TOWN OF WILTON, CONNECTICUT



COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

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Department of Finance

Anne Kelly-Lenz Chief Financial Officer

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

FINANCE DEPARTMENT Tel (203) 563-0114 Fax (203) 563-0299



TOWN HALL 238 Danbury Road Wilton, Connecticut 06897

December 29, 2016

To: First Selectman Lynne Vanderslice Board of Finance Board of Selectmen Citizens of Wilton, Connecticut

This audited financial statement of the Town of Wilton, Connecticut is being published for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016, in compliance with Connecticut State law, which requires every general-purpose local government to publish a complete set of audited financial statements within six months of the close of each fiscal year.

Town management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, which is based upon a comprehensive framework of internal controls that it has established. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of material misstatements.

Blum Shapiro & Co., P.C., Certified Public Accountants, have issued an unmodified opinion on the Town of Wilton, Connecticut's financial statement for the year ended June 30, 2016. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the Town of Wilton, Connecticut, was part of a broader state and federally mandated "Single Audit" designated to meet special needs of federal and state grantor agencies. The standards governing the Federal and State Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal and state awards. These reports are available in the Town's separately issued Federal and State Financial and Compliance Reports.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

The financial reporting entity (the government) includes all the funds of the primary government (i.e., the Town of Wilton as legally defined), as well as all of its component units. Component units are legally separate entities for which the primary government is financially accountable.

Town Profile

The Town of Wilton is located north of the City of Norwalk, south of the Town of Ridgefield, west of the Town of Weston, and east of the Town of New Canaan in Fairfield County, Connecticut. The Town operates under a Charter first granted in 1802 and most recently revised in 2009. The Town has all of the powers and privileges conferred upon the Town by the Constitution of the State of Connecticut, or by the General Statutes or applicable special acts including the Connecticut Home Rule Act of 1957. The legislative body of the Town is the Town Meeting with respect to specific matters provided for in the Town. The Town is administered by a First Selectman who serves as the chief executive officer and chief administrative officer. The First Selectman chairs a five-member elected Board of Selectmen. A six-member elected Board of Finance has all of the powers, duties, authorities and responsibilities conferred upon it by the Connecticut General Statutes and the Town Charter. It has access to the books of account and relevant records in the custody of the Board of Selectmen, Board of Education and any other organization receiving grants or subsidies from the Town, provided such access is in the agreement between the organization and the Town.

The Town of Wilton provides a full range of services including education, police and fire protection, planning and zoning, health, environmental protection, construction and maintenance of highways, streets, storm and sanitary sewers and infrastructure, social services, parks and recreational activities, and cultural events.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the Town's financial planning and control. All departments of the Town are required to submit revenue estimates and requests for appropriations to the Chief Financial Officer and the First Selectman. The Chief Financial Officer, First Selectman, and budget requesting departments review these requests and the First Selectman develops a budget to be presented to the Board of Selectmen. The Board of Selectmen presents a budget to the Board of Finance, with at least one public hearing on each, will review the requested Town and Board of Education budgets and make any changes they deem advisable prior to recommending a budget to the Town Meeting. The Town Meeting at the Annual Town meeting may reduce the recommended budget. Voting on the budget is by machine voting. Should the budget be rejected, as defined in the Town Charter, a Reconvened Town Meeting is held.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The information presented in the financial statements may be best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the Town operates

Local Economy. Wilton has a number of corporate parks which house national corporations and medium size businesses in many fields including consulting, marketing, finance and consumer products. Wilton is also home to several businesses in the healthcare industry including assisted living facilities and wellness centers. The vast majority of Wilton's residents are employed in a professional capacity including management, finance, marketing, education and healthcare. The Town's unemployment rate, based on the Connecticut Department of Labor, as of June 30, 2016 was 4.9% compared to Fairfield county and the State respectively of 5.5% and 5.9%. Bureau of Census data for the 2010 census identifies Median Family Income in Wilton of \$172,095.

Long-Term Financial Planning and Bond Issues. As a part of the annual budget process, the First Selectman prepares and presents a five-year capital plan. This plan identifies costs and financing methods for those capital projects that the Town anticipates funding over the next five years. The current five-year capital plan projects through fiscal year 2021. The plan provides for the needs not only of the general government but also the Board of Education and addresses such issues as infrastructure, major equipment replacement, educational facilities, public safety, recreation and open space. This plan projects total project costs over the five-year period of approximately \$34,328,604. Financing, before any possible state and federal project grants, for these projects will be provided through debt proceeds of approximately \$28,736,080, while an additional \$5,592,524 is scheduled to be funded through annual appropriation in the General Fund.

Major projects that may be bonded in the plan include: police station renovation (12,660,000) recreation facilities improvements (\$2,100,000); various school upgrades (\$4,950,000); road restoration (8,026,080) and public safety and protection (\$1,000,000).

The financial impact of these initiatives is reviewed on an ongoing basis.

Risk Management. The Town's risk management objective is to provide a safe environment for both employees and members of the public who utilize the services and facilities of the Town. Various insurance carriers cover major risks, and an outside professional continually reviews risks and coverages. All insurance coverages are adjusted accordingly based on this review of risk. Ongoing efforts are directed at preventing accidents and controlling exposure and financial loss.

The Town is fully insured through commercial insurance companies for various risks of loss related to property damage and liability with minor deductibles.

CIRMA provides Wilton's workers' compensation coverage through a paid loss program with a \$250,000 per occurrence deductible and \$650,000 annual aggregate. The limits are statutory benefits prescribed by Connecticut General Statutes. CIRMA has a 33-year track record of providing risk financing, claims management and risk management services exclusively to Connecticut municipalities, boards of education and local public agencies.

The Town and the Board of Education are self-insured for employee health claims. They both also have stop-loss coverage for health claims in excess of determined individual limits.

Pension Benefits. The Town is the administrator of a single-employer defined benefit pension plan (the Plan) that covers substantially all full-time employees of the Town, other than members of the Teamsters Union, certified teachers and other Board of Education personnel, who participate in a contributory retirement plan administered by the State Teachers' Retirement Board.

The Plan is considered to be part of the Town's financial reporting entity and is included in the Town's financial reports as a Pension Trust Fund. The Town's net pension liability at June 30, 2016 is \$110,269,574. The Plan is 91.01% funded.

The Trustees of the Retirement Plan for Employees of the Town of Wilton, Connecticut, include the five members of the Board of Selectmen and one member each from the Board of Finance and Board of Education and also the CFO of the Town.

For additional information on the Plan, please see footnote No. 4.

In July 2013, the Town withdrew from the Teamsters Pension Fund and agreed to monthly payments of \$12,479 through July 13, 2034. The balance in payments is \$2,695,763.

Teachers, principals, superintendents or supervisors engaged in service of public schools are provided with pensions through the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System, a cost sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Teachers Retirement Board. Chapter 167a of the State Statutes grants authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the Teachers Retirement Board. The Teachers Retirement Board issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ct.gov.

The Town reports no amounts for its proportionate share of the net pension liability, and related deferred outflows and inflows, due to the statutory requirement that the State pay 100% of the required contribution. For additional information on the Plan, please see footnote No. 4.b

Other Post Employment Benefits. The OPEB plan is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the Town of Wilton. The plan provides medical benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses as established through negotiations between the Town and the various unions representing the employees. Eligible full-time and part-time employees of the Town may elect to participate in the plan.

The plan is considered to be part of the Town's financial reporting entity and is included in the Town's financial report as the Other Post Employment Benefits Trust Fund. For additional information, please see footnote No. 5.

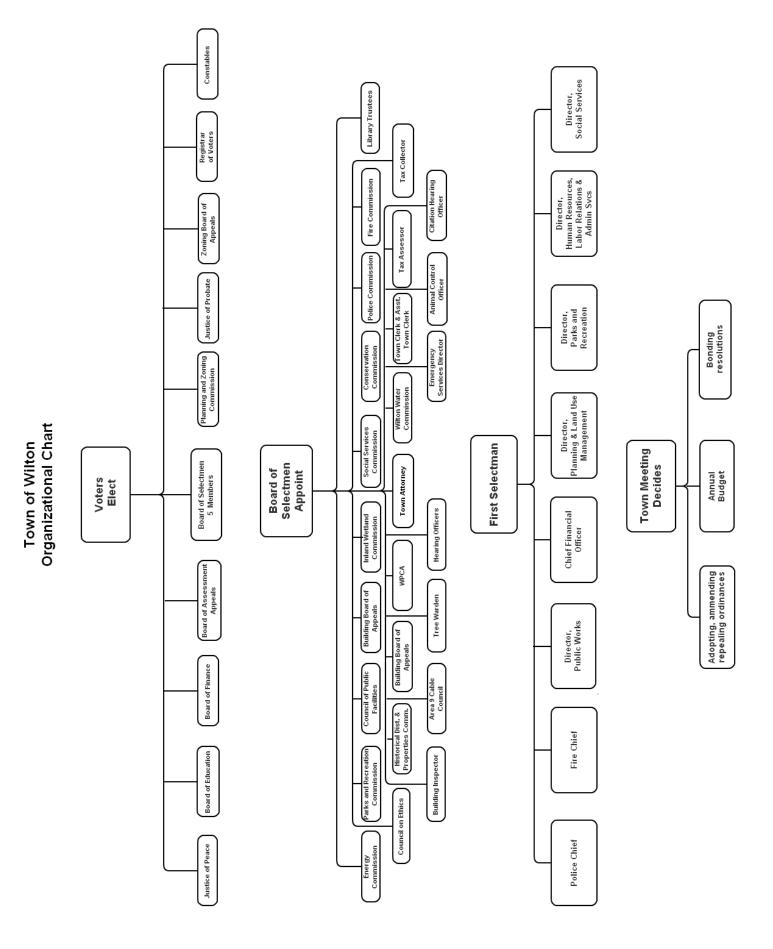
ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

I also wish to acknowledge the assistance of the audit team from Blum Shapiro & Co. P.C., for their professional approach to the audit, their information sharing and their provision of helpful recommendations to the Town of Wilton.

