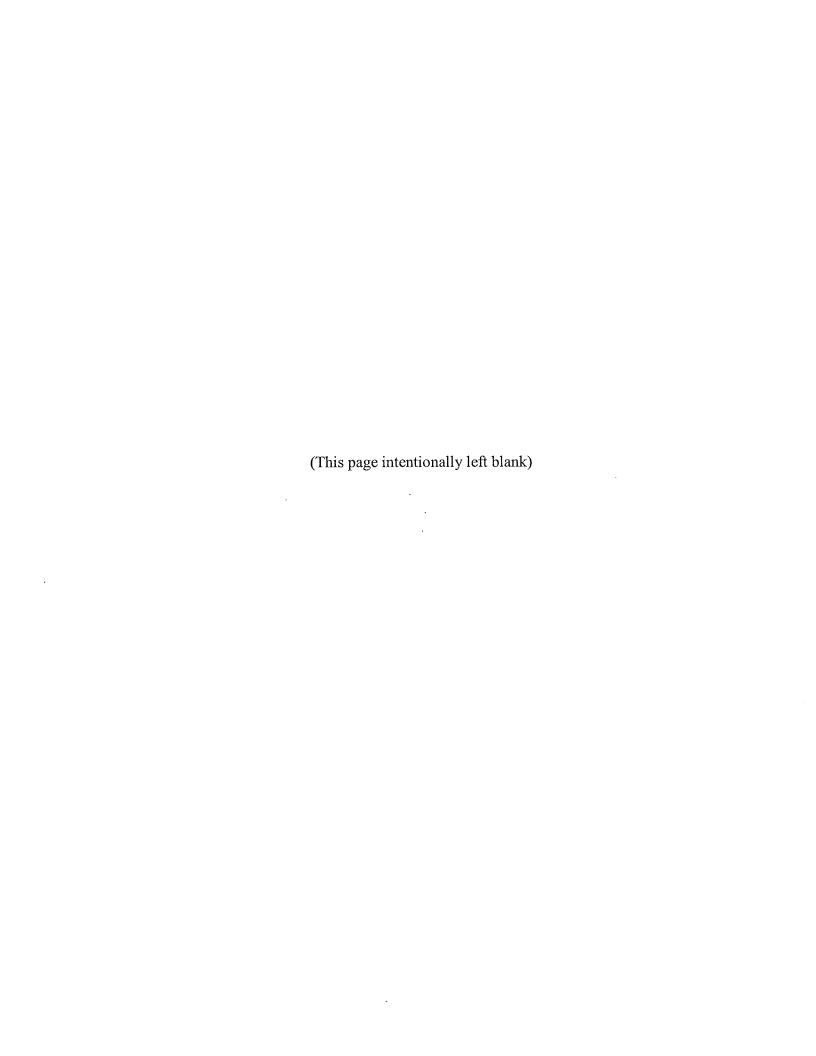
Liabilities for unpaid claims are based on recommendations by third-party administrators. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in prior years. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 5 - Subsequent Events

The Town, on September 19, 2012, issued \$7,910,000 in general obligation bonds. The bonds mature annually through September, 2023 with interest at rates ranging from 2.0% to 2.5%, depending on maturity.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS TRUST FUNDS

		Actuarial				Excess (Unfunded)				Excess (Unfunded) Liability as a		
Valuation Date			Accrued Liability				*****	Actuarial Accrued Liability	Fund Rati		 Covered Payroll	Percentage of Covered Payroll
Pension Trust												
July 1, 2011 July 1, 2010 July 1, 2009 July 1, 2008 July 1, 2007 July 1, 2006	\$	67,773,544 62,749,422 59,617,503 56,408,328 50,467,055 44,576,272	\$	80,728,579 74,982,330 69,666,174 63,924,453 61,011,744 54,532,889	\$	(12,955,035) (12,232,908) (10,048,671) (7,516,125) (10,544,689) (9,956,617)	84.0 83.7 85.6 88.2 82.7 81.7	%	\$ 19,012,434 19,074,084 18,868,063 17,785,135 17,677,903 16,745,475	(68.1) % (64.1) (53.3) (42.3) (59.6) (59.5)		
OPEB												
July 1, 2010 July 1, 2008 July 1, 2006	\$	1,454,122 389,000	\$	7,836,743 5,435,000 5,003,000	\$	(6,382,621) (5,046,000) (5,003,000)	18.6 7.2 -	%	51,760,000 47,744,000 43,477,000	(12.3) % (10.6) (11.5)		



MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND

GENERAL FUND

• The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town and is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. All general tax revenues and miscellaneous receipts, not allocated by law or contractual agreement to some other fund, are accounted for in this fund. From this fund are paid the general operating expenditures including the Board of Education.

TOWN OF WILTON, CONNECTICUT

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES -BUDGETARY BASIS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

FAR ENDED JOINE 30, 2012					
	Original	Final		Vari Fina P	Variance with Final Budget Positive
PROPERTY TAXES, INTEREST AND LIEN FEES	Budget	Budget	Actual	Ž	(Negative)
Property taxes Interest and lien fees	\$ 104,989,433 200,000	\$ 104,796,241 200,000	\$ 105,413,062 418,904	↔	616,821 218,904
Total Property Taxes, Interest and Lien Fees	105,189,433	104,996,241	105,831,966		835,725
INTERGOVERNMENTAL Federal and State Board of Education Grants	2,606,400	2,606,400	1,841,207		(765,193)
Town: State property refund	96,409 30.000	96,409	95,286 53,593		(1,123) 23,593
Tax reflection electric Town aid road Talanhone line fax	156,015 140,000	156,015 140,000	155,935 91,189		(80) (48,811)
Veteran's exemption	2,500	2,500	4,554		2,054
Boat tax Pequot PILOT	9,113	9,113	8,813		(300)
Youth Service Bureau	14,000	14,000 111.703	14,000 111,140		- (563)
Local capital iniprovenients Municipal revenue sharing Emergency management agency		531,824	181,732 603,076		181,732 71,252
	574,127	1,105,951	1,319,318		213,367
Total Intergovernmental Revenue	3,180,527	3,712,351	3,160,525		(551,826)
CHARGES FOR SERVICES					
Fees, Permits and Other: Town Clerk Building Planning and Zoning Zoning Board of Appeals Police reports	677,250 357,500 85 6,800 3,300	677,250 357,500 85 6,800 3,300	679,714 622,768 141 11,770 1,663		2,464 265,268 56 4,970 (1,637)

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Finance Department	28,000	28,000	36,991	8,991
Police permits	1,500	1,500	2,870	1,370
DPW permits	5,000	5,000	2,000	(3,000)
Parking fines	2,875	2,875	1,875	(1,000)
Other police revenue	8,985	8,985	88,788	803
Registrar of Voters	. 250	250	20	(200)
Assessor	2,250	2,250	2,828	218
Animal Control	5,630	5,630	5,063	(267)
Fire Department	10,500	10,500	17,890	7,390
Environmental Affairs	25,000	25,000	40,462	15,462
Swimming fees	32,000	32,000	38,073	6,073
Dial-A-Ride	6,500	6,500	5,825	(675)
Senior net and center	14,600	14,600	18,475	3,875
Environmental health	12,750	12,750	30,302	17,552
Athletic fees - Board of Education		1	9,354	9,354
Total Charges for Services	1,200,775	1,200,775	1,537,902	337,127
USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY	000	000	180 033	80 033
Interest Chango in fair value of investments	100,000	700,000	(39,112)	(39.112)
Change in fall value of investments			(1)	
Total Use of Money and Property	100,000	100,000	141,121	41,121
ОТНЕК				
Rentals:	78 061	78.061	88 935	10.874
Town Green	88,000	88,000	111,050	23,050
Comstock School	9,000	000'9	10,857	4,857
Radio Tower	100,000	100,000	100,000	E .
Marvin Tavern	36,000	36,000	1	(36,000)
Other	1,000	1,000	274,735	273,735
Miscellaneous			coc	COC
Total Other	309,061	309,061	585,882	276,821
TOTAL REVENUES	109,979,796	110,318,428	111,257,396	938,968
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Sale of real property	1,000	1,000	ı	(1,000)
Transters in - Capital Projects Funds		415,570	815,681	400,111
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	1,000	416,570	815,681	399,111
TOTAL REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	\$ 109,980,796	\$ 110,734,998	\$ 112,073,077	\$ 1,338,079

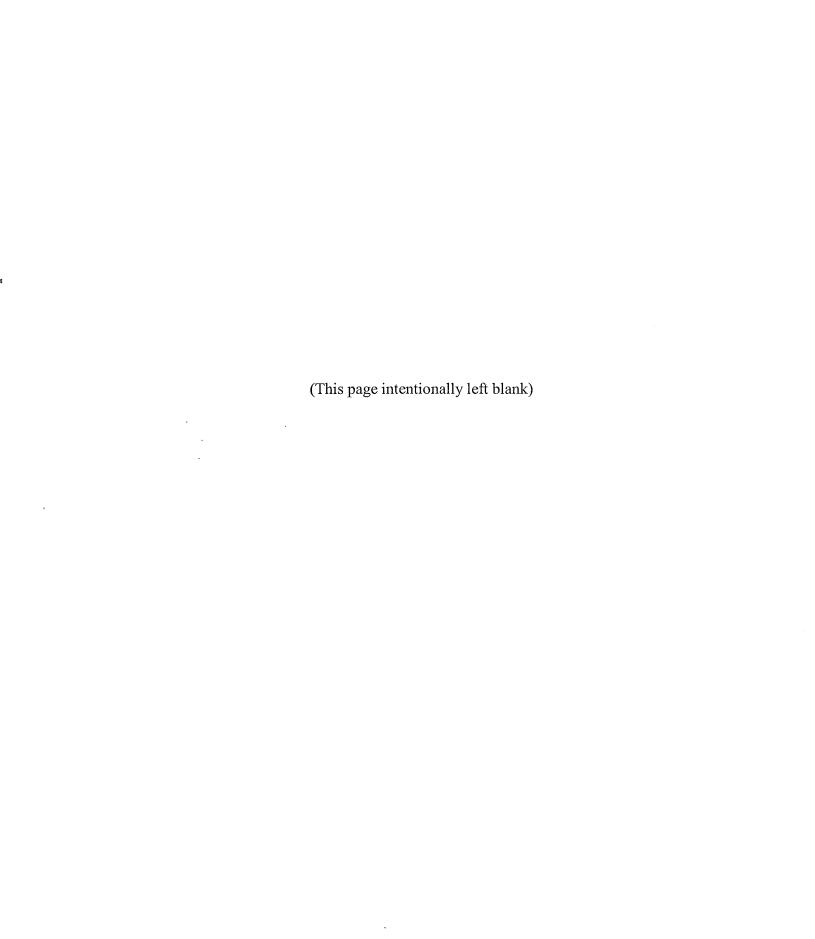
TOWN OF WILTON, CONNECTICUT

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES, ENCUMBRANCES AND OTHER FINANCING USES -BUDGETARY BASIS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Varia Fina P	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
GENERAL GOVERNMENT					
Board of Selectmen	\$ 423,914	\$ 446,137	\$ 403,614	↔	42,523
Finance Office	964,634	964,634	848,967		115,667
Human Resources	380,888	380,888	364,229		16,659
Town Counsel	158,050	158,050	168,095		(10,045)
Town Hall and Annex	280,845	280,845	254,117		26,728
Major Utilities	248,324	248,324	223,423		24,901
Other Town Properties	178,225	180,025	136,923		43,102
Dial-A-Ride	164,542	164,542	162,604		1,938
Town Clerk	452,607	452,607	436,674		15,933
Planning and Zoning	529,492	529,492	526,349		3,143
Board of Finance	60,903	60,903	47,706		13,197
Assessor	359,485	359,485	351,608		7,877
Tax Collector	258,880	258,880	245,940		12,940
Probate Court	40,500	40,500	29,431		11,069
Registrar of Voters	197,672	197,672	173,371		24,301
Code Enforcement - Building	346,790	346,790	345,428		1,362
Comstock Community Center	259,075	295,079	330,628		(35,549)
Information Systems	535,780	535,780	469,096		66,684
	5,840,606	5,900,633	5,518,203		382,430
PUBLIC SAFETY					
Police	6,778,607	7,077,573	6,775,701		301,872
Community Emergency Response Team	000'9	9'000	5,314		989
Emergency Medical Service	147,113	147,113	147,050		63
Fire and Emergency Service	4,546,099	4,580,525	4,629,592		(49,067)
Central Dispatch	325,695	324,195	312,096		12,099
Georgetown Fire District	290,541	290,541	295,666		(5,125)
	12,094,055	12,425,947	12,165,419		260,528
PUBLIC WORKS	2,690,722	2,863,825	2,455,267		408,558

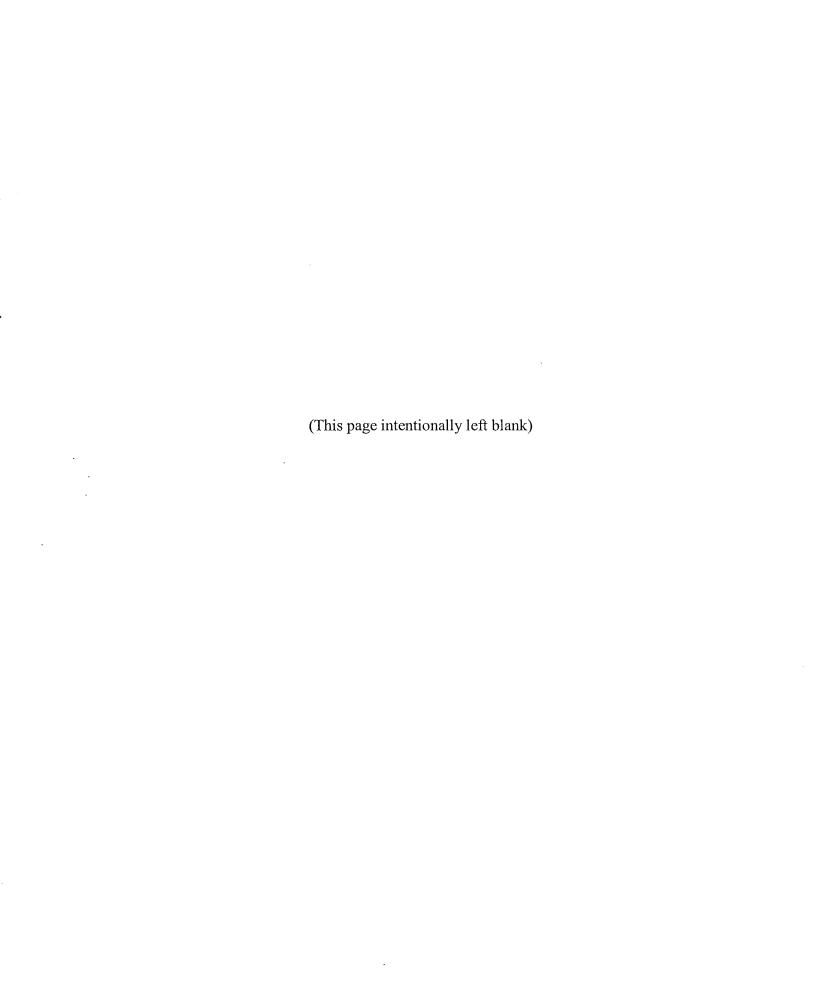
Health and Sanitation Public Health Nursing Welfare and Social Services	405,777 929,107 564,378	405,777 929,107 555,568	350,254 923,964 551,705	55,523 5,143 3,863
	1,899,262	1,890,452	1,825,923	64,529
ОТНЕК				
Employee Benefits and Unemployment Compensation	566,226	548,039	420,574	127,465
Insurance	519,644	519,644	381,360	138,284
Library Association	2,431,077	2,431,077	2,431,077	1
Route 7 Bus	5,000 143 963	5,000 143,963	5,000 143 963	1 1
Animal Control	161,870	166,118	161,205	4,913
	3,827,780	3,813,841	3,543,179	270,662
RECREATION AND PARKS COMMISSION				
Parks and Recreation Conservation and Inland-Wetlands	1,355,978 394,192	1,388,559	1,398,234	(9,675)
	1,750,170	1,782,751	1,788,643	(5,892)
BOARD OF EDUCATION	72,777,608	73,003,357	71,854,613	1,148,744
CAPITAL OUTLAY				
General Government Public Safety Public Works Parks, Recreation and Conservation	203,848 261,937 925,000 57,000	545,877 398,877 1,500,293 132,169	229,546 229,341 1,319,895 64,845	316,331 169,536 180,398 67,324
Transfer Station	t	54,000		54,000
DEBT SERVICE	1,447,785	2,631,216	1,843,627	787,589
Principal Interest	5,773,206 2,648,043	6,188,776 2,648,043	6,162,384 2,491,011	26,392 157,032
	8,421,249	8,836,819	8,653,395	183,424
ADDITIONAL APPROPRIATIONS	1,110,242	841,643		841,643
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	111,859,479	113,990,484	109,648,269	4,342,215
OTHER FINANCING USES				
Transfers out - Enterprise Fund - Transfer Station Fund	275,000	275,000	212,589	62,411
TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	\$ 112,134,479	\$ 114,265,484	\$ 109,860,858	\$ 4,404,626

PUBLIC HEALTH AND WELFARE



NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

- Ambulance Fund The Ambulance Fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures operating the Town's Ambulance Service.
- Educational Entitlement Grants Fund The Educational Entitlement Grants Fund is used to account for the expenditure of State and Federal Grants received for a variety of school programs.
- School Lunch Fund The School Lunch Fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures for the summer school programs.
- Summer School Fund The Summer School Fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures for the summer school programs.
- Continuing Education Fund The Continuing Education Fund was established to account for the revenues and expenditures for the Adult Continuing Education programs.
- Forfeited Property Fund The Forfeited Property Fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures related to the State and Federal assets forfeiture of assets used in the commission of crimes.
- Other Grants Fund The Other Grants Fund is used to account for funds related to grant programs not accounted for in another fund.
- **Selectman's Benevolent Fund** The Selectman's Benevolent Fund is used at the discretion of the Board of Selectman.



NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued)

- Recreation Fund The Recreation Fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures of the Town's Park and Recreation Department's Self sustaining programs.
- **Gift Fund** The Gift Fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures of gifts to the Town for a variety of uses.
- Capital Projects Funds The Capital Projects funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets, other than those financed by proprietary funds.
- **Debt Issuance 1998 through 2009 Funds** The Debt issuance 1998 through 2009 funds were established to account for the receipt of bond proceeds and the expenditures for Town projects including but not limited to: school renovation and expansion projects, open space purchases, purchases of fire trucks, Ambler Farm, high school athletic fields renovation and other Town capital projects.
- **Debt Service Fund** The Debt Service Fund is used to account for and report the financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest and for financial resources that are being accumulated for principal and interest maturing in future years.

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2012

			S	pecial Reve	enue	Funds		
<u>ASSETS</u>		ducational ntitlement Grants		School Lunch		Summer School		ontinuing ducation
Cash and equivalents	\$	50,501	\$	320,234	<u>\$</u>	132,968	\$	555,052
Receivables: Accounts, net Intergovernmental Special assessments Due from other funds		- - - 168,615 168,615		12,911 11,297 - - 24,208		- - - -		- - - -
Prepaid Expenditures		_		-		-		_
Inventories		-		19,743		_		**
Total Assets	\$	219,116	\$	364,185	\$	132,968	\$	555,052
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds Unearned revenues Deferred revenues	\$	7,326 161,998 49,792	\$	261,271 - - -	\$	39 - - -	\$	1,257 - - -
Total Liabilities		219,116		261,271		39	***************************************	1,257
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted Assigned	_	- - -		19,743 - 83,171		- - 132,929		- - 553,795
Total Fund Balances		-		102,914		132,929		553,795
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	<u>\$</u>	219,116	\$	364,185	<u>\$</u>	132,968	\$	555,052

				Capital Projects Fund		
Forfeited Property	Other Grants Programs	Recreation	Gift	Debt Issuance 2008	Debt Service	Total
\$ 20,750	\$ 35,732	\$ 391,421	\$ 155,389	\$ 159,426	\$ 307,375	\$ 2,128,848
- - -	235,254 - 18,102	47,190 - - -	- - - 225	- - -	- - 34,146 503	60,101 246,551 34,146 187,445
	253,356	47,190	225		34,649	528,243
	-	20,328	5,000			25,328
pri					_	19,743
\$ 20,750	\$ 289,088	\$ 458,939	\$ 160,614	\$ 159,426	\$ 342,024	\$ 2,702,162
\$ - - -	\$ 82,689 150,899 55,500	\$ 57,766 - 135,439	\$ 2,429 22 6,395	\$ 2,464 788 - 	\$ - - - 23,725	\$ 415,241 313,707 247,126 23,725
	289,088	193,205	8,846	3,252	23,725	999,799
- - 20,750	- - -	20,328 - 245,406	5,000 - 146,768	- 156,174 	318,299 	45,071 474,473 1,182,819
20,750		265,734	151,768	156,174	318,299	1,702,363
\$ 20,750	\$ 289,088	\$ 458,939	\$ 160,614	\$ 159,426	\$ 342,024	\$ 2,702,162

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

		Special Rev	enue Funds	
	Ambulance	Educational Entitlement Grants	School Lunch	Summer School
Revenues:	\$ -	\$ 1,353,452	\$ 93,326	\$ -
Intergovernmental Charges for services	206,758	Ψ 1,555,452	ψ 30,020 -	-
Use of money and property	1,412	-	-	-
Tuition	-	_	_	252,017
School lunch sales	-	-	1,303,807	-
Contributions Other	2,514	-	- -	-
		4.050.450	4 207 422	050.047
Total Revenues	210,684	1,353,452	1,397,133	252,017
Expenditures: Current: General government	- 1,302,843	-	-	-
Public safety Public health and welfare	1,302,043	-	-	_
Recreation and parks commission	-	-	-	
Education	-	1,353,452	1,318,663	273,093
Debt Service:				
Principal Interest	-	-	-	
Refunding bond issuance costs	-	-	-	_
Capital outlay				-
Total Expenditures	1,302,843	1,353,452	1,318,663	273,093
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(1,092,159)		78,470	(21,076)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Refunding bonds issued	_	_	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Issuance premium	-	-	-	_
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	-		-	-
Transfers in	-	-	-	-
Transfers out				-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u></u>		_	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,092,159)	-	78,470	(21,076)
Fund Balances (Deficits) - Beginning of Year	1,092,159		24,444	154,005
Fund Balances - End of Year	<u>\$</u>	\$ -	\$ 102,914	\$ 132,929

Gift	Recreation	Selectmen's Benevolent	Other Grants	Forfeited Property	Continuing Education
\$	\$ -	_	\$ 880,268	\$ -	\$ -
4.	1,011,800	-	-	-	-
4	-	- -	-	30	927,805
	-	-	-	-	-
107,25	-	-	-		-
		-		8,946	-
107,29	1,011,800	-	880,268	8,976	927,805
3,02	-	_	-	-	-
26,22	-	-	30,000	-	•
18,95	983,092	-	850,268	-	
	500,032	-	- -	-	902,290
	_	_	_	_	_
	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-
48.20	083 003		990 269	-	002 200
48,20	983,092		880,268		902,290
59,09	28,708		•	8,976	25,515
	-	-	-	-	-
	-	344	-	-	-
19	-	-	-	-	-
		(199)	-		
19	_	(199)		_	**
59,29	28,708	(199)	-	8,976	25,515
92,47	237,026	199		11,774	528,280
\$ 151,76	\$ 265,734	_	\$ -	\$ 20,750	\$ 553,795
(Continue				20,700	+ 000,700

TOWN OF WILTON, CONNECTICUT

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (Continued)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

		Capital Pr	ojects Funds		
	Debt Issuance 1998	Debt Issuance 2000	Debt Issuance 2001	Debt Issuance 2002	
Revenues:	•		•	•	
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Charges for services Use of money and property	_	_	_	<u>-</u>	
Tuition	-	_	_	-	
School lunch sales	-	-	-	-	
Contributions	-		-	-	
Other		5,000		-	
Total Revenues		5,000			
Expenditures:					
Current:				_	
General government Public safety	- -	-	-	-	
Public salety Public health and welfare	_		-	<u>-</u>	
Recreation and parks commission	_	_	_	_	
Education	-	_	-	-	
Debt Service:					
Principal		_	-	-	
Interest	-	-	-	-	
Refunding bond issuance costs	-	_	-	••	
Capital outlay	46	-	695	-	
Total Expenditures	46		695	-	
Excess (Deficiency) of	(46)	5,000	(695)	_	
Revenues Over Expenditures	(40)	3,000	(093)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Refunding bonds issued	-	-	-	-	
Issuance premium	-	-	-	-	
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent Transfers in	10,887	_	-	- -	
Transfers out	-	(23,213)	(121,893)	(5,476)	
Total Other Financian					
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	10,887	(23,213)	(121,893)	(5,476)	
·		•			
Net Change in Fund Balances	10,841	(18,213)	(122,588)	(5,476)	
Fund Balances (Deficits) - Beginning of Year	(10,841)	18,213	122,588	5,476	
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>	

Debt Issuance 2003	Debt Issuance 2004	Debt Issuance 2005	Debt Issuance 2006	Debt Issuance 2007
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-
-	-	H-	-	-
-				•
-	-	_	_	_
-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-
_	3,885	-	***	***
_	3,885			-
	(3,885)		•	No.
-	-	-	-	-
- -	-	-	-	-
	_	34,995	-	-
(7,520)	(22,134)	(1,315)	(27,811)	(256,499
(7,520)	(22,134)	33,680	(27,811)	(256,499
(7,520)	(26,019)	33,680	(27,811)	(256,499
7,520	26,019	(33,680)	27,811	256,499
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	<u>\$</u>	\$ -

(Continued)

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

		Capital Proj	ects	Funds			
P	ls	Debt ssuance 2008		Debt ssuance 2009		Debt Service	 Total
Revenues: Intergovernmental Charges for services Use of money and property Tuition School lunch sales Contributions Other	\$	502 - - - - - -	\$	- - - - - -	\$ 	34,098 92 - - -	\$ 2,327,548 1,252,656 1,583 1,179,822 1,303,807 107,250 16,460
Total Revenues		502				34,190	 6,189,126
Expenditures: Current: General government Public safety Public health and welfare Recreation and parks commission Education Debt Service: Principal Interest Refunding bond issuance costs Capital outlay Total Expenditures Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		- - - - - 29,004 29,004		- - - - - -		26,564 11,080 142,398 - 180,042 (145,852)	 3,025 1,359,070 850,268 1,002,042 3,847,498 26,564 11,080 142,398 33,630 7,275,575 (1,086,449)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Refunding bonds issued Issuance premium Payment to refunded bond escrow agent Transfers in Transfers out Total Other Financing	-	- - - -		- - - - (390,321)	**************************************	9,845,000 720,470 (10,423,072) - (5,381)	9,845,000 720,470 (10,423,072) 46,081 (861,762)
Sources (Uses)	····	640		(390,321)		137,017	 (673,283)
Net Change in Fund Balances		(28,502)		(390,321)		(8,835)	(1,759,732)
Fund Balances (Deficits) - Beginning of Year		184,676		390,321		327,134	 3,462,095
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$	156,174	\$	-	\$	318,299	\$ 1,702,363

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal service funds account for operations that provide services to other departments or agencies of the government, or to other governments, on a cost reimbursement basis. The internal service funds of the Town are as follows:

Medical Fund - This fund has been established to account for the health insurance program for Town and Board of Education employees and retirees.