Respectfully submitted,

Ame Kelly-henz

Anne Kelly-Lenz Chief Financial Officer



TOWN OF WILTON, CONNECTICUT

PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

AS OF JUNE 30, 2016

FIRST SELECTMAN

Lynne A. Vanderslice

MAJOR DEPARTMENT DIRECTORS

Chief Financial Officer Chief of Police Fire Chief Planning and Zoning Social Services Parks and Recreation Human Resources, Labor Relations and Administration Department of Public Works

BOARD OF SELECTMEN

Second Selectman Member Member Member

BOARD OF FINANCE

Chairman Vice Chair Clerk Member Member Member

BOARD OF EDUCATION

Chairman Vice Chairman Secretary Member Member Member Bruce M. Likely Glenn Hemmerle Christine Finkelstein Lory Rothstein Laura Schwemm Chris Stroup

FINANCE DEPARTMENT

Controller

Richard K. McArdle

Michael P. Kaelin Richard J. Dubow David K. Clune Lori A. Bufano

Anne Kelly-Lenz Robert Crosby

Ronald Kanterman

Catherine M. Pierce

Thomas W. Thurkettle

Stephen M. Pierce

Sarah L. Taffel

Robert J. Nerney

Jeffery G. Rutishauser Warren L. Serenbetz, Jr. Richard Creeth John Kalamarides Walter Kress Peter Balderston

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Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Town of Wilton Connecticut

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2015

a states

Executive Director/CEO



The Seal features a circular design, bordered by a laurel enclosing the words Town of Wilton Connecticut. The center is occupied by an image of the Lambert House, built by David Lambert I in 1726 as Wilton's most elegant home of its day and currently one of the oldest buildings in town. The seal is completed with the word Seal and the year of Wilton's Charter.

FINANCIAL SECTION



Accounting Tax Business Consulting

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Finance Town of Wilton, Connecticut

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the businesstype activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Wilton, Connecticut, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Wilton, Connecticut's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Wilton, Connecticut, as of June 30, 2016 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 3 to the financial statements, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the Town adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 15, the budgetary comparison information on pages 61 through 64, and the pension schedules on pages 65 through 68 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Wilton, Connecticut's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 29, 2016 on our consideration of the Town of Wilton, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of Wilton, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Blum, Shapino + Company, P.C.

West Hartford, Connecticut December 29, 2016

Town of Wilton, Connecticut Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2016

As management of the Town of Wilton, Connecticut (the Town), we offer readers of the Town's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the letter of transmittal and the Town's financial statements that follow this section.

Financial Highlights

In fiscal 2016, the Town's net assets increased by \$1,134,613 or 0.9% to \$125,258,843. On the government-wide basis, including all governmental activities and business-type activities, the Town's net assets exceeded its liabilities on June 30, 2016 by \$125,258,843. Of this amount, \$23,617,497 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the Town's ongoing obligations. Overall, the continuing high level of net assets contributes to the Town's financial strength.

The Town's governmental funds, which are reported on a current financial resource basis, had a combined ending fund balance of \$36,636,836 a decrease of \$5,201,622 from the prior fiscal year-end period due to a decrease in the General Fund of \$1,109,104, a decrease in the Capital Projects Fund of \$6,086,424 offset by an increase in the Non Major Governmental Funds of \$1,903,906.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to provide an introduction to the Town's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains supplementary information and a statistical section. The statistical section provides comparisons of selected information for the past several years.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a general understanding of the Town's finances. All of the resources the Town has at its disposal are reported, including major capital assets such as buildings and infrastructure. In addition, a thorough accounting of the costs of government operations as well as its revenue sources is provided.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the Town's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town is improving or deteriorating. However, other non-financial factors need to be considered as well, including changes in the Town's property tax base and the condition of the Town's capital assets, to assess the overall health of the Town.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the Town's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods. Uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave are examples of these types of items.

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Town that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities).

Governmental activities of the Town encompass most of the Town's basic services, including education, public safety, general government, public works, public health and welfare and recreation and parks. Property taxes, intergovernmental grants and charges for services finance the majority of the activities.

Business-type activities of the Town include the Water Pollution Control Authority and the Transfer Station. They are reported as business-type activities because the Town charges fees to service users to cover all or most of the costs of operations.

The government-wide financial statements (Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities) can be found on pages 16 and 17 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control and accountability over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The Town has three kinds of funds, as follows:

<u>Governmental Funds</u> Governmental fund financial statements consist of a balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances. They are prepared on an accounting basis that is significantly different from that used to prepare the government-wide financial statements.

In general, these financial statements have a short-term emphasis and, for the most part, measure and account for cash and other assets that can easily be converted to cash. For example, amounts reported on the balance sheet include items such as cash and receivables collectible within a year, but do not include capital assets such as land and buildings and improvements. The difference between a fund's total assets and total liabilities is labeled as the fund balance, and generally indicates the amount that can be used to finance the next fiscal year's activities. Likewise, the operating statement for governmental funds reports only those revenues and expenditures that were collected in cash or paid with cash, respectively, during the current period or very shortly after the end of the year.

For the most part, the balances and activities accounted for in governmental funds are also reported in the governmental activities columns of the government-wide financial statements. However, because different accounting bases are used to prepare fund financial statements and governmental-wide financial statements, there are often significant differences between the totals presented in these financial statements. For this reason, there is an analysis on page 19 that reconciles the total fund balance to the amount of net assets presented in the governmental activities column on the statement of net position. In addition, there is an analysis on page 21 that reconciles the total change in fund balances for all governmental funds to the change in net assets as reported in the governmental activities column in the statement of activities.

The Town adopts an annual budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement is provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with the authorized budget. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance on a Budgetary Basis is presented on pages 20 and 21.

The basic governmental fund financial statements (Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances) can be found on pages 18 through 21 of this report.

<u>Proprietary Funds</u> Proprietary Fund financial statements consist of a statement of net position, statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position and statement of cash flows. These are prepared on an accounting basis that is similar to the basis used to prepare the government wide financial statements. For financial reporting purposes, proprietary funds are grouped into Enterprise Funds and Internal Service Funds.

The Town maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise Funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statement. The Town uses Enterprise Funds to account for its Water Pollution Control Authority and the Transfer Station. The Town uses its Internal Service Funds to account for employee health benefits costs and workers' compensation costs for both the Town and Board of Education ("BOE") employees. Because the Internal Service Funds predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they are included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary Funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Water Pollution Control Authority which is considered to be a major proprietary fund and the Transfer Station which is considered to be a non-major proprietary fund. In addition, individual fund data for the Internal Service Funds are provided in separate columns in the Proprietary Fund financial statements.

The propriety fund financial statements can be found on pages 22 through 24 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to provide services to the Town's constituency. The Town's fiduciary funds include the Pension Trust Fund, Other Post Employment Benefits Trust Fund and the Student Activity Funds. The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 25 and 26 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 27 through 60 of this report.

Town of Wilton, Connecticut Net Positions (\$000's Omitted)

By far the largest portion of the Town's net assets (81%) is its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment and infrastructure); net of accumulated depreciation and any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

		Gover Act				Busines Activi	••	Total			
	-	2016		2015	· -	2016	2015	 2016	2015		
Current assets Capital assets, net of	\$	59,299	\$	61,112	\$	8,952 \$	7,316	\$ 68,250 \$	68,428		
accumulated depreciation		167,195		151,530		4,257	4,395	171,452	155,925		
Total assets	-	226,494		212,642	· -	13,208	11,711	 239,702	224,353		
Deferred outflows of resource	es _	13,359		9,428				 13,359	9,428		
Current liabilities Long-term liabilities		22,605		18,595		108	143	22,713	18,738		
outstanding		95,420		86,079				95,420	86,079		
Total liabilities	-	118,025		104,674		108	143	 118,133	104,817		
Deferred inflows of resources	; _	9,583		4,664		87	176	 9,669	4,840		
Net Position: Net investments in											
capital assets		97,230		90,873		4,257	4,394	101,487	95,267		
Restricted		115		115		40	40	155	155		
Unrestricted	_	14,901		21,744		8,717	6,958	 23,617	28,702		
Total Net Position	\$_	112,245	\$_	112,732	\$	13,014 \$	11,392	\$ 125,259 \$	124,124		

Net assets increased by \$1,134,613 from June 30, 2016 as shown in the following table.

		Governmental Activities				Busines Activ	-	-	Total			
	_	2016		2015		2016		2015		2016		2015
Revenues:			. –						_			
Program revenues:												
Charges for services	\$	6,086	\$	6,407	\$	2,814	\$	2,275	\$	8,899	\$	8,682
Operating grants and												
contributions		13,257		12,346						13,257		12,346
Capital grants and												
contributions		460		671						460		671
General revenues:												
Property taxes		115,648		113,133						115,648		113,133
Grants not restricted to												
specific programs		142		249						142		249
Unrestricted investment												
earnings		356		226		109		73		465		299
Miscellaneous revenue		1,135		78						1,135		78
Total revenues	-	137,084	-	133,110		2,923		2,348		140,006		135,458
Expenses:												
General government		10,187		2,622						10,187		2,622
Public safety		14,834		14,412						14,834		14,412
Public works		6,136		6,621						6,136		6,621
Public health and welfare		2,108		2,032						2,108		2,032
Recreation and parks commission		2,908		9,146						2,908		9,146
Education		99,707		94,323						99,707		94,323
Interest		1,416		2,727						1,416		2,727
WPCA						819		789		819		789
Transfer station						757		662		757		662
Total expenses	_	137,295	· -	131,883	· _	1,577		1,451	· –	138,872		133,334
Change in net position before transfers		(211)		1,228		1,346		896		1,135		2,124
Transfers		(275)		(187)		275		187		-		-
Change in net position	_	(486)		1,041		1,621		1,083		1,135		2,124
Net Position at Beginning of Year, as Restated	_	112,732		111,691		11,393		10,309		124,124		122,000
Net Position at End of Year	\$_	112,245	\$	112,732	\$	13,014	\$	11,392	\$	125,259	\$	124,124

Town of Wilton, Connecticut Changes in Net Position (\$000's Omitted)

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position and an important determinant of its ability to finance services in the future. As shown in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets above, the revenues of governmental activities were less than expenses by \$0.5 million. There are two classes of governmental activities revenue: program revenue and general revenue. As the classifications imply, program specific revenue is directly associated with and/or generated by specific programs. General revenue, such as property taxes and interest on investments, is not. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

84.4% of the governmental activities revenue was derived from property taxes, followed by 9.7% from grants and contributions. Fees accounted for 4.4% and interest and other miscellaneous revenues accounted for 1.5%.

Major revenue factors included:

- Property tax revenue increased 2.2%. The current year mill rate was 26.83 compared to 26.51 for the prior fiscal year. The Grand List increased 0..72%.
- Interest income in the general fund of \$242,754 was greater than budgeted by \$175,606. During the course of the year, the Town invested in secure mortgage backed securities with an average life of up to 4 years offering higher returns than interest bearing bank accounts. The Town also invested in certificates of deposit with maturities laddered from one to three years.

An unrealized gain of \$77,842 was recorded on the mortgage backed securities and certificates of deposit to record the market value as of June 30, 2016.

Charges for Services were greater than budgeted by \$76,498. Major drivers were Environmental Affairs permits, \$46,254, Health Department Fees \$69,200 offset by lower Building Department Permits of \$60,292 and lower Town Clerk Fees of \$20,591. Miscellaneous Revenue was \$1,060,435,the major revenue was sale of Town owned land for \$907,800.

Major expense factors included:

Board of Selectmen's operating budget was under-expended by \$2,142,679. These savings were achieved despite an austere budget. General Government savings amounted to \$375,106, including a savings in Human Resources due to lower legal costs for personnel related issues offset by Town Counsel Fees due litigation costs. Public Safety costs were favorable to budget due to Police Department \$304,117 and Central Dispatch \$98,615 offset by Fire Department Expenditure over budget by \$85,404. The Capital Outlay budget was under expended by \$863,738. The Town did not use any of the Additional Appropriation funds budgeted resulting in savings of \$1,230,046.

Business-Type Activities

Business-type activities consist of the Water Pollution Control Authority (WPCA) and the Transfer Station. These activities increased the Town's net assets by \$1,620,956.

The WPCA operates the Town's liquid waste system, which consists of collection infrastructure but no treatment facilities. Sewage treatment is provided by the City of Norwalk, Connecticut ("City") under a contract with the Town's WPCA. Capital assessments, user charges and interest comprise the WPCA's revenues. Capital assessments are levied by the WPCA on properties that benefit from sewer construction. The assessments may be paid over twenty years with interest. By general statute, income from assessment payments may be used only for debt service on sewer-related bonds and for capital improvements to the system. The Town has no sewer debt outstanding as of June 30, 2016. User charges are established annually to pay for operating expenses, including the non-debt service component of the City fee. For fiscal 2016, the WPCA's operations resulted in an increase of \$1,667,182 in net assets of business-type activities due to new sewer lines and assessments.

The Town's Transfer Station accepts and then transfers solid waste of the Town from both commercial haulers and citizens. This includes trash and recyclables. As of January 1, 2014 the Town entered into an agreement with City Carting and Recycling, Inc. for the disposing of municipal solid waste. The agreement runs through June 30, 2019. There is no minimum or maximum tonnage that the Town is required to deliver to City Carting and Recycling. As of January 1, 2014 the Town entered into agreement with City Carting and Recycling. As of January 1, 2014 the Town entered into agreement with City Carting and Recycling for recyclables. The agreement runs through June 30, 2019. The Town receives \$20 for each ton of recyclables delivered to City Carting. Transfer Station operations resulted in a decrease in net assets of \$46,226.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with generally accepted accounting principles and emphasize accountability, segregating specific activities in accordance with laws, regulations or special restrictions.

Governmental Funds The focus of the Town's governmental funds accounting and disclosures is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and types and amounts of available resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's cash needs, financing requirements and available resources. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The Town's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$36,636,836. For the General Fund, the unassigned balance was \$15,889,294 or 12.2% of revenues and other financing sources. This is an increase of \$562,432 from June 30, 2015. All other governmental funds reported ending fund balances of \$14,874,921, a decrease of \$4,182,518 primarily due to increased expenditures for capital projects.

The following table shows the fund types comprising governmental funds and compares their fund balances for fiscal years 2016 and 2015.

TOWN OF WILTON, CONNECTICUT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SUMMARY OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES (000'S OMITTED) AND FUND BALANCES YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015

	Other											
		Gene	ral			Governm	ental		Totals			
Fund Types		2016		2015		2016		2015		2016		2015
Revenues and other												
financing sources	\$	130,614	\$	136,866	\$	29,755	\$	28,837	\$	160,369	\$	165,723
Expenditures and other												
financing uses		131,633		136,241		33,937		14,605		165,570		150,846
Net change		(1,019)		645		(4,182)		14,332		(5,201)		14,877
Beginning fund balance		22,781		22,136		19,057		4,826		41,838		26,962
Ending Fund Balance	\$	21,762	\$	22,781	\$	14,875	\$	19,058	\$_	36,637	\$	41,839
Components of fund balance:												
Nonspendable:												
Prepaid expenditures	\$	107	\$	93	\$	21	\$	21	\$	128	\$	114
Inventories						46		35		46		35
Restricted:												
Capital projects						11,254		17,341		11,254		17,341
Permanent Funds						124		110		124		110
Committed to:												
Public Works						312		311		312		311
Public Safety						21		15		21		15
Education						1,176		1,091		1,176		1,091
Culture & Recreation programs						104		126		104		126
Grants						1				1		
Designation for assessment appeals		1,167		917						1,167		917
Designation for Heart and Hypertensio	n	85		85						85		85
Assigned:												
Purchases on order:												
Parks & Recreation		14		18						14		18
Public Works		217								217		
Public safety		2		53						2		53
Capital projects		46		95						46		95
Stadium Turf		29								29		
Debt Service				951		1,816				1,816		951
Education		95		413		,				95		413
Designation for subsequent year		4,111		4,829						4,111		4,829
Unassigned		15,889		15,327				8		15,889		15,335
Total Fund Balance	\$	21,762	\$	22,781	_\$_	14,875	\$	19,058	\$	36,637	\$	41,839

<u>General Fund</u> At June 30, 2016 the total General Fund balance was \$21,761,915 of which \$15,889,294 was unassigned. This is 12.2% of expenditures and other financing uses and 12.2% of revenues and other financing sources. The total fund balance decreased by \$1,019,104.

Actual revenues reflected positive variances aggregating \$1,823,478 as compared to the final budget. Collections on property taxes and interest and lien fees resulted in \$443,016 in revenue in excess of budget. Total charges for services resulted in \$76,498 in revenues in excess of budget. Expenditures posted a favorable variance compared to the final budget of \$3,372,725.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights (000's Omitted)

The difference between the original and final budget was \$442,270 consisted of unobligated capital appropriations continued from fiscal 2015. The following table summarizes the budget operating results:

		Fi	scal 2016				Fi	scal 2015		
	 Final Budget		Budget Basis Actual	٩)	Positive legative) 'ariance	 Final Budget	Budget Basis Actual		Positive (Negative) Variance	
Revenues and other financing sources Expenditures and other	\$ 119,405	\$	121,229	\$	1,824	\$ 117,219		119,191	\$	1,972
financing uses	 124,127		120,017		4,110	 121,151		118,750		2,401
Subtotal	\$ (4,722)	\$	1,212	\$	5,934	\$ (3,932)	\$	441	\$	4,373

The detail of budget variances is shown on pages 61 through 64 of this report. The revenue variances for the year are shown in the following table (000's omitted):

		Fisc	al 2016					Fi	scal 2016		
			Budget	Р	ositive				Budget	Р	ositive
	Final		Basis		(Negative)		Final	Basis		(N	egative)
	Budget		Actual	V	ariance		Budget		Actual	Va	ariance
Property taxes, interest											
and lien fees	\$ 114,717	\$	115,160	\$	443	\$	112,388	\$	112,998	\$	610
Intergovernmental	2,529		2,573		44		2,703		2,695		(8)
Charges for services	1,672		1,749		77		1,586		1,776		190
Use of money and property	145		321		176		205		214		9
Other	 342		1,426		1,084		337		1,508		1,171
Total	\$ 119,405	\$	121,229	\$	1,824	\$	117,219	\$	119,191	\$	1,972

Of the property tax variance, \$268,454 current property taxes, \$89,916 is due to supplemental motor vehicle taxes and \$115,137 is due to interest and lien fees. Once again, the Town achieved very strong results in all areas of tax collections. The combined current levy collection rate was 99.4%. This favorable result was enabled by a continued strong and diverse tax base. The positive variance in Other Revenue was largely due to an unbudgeted receipt of funds for reimbursement of funds for the Bus Barn fuel tanks.

The expenditure variances for the year are shown in the following table:

			Fi	sacl 2016					F	iscal 2015		
	Final Budget Actual		Actual	Positive (Negative) Variance			Final Budget		Actual	(Ne	ositive egative) ariance	
General government	\$	6,299	\$	5,924	\$	375	\$	6,268	\$	5,633	\$	635
Public Safety		13,033		12,641		392		13,321		12,994		327
Public Works		3,364		3,302		62		3,247		3,401		(154)
Public Health & Welfare		2,022		1,997		25		1,985		1,963		22
Other		4,176		3,893		283		3,610		3,871		(261)
Recreation and Park												. ,
Commission		1,910		1,714		196		1,879		1,864		15
Board of Education		79,956		79,865		91		78,401		78,336		65
Capital outlay		1,796		932		864		1,649		1,193		456
Debt service		10,616		10,762		(146)		9,102		9,084		18
Additional appropriations		1,230				1,230		1,175				1,175
Total	\$	124,402	\$	121,030	\$	3,372	\$	118,105	\$	114,598	\$	2,298

General Fund Expenditures Fiscal Years 2016 and 2015 (000's Omitted)

The Town did not use any of the Additional Appropriations budgeted of \$1,230,046.

The BOE ended fiscal 2016 with a final positive variance to budget of \$90,786.