Workers' Compensation Fund - This fund is used to account for the Town's and Board of Education's workers' compensation program.



INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2012

<u>ASSETS</u>	MedicalC			/orkers' pensation		Total	
Current Assets: Cash and equivalents Accounts receivable Due from other funds	\$	4,429,787 454,999 -	\$	342,377	\$	4,429,787 454,999 342,377	
Total Assets		4,884,786		342,377		5,227,163	
<u>LIABILITIES</u>							
Current Liabilities: Accounts payable Current portion of claims payable		304,535 1,038,110	Magne	43,200		304,535 1,081,310	
Total Current Liabilities		1,342,645		43,200		1,385,845	
Noncurrent Liabilities - Claims payable, less current portion Total Liabilities			••••	173,016 216,216		173,016 1,558,861	
NET ASSETS							
Unrestricted	\$	3,542,141	\$	126,161	\$	3,668,302	

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	Medical	Workers' Compensation	Total
Operating Revenues - Charges for services	\$ 14,556,224	\$ 394,042	\$ 14,950,266
Operating Expenses: Employee benefits Insurance Judgments and claims	14,818,196 - -	205,536 62,345	14,818,196 205,536 62,345
Total Operating Expenses	14,818,196	267,881	15,086,077
Income (Loss) From Operations	(261,972)	126,161	(135,811)
Non-Operating Revenues - Interest income	14,756		14,756
Change in Net Assets	(247,216)	126,161	(121,055)
Net Assets - Beginning of Year	3,789,357		3,789,357
Net Assets - End of Year	\$ 3,542,141	\$ 126,161	\$ 3,668,302

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	MARKET T	Medical		Workers' npensation		Total
Cash Flows From Operating Activities: Cash received from customers and users Cash payments for benefits and claims	\$	14,101,225 (14,572,896)	\$	394,042 (394,042)	\$	14,495,267 (14,966,938)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities		(471,671)				(471,671)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities - Interest income		14,756		-		14,756
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Equivalents		(456,915)		-		(456,915)
Cash and Equivalents - Beginning of Year	•	4,886,702		-		4,886,702
Cash and Equivalents - End of Year	\$	4,429,787	\$	_		4,429,787
Reconciliation of Income (Loss) from Operations to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:						·
Income (loss) from operations Adjustments to reconcile income (loss) from operations to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	\$	(261,972)	\$	126,161	\$	(135,811)
Changes in assets and liabilities: Accounts receivable		(454,999)		-		(454,999)
Accounts payable		269,460				269,460
Claims payable		(24,160)		(126,161)		(150,321)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in)	¢	(471,671)	\$	_	¢	(471,671)
Operating Activities	\$	(4/1,0/1)	Ψ		Ψ	(771,071)



FIDUCIARY FUNDS

The Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the Town in an agency capacity on behalf of others. The agency fund of the Town is as follows:

Student Activities Fund - This fund is used to account for class events and various functions held by students at the Town's middle schools and high schools.



FIDUCIARY FUND - AGENCY FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

<u>ASSETS</u>	Balance July 1, 2011	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2012
Cash and Equivalents	\$ 468,149	\$ 1,281,105	\$ 1,246,317	\$ 502,937
<u>LIABILITIES</u>				
Student Activity Funds	\$ 468,149	\$ 1,281,105	\$ 1,246,317	\$ 502,937



CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS



CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SCHEDULE BY SOURCE JUNE 30, 2012

Governmental Funds' Capital Assets, Net of	
Accumulated Depreciation:	
Land	\$ 22,251,393
Buildings and improvements	98,011,194
Machinery and equipment	3,926,448
Infrastructure	26,160,837
Construction-in-progress	1,599,868
Total Governmental Funds Capital Assets, net	\$ 151,949,740

CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SCHEDULE BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY - HISTORICAL COST JUNE 30, 2012

		Land	Ir	Buildings and mprovements	Machinery and Equipment
FUNCTIONS					
General government	\$	7,583,125	\$	7,116,533	\$ 458,530
Public safety		2,002		1,476,927	5,496,087
Public works		-		793,678	3,283,779
Education		865,549		129,710,229	3,170,207
Recreation and Parks Commission		13,800,717		9,341,763	621,848
Other			_	45,405	 22,843
Total Governmental					
Fund Capital Assets	<u>\$</u>	22,251,393	\$	148,484,535	\$ 13,053,294

 nfrastructure	_	onstruction- n-Progress		Total			
\$ 35,774,750	\$	1,530,758	\$	52,463,696			
_		_		6,975,016			
1,782,864		69,110		5,929,431			
***		-		133,745,985			
255,539		-		24,019,867			
 		-	***************************************	68,248			
\$ 37,813,153	\$	1,599,868	<u>\$</u>	223,202,243			

CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SCHEDULE OF CHANGES BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	C	overnmental Funds apital Assets July 1, 2011		Additions	Γ	Deletions	C	Sovernmental Funds Capital Assets une 30, 2012
General government	\$	52,298,504	\$	347,303	\$	182,111	\$	52,463,696
Public safety	Ψ	7,158,051	Ψ	430,990	Ψ	614,025	•	6,975,016
Public works		5,652,691		361,031		84,291		5,929,431
Education		133,107,107		638,878		, -		133,745,985
Recreation and Parks		, ,		•				
Commission		23,794,133		225,734		_		24,019,867
Other		73,516		-		5,268		68,248
	-							
Total	\$	222,084,002	\$	2,003,936	\$	885,695	\$	223,202,243

OTHER SCHEDULES

SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAXES LEVIED, COLLECTED AND OUTSTANDING FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Grand List Year	Taxes Receivable July 1, 2011	Current Levy	Prior Year Overpayments To Be Refunded	Lawful C Additions	orrections Deletions	Transfers to/from Suspense	Balance to be Collected
2010	\$ -	\$ 104,072,204	\$ -	\$ 682,660	\$ 207,544	\$ (877)	\$ 104,546,443
2009	893,964	-	(13,807)	108,809	51,912	(3,986)	933,068
2008	335,944	_	(1,180)	15,245	13,692	•	336,317
2007	183,676	-	-	8,223	17,844	-	174,055
2006	141,424	-	-	(716)	8,574	-	132,134
2005	110,422	-	-	639	3,034	-	108,027
2004	93,132	-	•	190	5,425	-	87,897
2003	63,489	-		3	8,034	-	55,458
2002	31,939	_	-	-	3,974	-	27,965
2001	19,173	-	-	202	1,784	-	17,591
2000	10,174	-	_	235	804	-	9,605
1999	9,187	-	-		188	_	8,999
1998	8,349	-	-		-	-	8,349
1997	10,079	_	_	590	-	-	10,669
1996	8,450	-	-	23	-	-	8,473
1995	6,420			-		-	6,420
	\$ 1,925,822	\$ 104,072,204	\$ (14,987)	\$ 816,103	\$ 322,809	\$ (4,863)	\$ 106,471,470

	Collections and Adjustments									Taxes Receivable			
	Taxes		Refunds		Interest		Fees	Ad	Adjustments Total		Total	June 30, 20	
\$	103,888,498	\$	171,185	\$	211,683	\$	6,712	\$	55,690	\$	103,880,018	\$	884,820
•	579,442	•	8,814	·	110,991		2,649		(44,004)		728,272		318,436
	141,807		3,787		46,677		682		(7,253)		192,632		191,044
	42,294		7,755		10,054		441		(4,433)		49,467		135,083
	18,849		648		5,558		102		-		23,861		113,933
	12,928		-		4,563		285		-		17,776		95,099
	9,818		-		3,167		83		-		13,068		78,079
	9,375		-		3,428		74		-		12,877		46,083
	7,038		-		3,203		52		-		10,293		20,927
	6,208		_		2,802		52		-		9,062		11,383
	5,954		-		3,227		48		_		9,229		3,651
	3,916		-		2,164		24		-		6,104		5,083
	3,640		_		2,229		24		-		5,893		4,709
	4,121		-		3,795		28		_		7,944		6,548
	2,452		-		1,839		24		-		4,315		6,021
	-		-		-				-				6,420
\$	104,736,340	\$	192,189	\$	415,380	\$	11,280	\$	_	\$	104,970,811	\$	1,927,319

SCHEDULE OF SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS AND SEWER USAGE CHARGES LEVIED, COLLECTED AND OUTSTANDING FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	Ur	Balance Uncollected July 1, 2011			Balance to be Collected	
Special Assessments Sewer Usage Charges	\$	663,081 6,558	\$	185,988 33,694	\$	849,069 40,252
	\$	669,639	\$	219,682	\$	889,321_

Colle						
sessments,	Balance Uncollected					
narges and djustments	1	Interest		Total		ne 30, 2012
\$ 194,447 9,962	\$	9,266 3,626	\$	203,713 13,588	\$	654,622 30,290
\$ 204,409	\$	12,892	\$	217,301	\$	684,912

SCHEDULE OF WATER MAIN ASSESSMENTS LEVIED, COLLECTED AND OUTSTANDING FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	Balar Balar Uncolle July 1,	nce In ected	Delinquent terest and Current Charges	Balance to be Collected
Water Main Assessment	\$ 13	0,751 \$	1,412	\$ 132,163

	Colle	ctions	and Adjust	ments	3		
Ass	essments,					I	3alance
Cha	arges and						ncollected
Adj	Adjustments Interest				Total	Jun	e 30, 2012
\$	98,017	2,797	\$	100,814	\$	34,146	



STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)



Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the Town's financial performance and well-being have changed over time. These schedules include:

Net Assets by Component

Changes in Net Assets

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds

Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds

NET ASSETS BY COMPONENT

Last Ten Fiscal Years

		2012		2011		2010		2009
Governmental activities: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	\$	91,740,835 318,299 26,105,722	\$	89,574,104 327,134 25,290,344	\$	86,669,878 - 23,814,311	\$	84,766,832 - 24,842,202
Total governmental activities net assets	<u>\$</u>	118,164,856	<u>\$</u>	115,191,582	\$	110,484,189	<u>\$</u>	109,609,034
Business-type activities: Invested in capital assets,								
net of related debt Unrestricted	\$	2,213,573 8,184,091	\$	2,145,148 8,220,411	\$	2,353,059 8,471,158	\$	2,560,971 9,189,858
Total business-type activities net assets	\$	10,397,664	\$	10,365,559	\$	10,824,217	\$	11,750,829
Primary government:								
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	93,954,408 318,299	\$	91,719,252 327,134	\$	89,022,937	\$	87,327,803
Restricted Unrestricted Total primary government	<u> </u>	34,289,813		33,510,755		32,285,469		34,032,060
net assets	<u>\$</u>	128,562,520	\$	125,557,141	<u>\$</u>	121,308,406	\$	121,359,863

Notes:

⁽¹⁾ Schedule prepared on the accrual basis of accounting.(2) The Town began to report accrual information when it implemented GASB Statement No.34 in fiscal year 2003.

	2008		2007		2006		2005	2004		Mirror	2003
\$	77,342,966	\$	71,287,195	\$	72,275,690	\$	71,192,192	\$	67,207,870	\$	83,590,184
***************************************	25,698,560		26,073,692		19,344,112		10,559,211		12,226,675		8,436,889
\$	103,041,526	<u>\$</u>	97,360,887	\$	91,619,802	<u>\$</u>	81,751,403	\$	79,434,545	\$	92,027,073
\$	2,754,934 9,099,100	\$	2,739,103 7,089,221	\$	2,059,091 7,400,865	\$	2,180,202 7,243,942	\$	2,378,431 7,032,467	\$	2,591,185 7,356,267
\$	11,854,034	\$	9,828,324	\$	9,459,956	\$	9,424,144	\$	9,410,898	\$	9,947,452
\$	80,097,900	\$	74,026,298	\$	74,334,781	\$	73,372,394	\$	69,586,301	\$	86,181,369
**********	- 34,797,660		33,162,913		26,744,977		17,803,15 <u>3</u>		19 <u>,259</u> ,142		15,793,156
\$	114,895,560	<u>\$</u>	107,189,211	<u>\$</u>	101,079,758	\$	91,175,547	<u>\$</u>	88,845,443	<u>\$</u>	101,974,525

CHANGES IN NET ASSETS Last Ten Fiscal Years

		2012	 2011		2010		2009		2008
Expenses:									
Governmental activities:									
General government	\$	5,763,957	\$ 5,998,278	\$	4,697,147	\$	4,640,679	\$	4,492,477
Public safety		14,473,198	12,895,413		13,147,907		12,962,451		11,974,326
Public works		3,708,958	2,950,471		3,866,827		3,906,453		4,092,329
Public health and welfare		2,697,278	1,899,789		1,550,758		1,490,086		1,559,421
Other		3,547,698	3,413,076		2,968,889		3,107,073		2,929,258
Recreation and parks commission		3,102,330	2,998,260		2,314,326		2,194,170		2,217,751
Education		86,527,626	80,150,532		81,540,999		75,387,144		74,176,651
Interest		2,388,537	2,768,861	_	2,368,455		2,040,669		3,011,513
Total governmental activities expenses		122,209,582	 113,074,680		112,455,308		105,728,725		104,453,726
Business-type activities:									
Water Pollution Control Authority		784,292	793,472		1,465,526		653,870		736,011
Transfer station		753,925_	819,034		780,674		1,080,591		1,039,997
Total business-type activities expenses		1,538,217	 1,612,506		2,246,200		1,734,461		1,776,008
Total primary government net expenses		123,747,799	 114,687,186		114,701,508		107,463,186		106,229,734
Program Revenues:									
Governmental activities:									
Charges for services:									
General government		1,779,478	1,353,823		1,125,515		1,274,710		1,698,099
Public safety		34,086	38,690		448,610		431,650		393,572
Public works		2,000	5,500		10,778		2,250		54,285
Public health and welfare		206,758	372,059		85,155		90,406		70,763
Recreation and park commission		1,011,800	929,571		881,197		801,132		751,847
Education		2,399,657	2,267,726		2,484,148		2,544,950		2,602,682
Operating grants and contributions		13,091,331	9,965,432		8,603,592		9,217,521		8,586,764
Capital grants and contributions		502,003	 789,724	_	591,454		346,803		359,209
Total governmental activities									
program revenues		19,027,113	 15,722,525	_	14,230,449		14,709,422	_	14,517,221
Business-type activities:									
Charges for services		650,608	931,107		996,408		1,410,505		3,385,887
Operating grants and contributions		540,221	 9,585		•				-
Total business-type activities									
program revenues		1,190,829	 940,692	_	996,408	_	1,410,505		3,385,887
Total primary government									
program revenues	,,,,,,,,,,	20,217,942	 16,663,217	_	15,226,857		16,119,927		17,903,108

2007	2006	2005	2004	2003
\$ 6,492,495	\$ 4,551,507	\$ 4,735,591	\$ 5,916,268	\$ 5,750,977
11,582,747	10,666,976	10,022,579	9,382,856	8,628,598
4,195,931	3,500,305	2,685,645	2,271,602	2,418,601
1,384,490	1,272,542	1,425,366	1,373,452	835,860
2,530,341	2,362,821	6,749,844	97,093	83,661 2,077,916
2,000,775	2,480,717	2,697,658 58,058,629	1,930,642 53,187,703	50,679,140
68,354,884	64,945,455 3,032,907	3,424,397	3,254,279	3,575,962
2,777,892 99,319,555	92,813,230	89,799,709	77,413,895	74,050,715
99,519,555_	92,013,230		77,410,000	11,000,110
860,983	853,060	847,575	1,306,471	515,167
1,108,309	1,085,211	1,066,624	990,448	921,896
1,969,292	1,938,271	1,914,199	2,296,919	1,437,063
101,288,847	94,751,501	91,713,908	79,710,814	75,487,778
2,482,505	3,128,928	2,968,364	2,710,337	1,291,672
363,266	384,794	277,012	254,470	225,519
54,820	43,820	48,159	49,752	17,573 58,525
67,110	64,590	65,461 83,841	70,923 89,777	532,467
64,022 2,379,822	69,901 2,284,196	2,204,374	2,017,218	1,540,982
4,371,568	7,985,498	3,733,133	2,002,615	1,893,820
488,654	506,155	753,393	1,286,413	474,314
10,271,767	14,467,882	10,133,737	8,481,505	6,034,872
1,684,224	1,667,526	1,707,515	1,611,621	1,368,118
_	-			
1,684,224	1,667,526	1,707,515	1,611,621	1,368,118
11,955,991	16,135,408	11,841,252	10,093,126	7,402,990

(Continued)

CHANGES IN NET ASSETS (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2012	2011	2010	2009
Net (expense) revenue: Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$ (103,182,469) (347,388)	\$ (97,352,155) (671,814)	\$ (98,224,859) (1,249,792)	\$ (91,019,303) (323,956)
Total primary government net expense	(103,529,857)	(98,023,969)	(99,474,651)	(91,343,259)
General revenues: Governmental activities:				
Real property taxes Grants and contributions not restricted to	105,838,533	101,239,138	98,260,024	96,111,186
specific programs	253,435	516,618	540,829	603,648
Unrestricted investment earnings	141,121	171,873	120,324	578,875
Sale of real property	-	57,200		202.402
Miscellaneous Transfers	275,050 (352,386)	267,875 (193,156)	310,933 (132,096)	293,102
Total governmental activities	106,155,753	102,059,548	99,100,014	97,586,811
Business-type activities:				
Unrestricted investment earnings	27,107	20,000	191,084	220,751
Miscellaneous	-	400.450	400.000	•
Transfers	352,386	193,156	132,096 323,180	220,751
Total business-type activities	379,493	213,156	323,100	
Total primary government general revenues	106,535,246	102,272,704	99,423,194	97,807,562
Changes in net assets:				
Governmental activities	2,973,284	4,707,393	875,155	6,567,508
Business-type activities	32,105	(458,658)	(926,612)	(103,205)
Total primary government	\$ 3,005,389	\$ 4,248,735	<u>\$ (51,457)</u>	<u>\$ 6,464,303</u>

Notes:
(1) Schedule prepared on the accrual basis of accounting.
(2) The Town began to report accrual information when it implemented GASB Statement No.34 in fiscal year 2003.