The Medical Health Insurance Internal Service Fund ended the year with a decrease in net assets of \$770,957 and a resulting fund balance of \$4,074,370.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Asset Balance at Year End (\$000's Omitted) (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)

		Governmental Activities			Busin Act		Total			
	_	2016	_	2015	 2016		2015	 2016		2015
Land	\$	22,272 \$	\$	22,416	\$ 129	\$	129	\$ 22,401	\$	22,545
Buildings and improvements		87,451		90,847			3	87,451		90,850
Machinery and equipment		3,959		4,375	92		118	4,051		4,493
Infrastructure		24,499		25,009	4,036		4,145	28,535		29,154
Construction in progress		29,014		8,883				 29,014		8,883
Total	\$_	167,195	\$ <u> </u>	151,530	\$ 4,257	\$	4,395	\$ 171,452	\$	155,925

<u>Capital Assets</u> The Town's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2016, is \$171,451,757 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment includes land, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment and infrastructure.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included sewer mains, athletic fields, vehicles, rolling stock, fire apparatus and school improvements.

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found on pages 39 and 40 (Note 3 Section C) of this report.

Long-term Debt At the end of the fiscal year, the Town had total bonded debt outstanding of \$81,778,000 all of which is backed by the full faith and credit of the government. Although all of the Town's bonded debt is secured by the Town's full taxing power, \$99,651 will be paid from water capital assessments.

General Obligation Bonds Outstanding at June 30 (\$000's Omitted)

	Governr Activi		Business- Activiti	••	Total				
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015			
General obligation bonds	\$ <u>81,778</u> \$	74,075 \$	\$_	\$	81,778_\$	74,075			

The Town maintains an "Aaa" rating from Moody's Investors Service.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to seven times its annual tax collections. At June 30, 2016, the Town's statutory debt limitation was \$806,633,457.

Additional information on the Town's long-term debt can be found on pages 42 through 45 of this report.

Pension and Other Post Employment Benefits

The Town maintains a defined benefit, contributory pension plan for eligible employees of the Town, the Board of Education and the Wilton Library Association. According to an actuarial valuation dated June 30, 2016 the plan's funded ratio is 91%. The Board of Finance adopted the following policy of making additional contributions, depending upon the Plan's funded ratio.

Funded Ratio	Employer's Contribution
Less than 85%	120% of actuary's recommendation
85% to 89.9%	115% of actuary's recommendation
90% to 99.9%	110% of actuary's recommendation
>99%	100% of actuary's recommendation

In accordance with the policy above, the actual contribution was \$3,136,270.

The summarized operating results of The Retirement Trust are (000's omitted):

Revenues: Employer's Contribution Employee Contribution Net Changes in Fair Value of Investments Interest and Dividends	\$ 3,136 1,228 (1,327) 1,955
Total Additions	4,992
Expenses: Pension Benefits Administration Fees	4,466 267 4,733
Change in Net Position	259
Balance Beginning of Year	100,097
Balance End of Year	\$ 100,356

In order to comply with GASB Statement No. 45, the Town created an Other Post-Employment Benefits Trust on July 1, 2007. The purpose of the trust is to account for the financing of post-employment health insurance for eligible employees of the Town and the BOE. Based on a July, 2014 actuarial valuation, applicable for fiscal years 2015 and 2016 and (using a 7.25 discount rate) the Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) was \$7,665,302 and the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) was \$3,226,883. The Annual Required Contribution (ARC) for fiscal 2016 was \$570,912 which the Town made in July 2014.

The summarized operating results of the OPEB Trust's Plan are (000's omitted):

Revenues:	
Employer's Contribution	\$ 571
Employee/retiree Contributions	391
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments	(2)
Interest and dividends	63
	1,023
Expenses	
Insurance Premiums, Benefits and	
Administration	525
Change in Net Position	498
Balance Beginning of Year	4,809
Balance End of Year	\$ 5,307

The components of the employer's contribution consisted of \$261,034 contributed by the Town and \$309,878 contributed by the Board of Education.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

TOWN OF WILTON, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

	(Governmental Activities	-	Business-Type Activities	_	Total
Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	48,314,136	\$	3,107,253 \$;	51,421,389
Investments	-	7,530,714	-	2,690,400		10,221,114
Receivables, net:						
Property taxes		2,083,219				2,083,219
Accounts		122,636		14,433		137,069
Intergovernmental		696,417				696,417
Special assessments				3,250,867		3,250,867
Due from fiduciary fund				266,819		266,819
Internal balances		378,191		(378,191)		-
Prepaid expenses		127,911				127,911
Inventories		45,568				45,568
Capital assets, nondepreciable		51,285,957		128,955		51,414,912
Capital assets, net of accumulated						
depreciation	-	115,909,135	-	4,127,710	_	120,036,845
Total assets	-	226,493,884	-	13,208,246	_	239,702,130
Deferred Outflows of Resources:		4 470 077				4 470 077
Deferred charge on refunding		1,476,377				1,476,377
Changes related to projected investment earnings		8,556,490				8,556,490
Changes related to pension assumptions	-	3,326,384	-		_	3,326,384
Total deferred outflows of resources	-	13,359,251	-			13,359,251
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued items		10,801,691		107,924		10,909,615
Unearned revenue		800,504		101,021		800,504
Noncurrent liabilities:		000,001				000,001
Due within one year		10,993,694				10,993,694
Due in more than one year		95,419,999				95,419,999
Total liabilities	-	118,025,162	-	107,924	-	118,133,086
	-	,	-	,.	_	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Advance property tax collections		4,346,957				4,346,957
Advance fee collections				86,813		86,813
Changes related to pension actuarial experience		736,166				736,166
Changes related to pension assumptions	_	4,499,516	_			4,499,516
Total deferred inflows of resources		9,582,639		86,813		9,669,452
Net Position:						
Net investment in capital assets		97,230,076		4,256,665		101,486,741
Restricted for trust purposes		114,605				114,605
Restricted for maintenance				40,000		40,000
Unrestricted	-	14,900,653	-	8,716,844	_	23,617,497
Total Net Position	\$_	112,245,334	\$_	13,013,509 \$; _	125,258,843

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

TOWN OF WILTON, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

				Pro	ogram Revenue	s		Net Revenue (Expense) and Changes in Net Position					
Function/Program Activities	Expenses	- -	Charges for Services	(Operating Grants and Contributions	•	Capital Grants and Contributions	C	Sovernmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total
Governmental activities:													
General government	\$ 10,186,998	\$	2,053,781	\$	372,249	\$		\$	(7,760,968)	\$		\$	(7,760,968)
Public safety	14,833,779		49,304		159,388				(14,625,087)				(14,625,087)
Public works	6,135,691				315,938		312,200		(5,507,553)				(5,507,553)
Public health and welfare	2,107,643		62,550		17,400				(2,027,693)				(2,027,693)
Recreation and parks commission	2,908,010		774,240		12,832				(2,120,938)				(2,120,938)
Education	99,706,721		3,145,803		12,365,380		147,317		(84,048,221)				(84,048,221)
Interest	1,416,173				14,057				(1,402,116)				(1,402,116)
Total governmental activities	137,295,015		6,085,678	_	13,257,244		459,517	_	(117,492,576)	_	-		(117,492,576)
Business-type activities:													
Water Pollution Control Authority	819,491		2,377,680								1,558,189		1,558,189
Transfer station	757,173		435,833								(321,340)		(321,340)
Total business-type activities	1,576,664		2,813,513	_	-		-	_	-	_	1,236,849		1,236,849
Total	\$138,871,679	\$	8,899,191	\$	13,257,244	\$	459,517		(117,492,576)	_	1,236,849		(116,255,727)
	General revenue	26.											
	Property taxes								115,648,084				115,648,084
	Grants and cor	ntribu	utions not restric	ted t	o specific progra	am	S		142,269				142,269
	Unrestricted in	vesti	ment earnings						355,970		109,107		465,077
	Miscellaneous		-						1,134,910				1,134,910
	Transfers							_	(275,000)		275,000	_	-
	Total general	l rev	enues and trans	fers				_	117,006,233	_	384,107		117,390,340

17

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

(486,343)

112,245,334 \$

112,731,677

\$

1,620,956

11,392,553

13,013,509 \$ 125,258,843

1,134,613

124,124,230

Change in net position

Net Position at End of Year

Net Position at Beginning of Year

TOWN OF WILTON, CONNECTICUT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

	_	General		Capital Projects	_	Nonmajor Governmenta Funds	1	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Property taxes receivable, net	\$	23,134,644 7,530,714 2,083,219	\$	16,983,453	\$	3,519,369	\$	43,637,466 7,530,714 2,083,219
Due from other governments Other receivables, net Due from other funds Prepaid expenditures		267,650 94,063 506,824 106,439		115,692		428,767 28,573 912,145 21,472		696,417 122,636 1,534,661 127,911
Inventories	_	,			_	45,568	-	45,568
Total Assets	\$_	33,723,553	\$	17,099,145	=\$	4,955,894	\$	55,778,592
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RI	ESC) FU	IND BALANC	ES	;		
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable and accrued items	\$	3,917,710	\$	5,841,954	\$		\$	9,937,919
Due to other funds Due to other governments		1,553,491 8,281		2,923		392,529		1,948,943 8,281
Unearned revenue	_	36,047			_	764,457	-	800,504
Total liabilities	_	5,515,529		5,844,877	-	1,335,241	-	12,695,647
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Unavailable revenue - property taxes Unavailable revenue - school construction		1,944,397						1,944,397
grant receivable		154,755						154,755
Advance property tax collections		4,346,957			_		-	4,346,957
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	6,446,109		-	-		-	6,446,109
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable		106,439				67,040		173,479
Restricted				11,254,268		121,573		11,375,841
Committed		1,252,447				3,432,040		4,684,487
Assigned		4,513,735						4,513,735
Unassigned	_	15,889,294			_		-	15,889,294
Total fund balances	_	21,761,915		11,254,268	_	3,620,653	-	36,636,836
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	33 723 553	\$	17,099,145	¢	4,955,894	\$	55,778,592
NUSULUES AND I UND DAIALUES	Ψ=	55,125,555	= ^ψ =	17,033,140	= Ψ	7,355,034	-Ψ	33,110,332