 2008	 2007	,	2006		2005	 2004	 2003
\$ (89,936,505) 1,609,879	\$ (89,047,788) (285,068)	\$	(78,345,348) (270,745)	\$	(79,665,972) (206,684)	\$ (68,932,390) (685,298)	\$ (68,015,843) (68,945)
 (88,326,626)	 (89,332,856)		(78,616,093)	_	(79,872,656)	 (69,617,688)	 (68,084,788)
92,760,472	88,341,823		84,027,472		78,756,065	72,518,944	66,481,138
795,394 1,620,804	4,334,616 2,247,434		2,816,695 1,369,580		2,501,698 725,067	2,362,610 413,802	3,893,383 366,476
440,474	- (135,000)		- -		-	- -	-
 95,617,144	 94,788,873		88,213,747		81,982,830	 75,295,356	 70,740,997
415,831	518,436 135,000		306,557 -		219,930 -	148,744 -	167,764 -
 415,831	 - 653,436		306,557	_	219,930	 148,744	 167,764
 96,032,975	 95,442,309	_	88,520,304		82,202,760	 75,444,100	 70,908,761
5,680,639 2,025,710	5,741,085 368,368	\$	9,868,399 35,812		2,316,858 13,246	\$ 6,362,966 (536,554)	\$ 2,725,154 98,819

FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years

	 2012	 2011 (1)	 2010	 2009
General Fund: Nonspendable Assigned	\$ 57,478 4,861,264	\$ 2,572 4,131,983	\$ -	\$ <u>-</u>
Unassigned	16,274,248	14,801,942	-	<u>-</u>
Reserved Unreserved	-	- -	425,634 16,515,371	468,996 19,039,572
Total general fund	\$ 21,192,990	\$ 18,936,497	\$ 16,941,005	\$ 19,508,568
All Other Governmental Funds:				
Nonspendable	\$ 45,071	\$ 46,627	\$ -	\$ -
Restricted	474,473	1,366,257	-	-
Assigned	1,182,819	2,093,732	-	-
Unassigned	-	(44,521)	-	<u>-</u>
Reserved	-	-	4,839,656	4,531,747
Unreserved, reported in:				
Debt service fund	-	-	312,260	328,561
Capital improvements	-	_	1,352,611	1,449,101
Special revenue funds	-	-	2,265,892	1,996,987
Capital projects funds		_	(3,792,827)	 (4,612,893 <u>)</u>
Total all other				
governmental funds	\$ 1,702,363	\$ 3,462,095	\$ 4,977,592	\$ 3,693,503

Note: Schedule prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting.
(1) - The Town adopted provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54 -Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions.

 2008	2007		 2006		2005		2004	2003	
\$	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
 1,773,671 19,304,263 21,077,934	\$	1,382,687 17,786,651 19,169,338	\$ 1,211,126 14,269,553 15,480,679	\$	1,185,355 8,339,614 9,524,969	_\$_	1,127,124 4,742,841 5,869,965	\$	806,350 3,374,913 4,181,263
\$ -	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
-		-	-		-		-		-
52,475		38,050	54,351		442,055		689,216		41,270
325,816 1,945,091 2,172,554 85,048		328,451 1,804,989 2,053,189 87,657	301,572 4,070,241 1,835,961 87,519		288,972 1,527,892 755,750 354,468		253,581 4,098,199 1,291,880 (1,513,146)	***************************************	318,279 2,882,421 935,631 (925,821)
\$ 4,580,984	\$	4,312,336	\$ 6,349,644	\$	3,369,137	\$	4,819,730	\$	3,251,780

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2012		2011	 2010	 2009
Revenues: Property taxes Intergovernmental Charges for services Use of money and property Tuition School lunch sales Contributions Other	\$ 105,831,966 13,468,690 2,790,558 142,704 1,179,822 1,303,807 107,250 602,342	MANUFACTURE	101,459,644 10,885,432 2,862,605 166,780 1,069,632 1,292,107 174,792 526,800	\$ 98,036,402 9,878,010 2,618,571 120,324 1,109,144 1,307,687 104,666 331,367	\$ 95,903,410 10,339,896 2,608,849 578,875 1,128,326 1,407,923 53,932 313,535
Total revenues	 125,427,139		118,437,792	 113,506,171	 112,334,746
Expenditures: Current: General government Public safety Public works Public health and welfare Other Recreation and parks commission Education Debt service: Principal Interest Refunding bond issuance costs Capital outlay	5,521,228 13,523,022 2,455,515 2,676,191 3,543,179 2,790,685 83,906,258 6,188,948 2,502,091 142,398 2,022,691		5,424,668 12,228,691 2,749,142 1,908,514 3,410,177 2,763,236 78,244,623 6,188,948 2,922,007 2,215,873	4,003,275 11,815,697 2,202,247 1,509,113 5,415,952 1,984,245 79,060,990 6,533,387 2,541,351 12,242,562	3,945,183 11,597,671 2,443,229 1,446,175 2,363,855 1,938,505 77,407,180 6,200,950 3,076,063 8,111,548
Total expenditures	125,272,206		118,055,879	 127,308,819	 118,530,359
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	 154,933		381,913	 (13,802,648)	 (6,195,613)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Capital leases issued Bonds issued Refunding bonds issued Payment to refunded bond escrow agent Sale of real property Premium on bonds and notes issued Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses	412,019 9,845,000 (10,423,072) 720,470 861,762 (1,074,351) 341,828		233,888 - - - 57,350 - 638,578 (831,734) 98,082	 401,208 12,250,000 - - - 160 (132,256) 12,519,112	 573,972 6,000,000 - - 1,582,398 261,791 (261,791) 8,156,370
Net change in fund balances	\$ 496,761	\$	479,995	\$ (1,283,536)	\$ 1,960,757
Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital Expenditures	7.20%		7.90%	8.28%	8.40%

	0000	2007		2006		2005	2004		2003
\$	92,617,107 9,742,433 3,005,720 1,620,804 1,314,268 1,276,803 228,194 448,783	\$ 88,067,800 8,444,531 3,055,645 2,089,872 1,182,110 1,196,502 217,985 709,145	\$	83,992,590 8,135,001 3,310,857 1,369,584 1,103,026 1,179,932 841,718 1,072,667	\$	78,249,007 6,036,837 3,353,617 603,242 1,079,865 1,126,188 824,919 842,166	\$ 72,302,175 5,573,757 3,134,581 178,354 939,650 1,052,377 117,365 819,908	\$	65,652,754 6,594,662 2,511,860 353,574 596,447 931,027 124,346 555,216
	110,254,112	 104,963,590		101,005,375		92,115,841	 84,118,167		77,319,886
	3,839,601 11,063,572 2,553,158 1,518,769 2,260,672 1,979,612 72,335,709 5,985,950	3,561,322 10,432,405 2,088,763 1,450,210 2,010,902 1,855,864 66,694,285 5,978,192		3,420,221 9,571,158 2,189,335 1,314,397 1,759,339 2,350,161 61,366,962 5,913,191		4,263,003 9,093,502 2,201,236 1,162,749 5,456,806 2,247,074 55,892,069 6,020,950	3,138,352 8,505,610 1,967,119 1,125,368 1,467,179 1,481,713 50,370,531 6,215,950		3,075,550 7,896,948 1,971,512 1,051,693 1,385,438 1,532,625 48,408,579 6,230,059
	3,074,641	3,144,700		3,297,202		3,424,397	3,438,897		3,894,151
	4,786,708	 7,767,748 <u> </u>		2,997,483		3,884 <u>,614</u>	7,170,603		4,323,132
	109,398,392	104,984,391		94,179,449		93,646,400	 84,881,322		79,769,687
	855,720	 (20,801)		6,825,926		(1,530,559)	 (763,155)		(2,449,801)
	146,406	333,938		335,686 4,130,000		492,730 5,500,000	6,000,000		2,550,000
	3,740,000 - - - - 192,622 (192,622)	4,055,000 - - - - - (135,000)		4,130,000		3,500,000 - - - - 137,396 (137,396)	- - - - -		188,963 (188,963)
_	3,886,406	 4,253,938		4,465,686		5,992,730	 6,000,000		2,550,000
\$	4,742,126	 4,233,137	_\$_	11,291,612	_\$_	4,462,171	 5,236,845	<u>\$</u>	100,199
	8.66%	9.38%		10.10%		10.52%	12.42%		13.42%



Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the Town's most significant local revenue source, the property tax. These schedules include:

Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property

Principal Property Taxpayers

Property Tax Levies and Collections

ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Amounts Expressed in Thousands, Except Estimated Taxable Value)