(Continued on next page)

TOWN OF WILTON, CONNECTICUT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2016

Reconciliation of the B	Balance Sheet - Governme	ental Funds to the State	ment of Net Position:

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit I) are different because of the following:

Fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit III)		\$	36,636,836
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:			
Governmental capital assets Less accumulated depreciation Net capital assets	\$ 255,898,199 (88,703,107)	-	167,195,092
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds:			
Property tax receivables greater than 30 days Interest receivable on property taxes Receivable from the state for school construction projects Deferred outflows related to actuarial assumptions Deferred outflows related to projected investment earnings			1,914,461 29,936 154,755 3,326,384 8,556,490
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of risk management to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities in the statement of net position.			4,205,396
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:			
Bonds payable Heart and hypertension claims Teamsters pension plan withdrawal liability Deferred charge on refunding Premium on bonds Interest payable on bonds Net pension liability Deferred inflows related to actuarial experience Deferred inflows related to actuarial assumptions Capital lease Compensated absences		-	(81,778,000) (836,243) (2,695,463) 1,476,377 (4,086,682) (863,215) (9,913,401) (736,166) (4,499,516) (1,922,219) (3,919,488)
Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit I)		\$_	112,245,334

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

TOWN OF WILTON, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		General		Capital Projects	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:	-		-			
Property taxes, interest and lien fees	\$	115,159,880	\$		\$	\$ 115,159,880
Intergovernmental revenues		11,964,934			1,971,082	13,936,016
Charges for services		1,748,748			3,760,097	5,508,845
Use of money and property		320,606		17,958	2,862	341,426
Other local revenues		1,452,348		248,364	110,287	1,810,999
Total revenues	-	130,646,516	-	266,322	5,844,328	136,757,166
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government		5,910,482		135	96,013	6,006,630
Public safety		12,738,128			32,918	12,771,046
Public works		3,084,639		137,603		3,222,242
Public health and welfare		1,997,420			5,657	2,003,077
Other		3,849,682				3,849,682
Recreation and parks commission		1,760,300			712,827	2,473,127
Education		89,568,730			4,343,222	93,911,952
Debt service:						
Principal retirement		8,208,138				8,208,138
Interest and other charges		2,553,157			23,410	2,576,567
Capital outlay		981,902		24,351,095	565,844	25,898,841
Total expenditures	-	130,652,578	-	24,488,833	5,779,891	160,921,302
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	-	(6,062)	-	(24,222,511)	64,437	(24,164,136)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
General obligation bonds issued				15,788,000		15,788,000
Refunding bonds issued				10,100,000	3,450,000	3,450,000
Premium on refunding bonds					241,757	241,757
Capital lease issued				2,348,087	241,707	2,348,087
Premium on general obligation bonds				2,040,007	1,078,017	1,078,017
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent					(3,668,347)	(3,668,347)
Transfers in from other funds					738,042	738,042
Transfers out to other funds		(1,013,042)			750,042	(1,013,042)
Total other financing sources	-	(1,013,042)	-	18,136,087	1,839,469	18,962,514
Net Change in Fund Balances	_	(1,019,104)	_	(6,086,424)	1,903,906	(5,201,622)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	-	22,781,019	_	17,340,692	1,716,747	41,838,458
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	21,761,915	\$_	11,254,268	\$ 3,620,653	\$ 36,636,836

(Continued on next page)

TOWN OF WILTON, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities:		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit II) are different because of the following:		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit IV)	\$	(5,201,622)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Capital outlay Depreciation expense Loss on disposition of capital assets		20,725,852 (5,011,068) (50,081)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Property taxes collected after 60 days Interest income on property taxes Intergovernmental revenue on school bonds		497,491 (9,287) (147,317)
Change in deferred outflows related to actuarial assumptions Change in deferred outflows related to projected investment earnings		(536,513) 4,370,698
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.		
General obligation bond proceeds Refunding bond proceeds Payment to escrow agent Principal payments on bonds Principal payments on leases Premiums on bonds Capital lease proceeds		(15,788,000) (3,450,000) 3,668,347 8,130,000 856,593 (1,319,774) (2,348,087)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Amortization of deferred charge on refunding Amortization of premiums Accrued interest Teamsters pension plan withdrawal liability Change in heart and hypertension claims Change in long-term compensated absences Change in net pension liability Deferred inflows related to actuarial experience Deferred inflows related to assumptions The net expense of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	_	(166,221) 325,883 222,277 149,749 256,010 (109,749) (632,089) 89,138 (4,499,516) (509,057)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit II)	\$	(486,343)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

TOWN OF WILTON, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

	_	Business-Type A	ctivities - En	ter	prise Funds	Governmental Activities
	7	Major Fund Vater Pollution				
	_	Control Authority	Transfer Station	_	Total	Internal Service Funds
Assets:						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,069,461 \$	37,792	\$	3,107,253	\$ 4,676,670
Investments		2,690,400			2,690,400	
Accounts receivable, net		6,751	7,682		14,433	
Due from other funds	_			-	-	792,473
Total current assets	-	5,766,612	45,474	-	5,812,086	5,469,143
Noncurrent assets:						
Receivables - special assessments						
and connection charges, net		3,250,867			3,250,867	
Capital assets, nondepreciable			128,955		128,955	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		4 060 460	FQ DFQ		4 407 740	
Total noncurrent assets	-	4,069,460 7,320,327	<u>58,250</u> 187,205	-	4,127,710 7,507,532	
Total noncurrent assets	-	1,520,521	107,203	-	7,307,332	
Total assets	_	13,086,939	232,679	-	13,319,618	5,469,143
Liabilities:						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued items		67,922	40,002		107,924	1,550
Due to other funds		6,325	105,047		111,372	
Current portion of claims payable	_			-	-	1,106,000
Total current liabilities		74,247	145,049		219,296	1,107,550
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Claims payable	_			_	-	156,197
Total noncurrent liabilities	-	<u> </u>	-	-	-	156,197
Total liabilities	_	74,247	145,049	-	219,296	1,263,747
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Advance fee collections	_	86,813		-	86,813	
Net Position:						
Investment in capital assets		4,069,460	187,205		4,256,665	
Restricted for maintenance		40,000	,		40,000	
Unrestricted	_	8,816,419	(99,575)	-	8,716,844	4,205,396
Total Net Position	\$_	12,925,879 \$	87,630	\$_	13,013,509	\$ 4,205,396

TOWN OF WILTON, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Governmental Activities				
	_	Major Fund			
	W	ater Pollution			
		Control	Transfer		Internal
	_	Authority	Station	Total	Service Funds
Operating Revenues:					
Charges for services	\$	2,367,707 \$	415,660 \$	2,783,367	\$ 14,379,226
Miscellaneous		9,973	20,173	30,146	
Total operating revenues	_	2,377,680	435,833	2,813,513	14,379,226
Operating Expenses:					
Salaries		53,915	200,219	254,134	
Employee benefits		39,023	100,034	139,057	14,624,929
Operations and supplies		611,693	433,848	1,045,541	
Judgments and claims				-	277,899
Depreciation expense		114,860	23,072	137,932	
Total operating expenses	-	819,491	757,173	1,576,664	14,902,828
Operating Income (Loss)		1,558,189	(321,340)	1,236,849	(523,602)
Nonoperating Revenues:					
Income on investments	_	108,993	114	109,107	14,545
Income (Loss) Before Transfers		1,667,182	(321,226)	1,345,956	(509,057)
Transfers In	_		275,000	275,000	
Change in Net Position		1,667,182	(46,226)	1,620,956	(509,057)
Net Position at Beginning of Year	_	11,258,697	133,856	11,392,553	4,714,453
Net Position at End of Year	\$_	12,925,879 \$	87,630 \$	13,013,509	\$4,205,396

TOWN OF WILTON, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Business-Typ	e A	ctivities - Ente	erpr	ise Funds		Governmental Activities
	Major Fund Water Pollution Control Authority	_	Transfer Station		Total		Internal Service Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:							
Receipts from customers and users	\$,	\$	452,874	\$	1,389,841	\$	14,637,980
Payments to suppliers Payments for benefits, employees and claims	(633,989) (92,938)		(505,167) (300,253)		(1,139,156) (393,191)		(14,927,178)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	210,040	_	(352,546)	_	(142,506)	-	(289,198)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:							
Transfers in from (out to) other funds			275,000		275,000	_	(301,517)
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities	_		275,000		275,000		(301,517)
,		-	270,000	-	210,000	-	(001,017)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Sale (Purchases) of investments	739,124				739,124		
Interest on investments	108,993		114		109,107		14,545
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	848,117	_	114	_	848,231	-	14,545
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,058,157		(77,432)		980,725		(576,170)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	2,011,304	_	115,224		2,126,528	_	5,252,840
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 3,069,461	\$_	37,792	\$_	3,107,253	\$_	4,676,670
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	\$ 1,558,189	\$_	(321,340)	\$	1,236,849	\$_	(523,602)
Depreciation	114,860		23,072		137,932		
Change in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in special assessments	(1,352,260)		10,554		10,554 (1,352,260)		258,754
(Increase) decrease in other assets Increase (decrease) in advance fee collections	(88,453)		1,925 (221)		1,925 (88,674)		
(Increase) decrease in due from other funds Increase (decrease) in due to other funds			6,708 (65,131)		6,708 (65,131)		
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(22,296)		(8,113)		(30,409)		1,550
Increase (decrease) in claims payable		_		_		_	(25,900)
Total adjustments	(1,348,149)		(31,206)		(1,379,355)		234,404
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$ 210,040	\$_	(352,546)	\$_	(142,506)	\$_	(289,198)

TOWN OF WILTON, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

	_	Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds	-	Agency Fund Student Activity Funds
Assets:	\$	122.250	¢	550.061
Cash and cash equivalents Investments, at fair value:	φ	132,259	φ	559,961
Mutual funds		105,827,871		
Accounts receivable	-	10,744		
Total assets	-	105,970,874	\$	559,961
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable		40,460	\$	
Due to other funds		266,819		
Fiduciary deposits	-			559,961
Total liabilities	-	307,279	\$	559,961
Net Position:				
Restricted for Pension and OPEB Benefits	\$	105,663,595		

TOWN OF WILTON, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	_	Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds
Additions:		
Contributions:	¢	2 707 402
Employer Plan members	\$	3,707,182
Total contributions	-	<u>1,619,528</u> 5,326,710
	-	5,520,710
Investment earnings:		
Net change in fair value of investments		(1,330,038)
Interest and dividends		2,019,486
Total investment gain	-	689,448
Less investment expenses:		
Investment management fees	-	267,428
Net investment gain	-	422,020
Total additions	-	5,748,730
Deductions:		
Benefits		4,980,364
Administration	_	11,352
Total deductions	-	4,991,716
Change in Net Position		757,014
Net Position at Beginning of Year	-	104,906,581
Net Position at End of Year	\$_	105,663,595

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

The Town of Wilton, Connecticut (the Town) was incorporated as a Town in 1802. The Town operates under a Board of Selectmen, Board of Finance and Town Meeting form of government and provides a full range of services including public safety, roads, sanitation, health, social services, culture and recreation, education, planning, zoning and general administrative services to its residents.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) require that the reporting entity include 1) the primary government, 2) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and 3) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. These criteria have been considered, and there are no agencies or entities that should be presented with the Town.

B. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements conform to GAAP as applicable to governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Town's accounting policies are described below.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Town as a whole. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements, except for interfund services provided and used. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Agency funds use the accrual basis of accounting but have no measurement focus since they report only assets and liabilities.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period.

Property taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. In determining when to recognize intergovernmental revenues (grants and entitlements), the legal and contractual requirements of the individual programs are used as guidance. Revenues are recognized when the eligibility requirements have been met. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Town.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenue includes all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the proprietary funds are charges to customers for services. The enterprise fund also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Capital Projects Fund* accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets, other than those financed by proprietary funds.

The Town reports the following major proprietary funds:

The *Water Pollution Control Authority Fund* accounts for activities of the government's water operations.

Additionally, the Town reports the following fund types:

The *Internal Service Funds* account for risk management services including claims for medical and workers' compensation provided to other departments of the government on a cost-reimbursement basis.

The *Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds* are used to account for the activities the Town's defined benefit pension plan for qualified employees and for the activities for both Town and Board of Education for other postemployment benefits (e.g. health insurance) that accumulate resources for other postemployment benefit payments to qualified employees.

The Agency Funds account for monies held on behalf of students.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the proprietary funds and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. Unrestricted resources are used in the following order: committed, assigned then unassigned.

C. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Town's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

D. Investments

Investments are recorded at fair value based on quoted market prices.

E. Inventories and Prepaid Items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of donated commodities are stated at fair market value. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

F. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

G. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activity column in the government-wide financial statements and enterprise fund financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of five years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of an asset are not capitalized.

In the case of the initial capitalization of general infrastructure assets (i.e., those reported by governmental activities), the Town chose to include all such items regardless of their acquisition date or amount. The Town was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of these assets through back trending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the infrastructure to be capitalized and then using an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year).

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred, net of interest earned on specific project related debt, during the construction phase of capital assets of enterprise funds is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Land and construction-in-progress are not depreciated. Property, plant and equipment and infrastructure of the Town are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings and improvements	40-50
Infrastructure	20-75
Machinery and equipment	50-100

The costs associated with the acquisition or construction of capital assets are shown as capital outlay expenditures on the governmental fund financial statements. Capital assets are not shown on the governmental fund balance sheet.

H. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Town reports a deferred charge on refunding and deferred outflows related to pension in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. A deferred outflow of resources related to pension results from differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions or other inputs. These amounts are deferred and included in pension expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension plan (active employees and inactive employees).

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Town reports advance property tax collections and advance fee collections in the government-wide statement of net position. Both advance property tax collections and advance fee collections represent taxes and fees inherently associated with a future period. This amount is recognized during the period in which the revenue is associated. The Town also reports deferred inflows of resources related to pensions in the

government-wide statement of net position. A deferred inflow of resources related to pension results from differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions or other inputs. These amounts are deferred and included in pension expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension plan (active employees and inactive employees). For governmental funds, the Town reports unavailable revenue, which arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from several sources: property taxes and school construction grants receivable. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) in the period in which the amounts become available.

I. Compensated Absences

Town employees accumulate vacation and sick leave hours for subsequent use or payment upon termination or retirement. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, the Town accrues compensated absences as they are earned by employees if the leave is attributable to past service and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employee by cash payments at termination or retirement. The amount of this estimated obligation at June 30, 2016 is recorded in the government-wide financial statements since the benefits are to be funded from future financial resources and will be paid from the General Fund, Water Pollution Control Authority Fund or Transfer Station Fund, as may be appropriate. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if the liability has matured through employee resignation or retirement.

J. Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability is measured as the portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefits that is attributed to past periods of employee service (total pension liability), net of the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The pension plan's fiduciary net position is determined using the same valuation methods that are used by the pension plan for purposes of preparing its statement of fiduciary net position. The net pension liability is measured as of a date (measurement date) no earlier than the end of the employer's prior fiscal year, consistently applied from period to period.

K. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

L. Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) Asset/Liability

The net OPEB asset/liability represents the cumulative difference between annual OPEB cost and the Town's contributions to the plan. It is calculated on an actuarial basis consistent with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 45 for OPEB. Expenditures are recognized when they are paid or are expected to be paid with current available resources. There is no net OPEB asset or liability because the Town has funded the actuarial required amount consistently since the implementation of the Standard. In prior years, the General Fund has been used to liquidate the net OPEB obligation.

M. Encumbrances

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is utilized in the governmental funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as committed or assigned fund balance, depending on the nature of the restriction, for GAAP purposes, as they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities, and reported as expenditures for budgetary purposes as they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities.

The Town charter stipulates that every appropriation shall lapse at the end of the fiscal year if such appropriation is not expended or encumbered, except for continuing appropriations for capital and nonrecurring expenditures. Continuing appropriations are reflected in the accompanying financial statements as assigned fund balance.

N. Fund Equity and Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, net position is classified in the following categories:

Net Investment in Capital Assets

This category includes all capital assets, including infrastructure, less accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of these assets.

Restricted Net Position

This category includes net position with restrictions externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted Net Position

This category represents the net position of the Town that is not restricted for any project or other purpose by third parties.

In the fund financial statements, fund balances of governmental funds are classified in the following categories:

Nonspendable Fund Balance

This balance represents amounts that cannot be spent due to form (e.g., inventories, prepaid amounts and amounts required to be retained in perpetuity).

Restricted Fund Balance

This balance represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by external parties, such as grantors, creditors, contributors or laws and regulations of their governments.

Committed Fund Balance

This balance represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by a government using its highest level of decision-making authority. The Board of Selectmen and the Board of Finance are the highest level of decision making authority for the Town that can, by adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, these funds may only be used for the purpose specified unless the Board of Selectmen and the Board of Finance removes or changes the purpose by taking the same action that was used to establish the commitment.

Assigned Fund Balance

This balance represents amounts constrained for the intent to be used for a specific purpose by the Chief Financial Officer who has been delegated authority to assign amounts by the Town Charter.

Unassigned Fund Balance

This balance represents fund balance in the General Fund in excess of nonspendable, restricted, committed and assigned fund balance. If another governmental fund has a fund balance deficit, it is reported as a negative amount in unassigned fund balance.

When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the Town's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

O. Property Taxes

Property taxes are assessed as of October 1, levied on the following July 1, and billed and due in two installments, July 1 and January 1. Motor vehicle taxes are due in one installment on July 1, and supplemental motor vehicles taxes are due in full January 1. Taxes become delinquent thirty days after the installment is due. Liens are filed by June 1st following the due date.

P. Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenses and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

The Town uses the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data included in the financial statements. The Town adopts a formal budget for the General Fund only.

The Board of Selectmen and the Board of Finance have established legal control of the budget at the Selectman's Operating and Capital budget bottom line. The Selectmen have the responsibility to present a budget request with supporting documentation depicting the department's proposed expenditures, and the Board of Finance has the authority to reduce a recommendation made by the Board of Selectmen. The Board of Selectmen can override the Board of Finance by redirecting the reduction to other areas of the budget but they cannot exceed the maximum budget provided by the Board of Finance. The Board of Selectman and Board of Finance have no charter provision provided to it to authorize a budget transfer between departments. The Board of Selectmen have the authority to pass an appropriation of up to ¹/₄ of 1% of the total annual budget of the Town as provided for in the contingency known as the Charter Authority with provision of notice to the Board of Finance within two weeks. The Board of Finance has the authority to approve a supplemental appropriation up to 1% of the total annual budget for the Town for the then-current fiscal year, and the total amount of any and all Supplemental Appropriations authorized by the Board of Finance cannot exceed 2% of the annual Town budget. For the year ended June 30, 2016, the Town had \$442,700 of supplemental appropriations and \$373,822 of appropriations continued in force.

Any portion of an annual capital and nonrecurring appropriation, for any uncompleted projects remaining unexpended and unencumbered at the close of the fiscal year is continued in force for five succeeding fiscal years. There were no such appropriations continued in force as of June 30, 2016.

The Town's budgeting system requires accounting for certain transactions to be on a basis other than GAAP. The major differences between the budget and GAAP bases are as follows:

- Encumbrances are recognized as a valid and proper charge against a budget appropriation in the year in which the purchase order is issued, and, accordingly, encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reflected in budgetary reports as expenditures in the current year, whereas they are shown as a reservation of fund balance under the GAAP basis of accounting.
- State of Connecticut payments on behalf of the Town teachers for the State teacher retirement system are reported for GAAP purposes only.
- The State of Connecticut Excess Cost Grant is netted with expenditures in accordance with the Connecticut General Statutes 10-76g.

A reconciliation of revenues, expenditures and fund balance of the General Fund between the accounting treatment required by GAAP and budgetary requirements is as follows:

	Revenues and Other Financing Sources		Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		Fund Balance
Balance, budgetary basis	\$	121,261,434 \$	122,075,312	\$	21,388,093
Encumbrances June 30, 2015 Encumbrances June 30, 2016 State Teachers' Retirement		(6,723)	572,325 (373,822)		373,822
on-behalf payment		8,171,451	8,171,451		
Excess Cost Grant	_	1,220,354	1,220,354		
Balance, GAAP Basis	\$_	130,646,516 \$	131,665,620	\$_	21,761,915

B. Expenditures in Excess of Appropriations

The following line items/funds in the legally-adopted budget were overspent:

General Fund:	
Town Counsel	\$ 205,587
Fire and Emergency Service	85,404
Health and Sanitation	9,936
Ambler Farm	1,229
Principal retirement	64,824
Interest	73,586
Issuance costs	6,505
Transfer out to debt service	738,042

3. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-402). Deposits may be made in a "qualified public depository" as defined by Statute, or, in amounts not exceeding the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance limit, in an "out of state bank" as defined by the Statutes, which is not a "qualified public depository."

The Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-400) permit municipalities to invest in: 1) obligations of the United States and its agencies, 2) highly rated obligations of any state of the United States or of any political subdivision, authority or agency thereof, and 3) shares or other interests in custodial arrangements or pools maintaining constant net asset values and in highly rated no-load open end money market and mutual funds (with constant or fluctuating net asset values) whose portfolios are limited to obligations of the United States and its agencies, and repurchase agreements fully

collateralized by such obligations. Other provisions of the Statutes cover specific municipal funds with particular investment authority. The provisions of the Statutes regarding the investment of municipal pension funds do not specify permitted investments. Therefore, investment of such funds is generally controlled by the laws applicable to fiduciaries and the provisions of the applicable plan.

Deposit Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Town's deposits will not be returned. The Town does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk; however, the deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes. Connecticut General Statutes require that each depository maintain segregated collateral (not required to be based on a security agreement between the depository and the municipality and, therefore, not perfected in accordance with federal law) in an amount equal to a defined percentage of its public deposits based upon the depository's risk based capital ratio.

Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures*, \$49,798,616 of the Town's bank balance of \$51,754,577 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and uncollateralized	\$	44,652,581
Uninsured and collateral held by the pledging bank's trust department, not in the Town's name		5,137,035
Total Amount Subject to Custodial Credit Risk	\$_	49,789,616

Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash and purchased within 90 days of maturity. At June 30, 2016, the Town had no cash equivalents.

Investments

As of June 30, 2016, the Town had the following investments:

					Invest	i (Ye	ears)	
Investment Type	Credit Rating	_	Fair Value		Less Than 1	 1 - 10		More than 10
Interest-bearing investments:								
Certificates of deposit	N/A	\$	2,450,148	\$	493,941	\$ 1,956,207	\$	
Mortgage/Asset Backed Securities	N/A		5,527,671			413,063		5,114,608
Mortgage/Asset Backed Securities	AAA to AA+		2,243,295			 2,243,295		
Total			10,221,114	\$	493,941	\$ 4,612,565	\$	5,114,608
Other investments:								
Alternative Investments	N/A		6,139,282					
Equity Mutual funds	N/A	_	99,688,589					
Total Investments		\$_	116,048,985	:				

Investment Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for an investment is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Town will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Town does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2016, the Town did not have any uninsured and unregistered securities held by counterparts, or by their trust department or agents that were not in the Town's name.

Credit Risk - Investments

The Town has no investment policy that would limit its investment choices due to credit risk other than State Statutes governing investments in obligations of any State or political subdivision or in obligations of the State of Connecticut or political subdivision.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Town has no policy limiting an investment in any one issuer that is in excess of 5% of the Town's total investments.

Interest Rate Risk

The Town does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Deposits and investments for retirement and other postemployment benefit funds are also disclosed in Notes 4 and 5.

The Town adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. The new disclosure is presented below:

The Town categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements); followed by quoted prices in inactive markets or for similar assets or with observable inputs (Level 2 measurements); and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The Town has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2016:

	Fair				
Investments by Fair Value Level	Value	Level 1		Level 2	Level 3
Mutual Funds	\$ 99,688,589 \$	99,688,589	\$	\$	
Mortgage/Asset Backed Securities	7,770,966			7,770,966	
Alternative Investments	6,139,282				6,139,282
	113,598,837 \$	99,688,589	\$	7,770,966 \$	6,139,282
Investments not included above:			-		
Certificates of deposit	2,450,148				
Total Investments	\$ 116,048,985				

Debt and equity securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Debt securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices. Commercial and residential mortgage-backed securities classified in Level 3 are valued using discounted cash flow techniques. Collateralized debt obligations classified in Level 3 are valued using consensus pricing.

B. Fund Receivables

	General Fund	Governmental and Other	Pollution Control Authority	Transfer Station	Total
Property Taxes	\$ 2,132,446	\$	\$\$	\$	2,132,446
Interest and Lien Fees	29,936				29,936
Special Assessments			3,250,867		3,250,867
Due from State	267,650	428,767			696,417
Other Receivables	64,127	39,317	6,751	7,682	117,877
Less allowance for					
uncollectible accounts	(49,227)				(49,227)
Net Accounts Receivable	\$	\$468,084	\$\$	7,682 \$	6,178,316

Receivables at June 30, 2016, including the applicable allowances for collection losses, are as follows:

C. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2016 was as follows:

	-	Beginning Balance	 Increases	. <u>-</u>	Decreases		Ending Balance
Governmental activities:							
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	22,416,393	\$	\$	143,952	\$	22,272,441
Construction in progress	_	8,883,328	 20,130,188	_			29,013,516
Total capital assets not being depreciated	-	31,299,721	 20,130,188		143,952	_	51,285,957
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Buildings and improvements		152,301,414	17,525		17,525		152,301,414
Machinery and equipment		13,621,915	722,091		183,713		14,160,293
Infrastructure		38,150,535	,		,		38,150,535
Total capital assets being depreciated	-	204,073,864	 739,616	-	201,238	_	204,612,242
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings and improvements		61,454,044	3,396,687				64,850,731
Machinery and equipment		9,247,281	1,105,121		151,157		10,201,245
Infrastructure		13,141,871	509,260		,		13,651,131
Total accumulated depreciation	-	83,843,196	 5,011,068	-	151,157	_	88,703,107
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	-	120,230,668	 (4,271,452)		50,081		115,909,135
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	151,530,389	\$ 15,858,736	\$	194,033	\$_	167,195,092

	_	Beginning Balance	 Increases	Decreases		Ending Balance
Business-type activities: Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	\$_	128,955	\$ 	\$	_\$_	128,955
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Infrastructure Total capital assets being depreciated	-	183,803 283,328 16,998,416 17,465,547	 			183,803 283,328 16,998,416 17,465,547
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Infrastructure Total accumulated depreciation	-	180,982 165,196 12,853,728 13,199,906	 2,820 26,122 <u>108,989</u> <u>137,931</u>			183,802 191,318 12,962,717 13,337,837
Total capital assets being depreciated, net Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	- \$_	4,265,641 4,394,596	\$ (137,931) (137,931)	 \$	 _\$_	4,127,710 4,256,665

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the Town as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 71,995
Public safety	638,854
Public works	941,092
Education	3,073,757
Culture and recreation	 285,370
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 5,011,068
Business-type activities:	
Water Pollution Control Authority	\$ 114,860
Transfer Station	 23,071
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-Type Activities	\$ 137,931

Construction Commitments

The Town has the following construction commitments as of June 30, 2016:

Project	-	Spent to Date	_	Remaining Commitment
Comstock	\$	9,300,806	\$	599,194
Miller Driscoll		14,571,842		35,450,158
Road Improvement		3,291,662		1,972,338
Natural Gas Projects Schools		1,349,614		50,386
School Security		387,958		112,042
Stadium Turf	-		-	650,000
Total	\$_	28,901,882	\$_	38,834,118

The commitments are being financed with permanent financing and general fund appropriations.

D. Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

As of June 30, 2016, interfund receivables and payables that resulted from various interfund transactions were as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds \$	392,529
	Water Pollution Control Authority	6,325
	Capital Projects	2,923
	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	105,047
	· · · ·	506,824
Capital Projects	General Fund	115,692
Internal Service Fund	General Fund	525,654
Internal Service Fund	Trust Funds	266,819
Nonmajor Governmental Fund	General Fund	912,145
	Total \$ ₌	2,327,134

The balance of \$506,824 due from other funds to the General Fund represents amounts committed to the General Fund from various special revenue as well as sewer and transfer station operations. The amount of \$525,654 from the Workers' Compensation Fund was for insurance claims. The remaining amounts were due from other funds for various capital projects and post-employment health benefits.

Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers during the year ended June 30, 2016 were as follows:

	Trans		
	Nonmajor Business-Type Funds	Nonmajor Funds	Total
Transfers out: General Fund	\$275,000_	\$738,042_	\$1,013,042_

Transfers are used to account for revenues collected mainly in the General Fund and appropriated to other funds to finance various programs in accordance with budget authorizations. Transfers out to the Transfer Station Fund consisted of budgetary transfers to fund deficit operations and replacement of capital assets.

E. Fund Balance

The components of fund balance for the governmental funds at June 30, 2016 are as follows:

	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total
Fund balances:				
Nonspendable:				
Inventory	\$	\$\$	45,568	\$ 45,568
Prepaids	106,439		21,472	127,911
Restricted for:				
Permanent funds			121,573	121,573
Various capital projects		11,254,268		11,254,268
Committed to:				
Public works			311,572	311,572
Public safety			20,937	20,937
Education			1,176,249	1,176,249
Culture and recreation programs			105,726	105,726
Heart and hypertension	85,387			85,387
Assessment appeals	1,167,060			1,167,060
Various grants			1,497	1,497
Debt service			1,816,059	1,816,059
Assigned to:				
Education encumbrances	95,077			95,077
General Government encumbrances	13,357			13,357
Public works encumbrances	217,364			217,364
Public safety encumbrances	2,374			2,374
Capital project related encumbrances	45,650			45,650
Stadium turf	28,724			28,724
Subsequent year's budget	4,111,189			4,111,189
Unassigned	15,889,294			15,889,294
Total Fund Balances	\$	\$ <u>11,254,268</u> \$	3,620,653	\$

Encumbrances of \$373,822 are contained in the above table in the assigned category of the General Fund.