	Real					
Fiscal <u>Year</u>	Residential		ustrial and ommercial	Personal Property	Motor Vehicle	
2012	\$ 4,055,695	\$	690,440	\$ 184,117	\$ 184,117	
2011	4,038,445		658,216	209,667	176,493	
2010	4,013,781		647,850	200,250	178,600	
2009	3,980,146		629,478	188,420	190,989	
2008	3,047,526		448,111	145,237	186,866	
2007	3,007,450		445,982	144,501	187,841	
2006	2,963,465		443,093	141,391	182,008	
2005	2,922,230		450,278	152,063	165,006	
2004	2,876,095		442,200	145,259	170,920	
2003	1,707,883		219,892	144,106	168,889	
2002	1,684,130		206,616	131,999	164,548	

Source: Assessor's Office - Town of Wilton

Less Exemptions		 otal Taxable Assessed Value	7	otal Direct Tax Rate Mill Rate)	<u></u>	Estimated Actual axable Value	_	of
\$	32,764	\$ 5,081,605	\$	20.85	\$	105,951,464	5.00	%
	24,339	5,058,482		20.16		101,978,997	5.00	
	19,148	5,021,333		19.58		98,317,671	5.00	
	17,939	4,971,094		19.31		95,991,821	5.00	
	13,027	3,814,713		24.23		92,430,509	4.00	
	16,983	3,768,791		23.39		88,152,021	4.00	
	26,091	3,703,866		22.55		83,522,175	4.00	
	39,714	3,649,863		21.48		78,399,055	5.00	
	39,912	3,594,562		20.10		72,250,673	5.00	
	61,148	2,179,622		29.94		65,257,905	3.00	
	53,843	2,133,450		28.11		59,971,273	4.00	

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS Current Year and Nine Years Ago (In Thousands)

		2012			2	2003		
	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentag of Net Taxable Assesse Grand Lis	d	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Net Taxable Assesse Grand Lie	e ed
Ten and Twenty II Westport LLC \$	_		-	%	\$ 93,903,390	1	2.61	%
TIAA-CREF	111,026,070	1	2.17					
Wilton 40, 50 60 LLC et al	97,792,720	2	1.91		34,886,060	2	0.97	
Connecticut Light & Power	92,312,210	3	1.81		-	-	-	
Avalon Properties	38,047,060	4	0.74		-	-	. - .	
Wilton Executive Campus	30,542,890	5	0.60		21,158,450	4	0.59	
ASML Lithography	23,557,710	6	0.46		28,113,770	3	0.78	
Wilton Meadows Retirement et.al.	22,871,910	7	0.45		16,195,960	5	0.45	
Norwalk Second Taxing District	20,413,960	8	0.40		13,045,340	7	0.36	
MCL Ventures et al	16,427,930	9	0.32		-	-	-	
CD Station LLC	13,735,190	10	0.27		-	-	-	
Louis Dreyfus et al	, , , , <u>-</u>	_	_		14,410,870	6	0.40	
Fairhaven Investors	-	-	-		12,867,890	8	0.36	
Wilton Shopping Center	-	. <u>-</u>	_		 11,925,140	10	0.33	
<u>\$</u>	466,727,650	•	9.13	<u>%</u>	\$ 246,506,870		6.85	<u>%</u>

Source: Assessor's office - Town of Wilton

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(In Thousands)

Fiscal Year		Taxes Levied	Collected w Fiscal Year o	- +	Collections in	Total Collections to Date		
Ended June 30,	Tax Rate In Mills	for the Fiscal Year	Amount	Percentage of Levy	Subsequent Years	Amount	Percentage of Levy	
2012 2011 2010 2009 2008 2007 2006 2005	20.85 20.16 19.58 19.31 24.23 23.39 22.55 21.48	\$ 104,963,812 101,237,589 97,619,745 95,441,502 91,973,451 87,676,946 83,015,551 77,856,278	\$ 103,801,278 98,272,855 91,616,653 92,774,225 90,068,814 84,604,073 81,496,957 76,978,454	98.89 % 97.07 93.85 97.21 97.93 96.50 98.17 98.87	\$ N/A 2,237,612 5,496,332 2,523,745 1,848,995 3,044,964 1,497,642 860,284 495,975	\$ 103,801,278 100,510,467 97,112,985 95,297,970 91,917,809 87,649,037 82,994,599 77,838,738 71,843,224	98.89 % 99.28 99.48 99.85 99.94 99.97 99.97 99.98	
2004 2003	20.10 29.94	71,858,270 65,037,845	71,347,249 64,108,246	99.29 98.57	920,284	65,028,530	99.99	

N/A - Not Available

Source: Tax Collector's Report; Comprehensive Annual Financial Report



Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the Town's current levels of outstanding debt and the Town's ability to issue additional debt in the future. These schedules include:

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type

Direct Governmental Activities Debt

Schedule of Debt Limitation

Legal Debt Margin Information

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(In Thousands, Except Ratio of Debt to Assessed Value per Capita)

	Gov	Other Governmental <u>Activities</u>		
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of <u>Property</u>	Per Capita	Capital Leases
2012	\$ 59,638,949	\$ 56.29 %	\$ 3,298.80	\$ 363,020
2011	65,777,897	64.50	3,641.78	301,430
2010	71,966,845	73.20	4,049.68	328,971
2009	66,831,183	69.62	3,721.11	468,007
2008	66,999,740	72.49	3,782.09	327,181
2007	69,293,080	78.61	3,873.94	490,296
2006	71,216,273	85.27	3,965.27	463,961
2005	72,999,464	93.11	4,063.43	392,649
2004	73,567,656	101.82	4,107.86	-
2003	73,830,848	113.14	4,133.87	-

Notes:

Details regarding the Town's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

N/A - Information not available

^{(1) -} Population and personal income data can be found in the schedule of demographic and economic statistics

Businesstype Activities

		Total Primary Sovernment	Percentage Personal Income (1	_ <u>P</u>	er Capita
\$ 6,051 12,103 18,155 24,207 44,208 35,002 113,049 50,535	\$	60,008,020 66,091,430 72,313,971 67,323,397 67,371,129 69,818,378 71,793,283 73,442,648	4.21 4.64 N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	 \$	3,319.21 3,659.14 4,069.21 3,748.52 3,803.06 3,903.30 3,997.40 4,088.10
57,343 64,151		73,624,999 73,894,999	N/A N/A		4,111.06 4,137.46

DIRECT GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT JUNE 30, 2012

Government Unit	Net Long-Term Debt Outstanding (1)	Percentage Applicable to Town		Amount Applicable to Town of Wilton
Town of Wilton - Net Direct General Obligation Debt	\$ 59,638,949	100.00%	\$	59,638,949
Less - School construction grants receivable (principal portion) (2)				794,147
Total Direct Debt			\$	58,844,802

- (1) Excludes business-type activities debt
- (2) School construction grants are receivable in substantially equal installments over the life of outstanding school bonds. Obtained from Office of Policy and Management, State of Connecticut.

Source: Town records

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the Town. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the property taxpayers of the Town. This process recognizes that, when considering the Town's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, The Town is not subject to the debt of overlapping governments.

SCHEDULE OF DEBT LIMITATION

June 30, 2012

Total tax collections (including interest by Treasurer for current fiscal year		\$ 104,970,791			
Reimbursement for revenue loss from Property tax relief	1 -			53,593	
BASE				\$ 105,024,384	I lucker and a al
	General Purpose	Schools	Sewer	Urban Renewal	Unfunded Pension Benefit Obligation
Debt Limitation 2-1/4 times base 4-1/2 times base 3-3/4 times base 3-1/4 times base 3 times base Total debt limitation	\$ 236,304,864	\$ 472,609,728 - - 472,609,728	\$ - 393,841,440 - 393,841,440	\$ - 341,329,248 - 341,329,248	\$ - - - 315,073,152 315,073,152
Indebtedness: Bonds payable (1) Construction grants Total indebtedness	19,643,141	39,803,136 (794,147) 39,008,989			
Debt Limitation in Excess of Outstanding and Authorized Debt	<u>\$ 216,661,723</u>	<u>\$ 433,600,739</u>	<u>\$ 393,841,440</u>	<u>\$ 341,329,248</u>	<u>\$ 315,073,152</u>

⁽¹⁾ Water bonds of \$198,723 are excluded from this calculation in accordance with Connecticut General Statutes

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2012	2011	2010	2009
Debt limit	\$ 735,170,688	\$ 695,368,219	\$ 686,578,571	\$ 672,352,639
Total net debt applicable to limit	58,652,130	64,570,330	70,535,642	79,836,175
Legal debt margin	\$ 676,518,558	\$ 630,797,889	\$ 616,042,929	\$ 592,516,464
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	7.98%	9.29%	10.27%	11.87%

⁽¹⁾ In no case shall total indebtedness exceed seven times annual receipts from taxation.

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Report - Statement of Debt Limitation and notes to financial statements

2008 2007		2006 2005		2004	2003		
\$ 647,550,764	\$ 594,317,185	\$ 573,707,890	\$ 540,932,091	\$ 502,858,972	\$ 451,406,172		
66,014,110	70,683,303	72,673,991	74,555,497	73,160,230	72,318,150		
\$ 581,536,654	\$ 523,633,882	\$ 501,033,899	<u>\$ 466,376,594</u>	\$ 429,698,742	\$ 379,088,022		
10.19%	11.89%	12.67%	13.78%	6 14.55%	16.02%		



Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the Town's financial activities take place. These schedules include:

Demographic and Economic Statistics

Principal Employers



DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS

Last Ten Calendar Years

			Total			11
Calendar <u>Year</u>	Population ¹	Per Capita Income ¹	Personal Income ⁴	Median Age ¹	School Enrollment ²	Unemployment Rate ³
2011	18,079	78,887	1,426,198,073	40	4,300	6.7 %
2010	18,062	78,887	1,424,856,994	40	4,321	6.1 %
2009	17,771	N/A	N/A	43	4,357	5.6
2008	17,960	N/A	N/A	N/A	4,392	4.1
2007	17,715	N/A	N/A	N/A	4,368	3.0
2006	17,887	N/A	N/A	N/A	4,387	2.9
2005	17,960	N/A	N/A	N/A	4,352	3.3
2004	17,965	N/A	N/A	N/A	4,311	3.3
2003	17,909	N/A	N/A	N/A	4,240	3.7
2002	17,860	N/A	N/A	N/A	4,131	2.5
2001	17,999	N/A	N/A	N/A	4,087	0.9
NI/A	Information no	t available				

N/A - Information not available.

¹ Source: Connecticut Department of Public Health

Estimate based on U.S. Census, 2011

Calendar year 2010 and prior Population is Estimated. Based upon July 1 each calendar year.

² Source: Wilton Board of Education (FYE June Reports)

(Exclusive of Pre-School Enrollment)

³ Source: Connecticut Department of Labor June of each year.

⁴ Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2012		
Employer	Nature of Business	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Town Employment
ASML Lithography Systems	Printing Machinery & Equipment	800	1	10.3 %
Deloitte & Touche	Accounting & Consulting	450	2	5.8
Bridgewater Associates Investments	Investment Advisors	310	3	4.0
The Nielsen Company LLC	Managament Consulting Services	300	4	3.8
Ryan Partnership	Management Consulting Services	233	5	3.0
Louis Dreyfus Commodities LLC	Coomodities Brokerahge/Property Man-	225	6	2.9
Melissa & Doug LLC	Toy and Puzzle Wholesaler	198	7	2.5
The Sun Products Corporation	Household Products Provider	183	8	2.3
The Common Fund	Investment Services	161	9	2.1
Tracy Locke	Marketing Communications Services	160	10	2.1
Nursing & Homecare	Regional Public Health Nursing Agency	-	-	-
TLP, Inc	Advertising Services	-		-
Pan Am Sat	Broadcasting	-		-
New America Marketing	Advertising services	-		-
Beiersdorf, Inc.	Pharmaceutical Preparations	-		-
Marketing Drive Worldwide	Marketing & Promotional Strategies	=		-
L'AMY, Inc	Advertising Services	**		1-2
Total		2,710		38.8

Source: Community Development Department and Bond Official Statement Telephone Survey

	2003	
Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Town Employment
		- %
450	1	5.9
450	i	5.8
-		-
-	-	-
		-
248	3	3.3
-	-	-
-	-	-
100	10	1.3
-	-	-
235	4	3.1
180	5	2.4
168	6	2.2
250	2	3.3
125	7	1.6
100	8	1.3
100	9	1.3
100	J	
1,956		25.7 %



Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the Town's financial report relates to the services the Town provides and the activities it performs. These schedules include:

Full-Time Equivalent Town Government Employees by Function/Program

Operating Indicators by Function/Program

Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM (As of June 30 for each year)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2012	2011	2010	2009
Full Time				
General Government	42	44	43	43
Police	47	47	47	48
Fire	30	30	30	30
Public Works	21	21	21	21
Recreation and Parks	11	11	11	11
Library	33	31	32	32
Education	585	582	653	612
Total	769	766	837	797
Permanent Part Time				
General Government	12	12	12	11
Police	3	3	3	3
Recreation and Parks	1	1	1	1
20020	16	16	16	15

Source: Town and Board of Education Human Resources Departments. N/A - Information not available.

2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003
42 48 30 23 12 31 658	42 48 30 23 12 29 610	41 48 30 24 12 24 602	N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A
844	794	781			
11 3 	10 3 13	7 3 	N/A N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A N/A

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2012	2011	2010	2009
General Government:				
Building Permits Residential Issued	10	7	7	7
Value	7,960,090	4,825,220	5,792,575	5,607,940
Building Permits Commercial Issued	7,000,000	84	53	44
Value	23,430,313	29,805,444	8,001,542	39,159,116
Police:		,,	,	•
Homicide	1	-		1
Sexual Assaults	7	2	2	2
Assaults	7	3	6	6
Breach of Peace	66	55	67	36
Robbery	_	1	-	2
Burglary	22	33	22	23
Larceny	119	122	166	104
Motor Vehicle accidents	692	730	732	721
EMS Assists	1,181	1,205	1,178	1,185
DUI	86	82	71	65
Domestic Disputes	123	145	116	111
Fire:				•
Fire Related Incidents	946	1,000	913	818
EMS Incidents	681	758	723	855
Plan Reviews	39	67	74	_51
Inspection Visits	438	481	419	571
Refuse Collection:				
Refuse Collected (Tons Per Day)	13.25	14.45	15.15	19.61
Recyclables Collected (Tons Per Day)	3.65	2.87	2.40	2.51
Other Public Works:				
Street Resurfacing (Miles)	4	4	4	4
Recreation and Parks:	4.070	4.540	5.004	4.000
Athletic Field Permits Issued	4,973	4,546	5,094	4,822
Community Center Admissions	914	862	802	766 5.403
Number of Program Registrations	6,237	6,737	5,521	5,493
Program Fees	1,019,068	929,561	852,721	779,991
Merwin Meadows (Swimming Fees)	40,615	40,102	28,476	20,751
Social Services:	FC0	220	120	139
Households served	568	328	120	139
Client Contacts:	240	540	N/A	N/A
Elderly	340 350	340	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
Family	96	100	N/A	N/A
Single	368	298	N/A	N/A
Information and Referral	1,251	1,028	N/A	N/A
Food and Pantry Visits	7,3 4 7	6,654	5,128	4,811
Senior Center Visits	1,041	0,034	5, 120	7,011
Library: Volumes in Collection	136,211	133,720	135,796	137,512
Total Volumes Borrowed	335,531	333,561	365,123	362,347
TOTAL VOIDINGS DOLLOWED	333,031	000,001	000, 120	OOZ, OTI

Source: Directors of each Department

N/A - Information not available

2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003
28	23	25	35	33	20
21,509,325	15,423,344	16,346,663	20,390,892	20,059,767	7,046,942
62	48	36	51	54	27
30,132,862	29,831,522	12,977,542	15,793,931	20,145,750	6,356,120
-	-	<u></u>	-	1	-
2	-	5	1_	2	-
5	5	4	7	3	6
13	15	20	17	10	3
3 19	5 12	2 14	21	17	13
120	111	139	140	93	107
810	791	894	967	964	984
1,072	1,103	1,054	981	971	920
102	110	115	96	122	73
60	68	45	50	53	45
960	911	944	869	870	781
860 786	752	732	657	654	598
780 77	79	65	103	n/a	n/a
243	224	403	484	n/a	n/a
21.46	25.13	26.13	25.97	25.38	23.12
2.85	2.90	3.06	3.51	3.77	3.69
4	4	4	4	4	4
3,586	2,815	4,796	3,886	3,163	1,392
820	1,261	1,033	1,480	1,550	881
6,082	5,946	5,645	5,880	5,300	4,995
686,453	659,415	566,113	458,293	463,601	N/A
24,400	29,856	21,675	34,440	31,617	23,510
179	228	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
5,419	5,829	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
144,092	140,941	142,892	139,882	130,300	128,681
329,873	307,286	262,848	279,622	301,190	313,545

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2012	2011	2010	2009
Police Stations	1	1	1	1
Fire Stations	2	2	2	2
Other Public Works - Streets (Miles)	127.1	127.1	127.10	127.18
Land Use (Acres): Residential Commercial Corporate Government/Institutional Public Parks/Open Space Private Open Space/Recreation Watershed Road and Utilities Total In Use Vacant Undeveloped Total Area	9,501 355 94 607 1,413 634 1,174 972 14,750 2,740 17,490	9,501 355 94 607 1,413 634 1,174 972 14,750 2,740 17,490	9,501 355 94 607 1,413 634 1,174 972 14,750 2,740 17,490	N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A
Wastewater: Sanitary Sewers (Miles)* Pump Stations	5.87 1	5.87 1	5.87 1	5.87 1

Source: Various Municipal Department Directors * - Does not include service connections.

N/A - Information not available.

2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003
1	1	1	1	1	1
2	2	2	2	2	2
127.18	127.18	127.18	127.18	127.16	127.16
N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A - N/A	N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A - N/A	N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A - N/A	N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A
5.87 1	5.87 1	5.22 1	5.22 1	5.09 1	4.95 1