F. Long-Term Debt

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2016 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance		Additions Reductions		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year			
Governmental Activities:										
Bonds payable:										
General obligation bonds	\$	74,075,000	\$	19,238,000	\$	11,535,000	\$	81,778,000	\$	8,548,000
Premium on bonds	_	3,092,791	_	1,319,774		325,883		4,086,682		
Total bonds payable	-	77,167,791						85,864,682		8,548,000
Capital leases		430,725		2,348,087		856,593		1,922,219		797,997
Compensated absences		3,809,739		209,272		99,523		3,919,488		391,949
Teamsters pension plan liability		2,845,212				149,749		2,695,463		149,748
Net pension liability		9,281,312		890,822		258,733		9,913,401		
Claims payable	-	2,380,350		14,410,371		14,692,281		2,098,440		1,106,000
Total Governmental Activities										
Long-Term Liabilities	\$	95,915,129	\$	17,858,552	\$	16,056,879	\$	106,413,693	\$	10,993,694

The liability for compensated absences will be funded through the General Fund.

Bonds

All bonds are general obligation debt of the Town and are secured by the general revenue raising powers of the Town. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Description	Date of Issue	Date of Maturity	Interest Rate (%)	Balance Outstanding June 30, 2016
General purpose:				
General obligation	1998	2018	4.60-4.70 \$	2,990,000
General obligation	1999	2019	5.00	2,700,000
General obligation	2000	2020	5.00-5.25	2,140,000
General obligation	2009	2025	2.00-4.00	1,709,916
General obligation	2009	2022	5.00	3,350,084
General obligation	2010	2030	2.00-4.00	1,230,000
General obligation	2011	2025	2.00-4.00	7,940,000
General obligation	2012	2033	2.00-2.50	6,710,000
General obligation	2014	2034	2.00-4.00	4,240,000
General obligation	2015	2018	3.00	225,000
General obligation	2015	2030	3.05-5.0	7,695,000
General obligation	2015	2035	2.125-5.00	21,610,000
General obligation	2016	2036	2.00-5.00	15,788,000
General obligation	2016	2027	2.00-3.00	3,450,000
Total General Purpose			\$	81,778,000

The Town's general obligation bonds bear interest at rates from 2% to 6.9% and mature as follows:

		Governmental Activities						
	-	Principal	Interest					
2017	\$	8,548,000 \$	2,753,664					
2018		8,750,000	2,452,115					
2019		7,090,000	2,095,978					
2020		6,170,000	1,818,790					
2021		4,845,000	1,617,271					
2022-2026		17,745,000	4,526,935					
2027-2031		12,950,000	2,617,554					
2032-2036		10,820,000	1,326,098					
2037		4,860,000	257,677					
	-							
	\$	81,778,000 \$	19,466,082					

The Town's indebtedness does not exceed the legal debt limitations as required by the Connecticut General Statutes, as reflected in the following schedule:

Category		Debt Limit	_	Indebtedness		Balance
Public improvement	\$	259,275,040	\$	35,567,310	\$	223,707,730
Schools	Ŷ	518,550,080	Ψ	73,453,057	Ŷ	445,097,023
Sewers		432,125,066				432,125,066
Urban renewal		374,508,391				374,508,391
Pension deficit		345,700,053				345,700,053

The total overall statutory debt limit for the Town is equal to seven times annual receipts from taxation, including coterminous municipalities, or \$806,633,457. All long-term debt obligations are retired through General Fund appropriations.

Indebtedness, in accordance with State statutes, includes long-term debt outstanding in addition to the amount of bonds authorized and unissued against which bonds have been issued to partially finance the project or bond anticipation notes issued and outstanding. Additionally, underlying debt of \$82,137,039 is included in the calculation of indebtedness. There is \$27,185,400 of bonds authorized unissued debt of which \$26,983,000 is for the Miller-Driscoll School, \$202,000 is for Middlebrook School electrical and HVAC improvements, and \$400 for gas conversion at various schools.

General Obligation Bonds Issue

On May 12, 2016, the Town issued \$15,788,000 of general obligation bonds with interest rates ranging from 2.00% to 5.00% with a premium of \$1,078,017.

Refunding Bonds Issue

On June 9, 2016, the Town issued \$3,450,000 of general obligation refunding bonds with interest rates ranging from 2.0%-3.0%. The bonds were issued to partially refund outstanding principal amounts of the 2010 general obligation bonds. The net proceeds of \$3,668,347 (after an original issue premium of \$241,757 and payment of \$23,410 in underwriter's fees and other issuance costs) were deposited in an irrevocable trust fund under an escrow agreement between the Escrow Agent and the Town. The Escrow Agent will use such proceeds to purchase a portfolio of the United States Treasury State and Local Government Securities. All investment income on and the maturing principal of the escrow securities held in the escrow deposit fund will be irrevocably deposited by the Town for payment of the refunded bonds. The Town refunded the above bonds to reduce total debt service payments over the next 12 years by \$203,411 and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present value of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$175,283. As of June 30, 2016, the amount of defeased debt outstanding from this refunding was \$3,405,000 and the escrow balance was \$3,597,542. This amount is removed from the governmental activities column of the statement of net position.

Prior Year Defeasance of Debt

In prior years, the Town defeased general obligation bonds by placing the proceeds of the new bonds in an irrevocable trust account to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the government's financial statements. At June 30, 2016, \$4,650,000 of the prior refunded bonds remains outstanding and the amount in escrow is \$4,911,726.

Capital Leases

The Town has entered into three lease agreements as lessee for financing the acquisition of copier equipment at the Board Education. The leases qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of their future minimum lease payments as of the inception date.

The future minimum lease obligation and the net present value of the minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2016 were as follows:

		Governmental Activities							
	_	Principal	Interest						
2017	\$	797,997 \$	26,026						
2018		601,325	12,735						
2019		332,158	4,609						
2020		171,611	2,020						
2021		19,128	146						
	\$	1,922,219 \$	45,536						

Teamsters Pension Plan Liability

The Town was required to contribute to the Teamsters Union Local No. 145, New England Teamsters and Trucking Industry Pension Fund, a multiple-employer defined contribution plan, on behalf of full-time employees in the Public Works Department.

Effective October 17, 2013, the Town withdrew from the Pension Fund and agreed to a withdrawal liability of \$2,994,960 consisting of 240 monthly payments of \$12,479 to be made over a 20-year period commencing on July 13, 2014 and ending on July 13, 2034. The balance of the settlement at June 30, 2016 was \$2,695,463.

4. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN

A. Pension Trust Fund

The Town is the administrator of a single-employer defined benefit pension plan (the Plan) that covers substantially all full-time employees of the Town, other than members of the Teamsters Union, certified teachers and other Board of Education personnel, who participate in a contributory retirement plan administered by the State Teachers' Retirement Board.

The Plan is considered to be part of the Town's financial reporting entity and is included in the Town's financial reports as a Pension Trust Fund. Stand-alone financial statements are not issued for the Plan.

The Trustees of the Retirement Plan for Employees of the Town of Wilton, Connecticut, include the five members of the Board of Selectmen and one member each from the Board of Finance and Board of Education and also the CFO of the Town.

Plan Description and Benefits Provided

Eligibility

All full-time employees, customarily employed for more than 20 hours per week and more than five months per year, and not covered by any other nongovernmental retirement plan contributed to by State funds. Employees become active participants upon their date of employment.

Employees hired or rehired after the date indicated below are not eligible to participate in the Plan:

Non-Union	July 1, 2007
AFSCME	July 1, 2007
Library Association	June 1, 2009
BOE Custodians	July 1, 2010
BOE Discretionary and WAESCA	July 1, 2011

Vesting

Police and firefighters are 100% vested upon ten (10) years of credited service. Other employees are 100% vested upon ten (10) years of continuous service.

Membership

At July 1, 2015, plan membership consisted of the following:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	192
Active plan members	299
Terminated plan members entitled to, but not yet receiving benefits	56
Total Participants	547

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting

Financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting for the three defined benefit pension plans. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions are recognized when due and a formal commitment to provide the contributions has been made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plans.

Method Used to Value Investments

Investments are reported at fair value. Securities traded on a national exchange are valued at the last reported sales price. Investment income is recognized as earned.

Funding Policy

Police

Police employees fund the Plan at a rate of 7.75% of annual base compensation.

Firefighters

Fire employees fund the Plan at a rate of 9.25% of annual base compensation (effective July 1, 2011).

Other Town Employees

All other Town employees fund the Plan at a rate of 3.5% of annual base compensation (6.0% for Town and Library members effective July 1, 2002, Board of Education Discretionary and WAESCA effective July 1, 2006, and for Board of Education custodians effective July 1, 2012.

The Town funds periodic contributions at an actuarially determined rate.

Administrative costs of the Plan are financed through investment earnings.

Benefits

Police

2.50% of average annual salary for each year of credited service (for highest consecutive three year average compensation within the last 10 years preceding retirement date). Maximum benefits are 73% of average annual salary or maximum 29.2 years of credited service.

Firefighters

2.00% of average annual salary for each year of service through September 30, 1979 plus 2.5% of average annual salary for each year of credited service thereafter (average of the highest consecutive three years (effective July 1, 2003) average base contributable compensation, which effective July 1, 2002 includes holiday pay and effective July 1, 2003 includes longevity pay and effective July 1, 2008 includes EMT stipend, within the last 10 years preceding retirement). Maximum benefit is 71.25% of average annual salary.

Other Town Employees

2.00% of average annual salary (average of the highest consecutive four years compensation within the last ten years preceding the earlier of retirement or the cessation of contributions upon completion of 30 years of credited service) 2.25% for Town and Library members effective July 1, 2002, for Board of Education discretionary and WAESCA effective July 1, 2006, and for Board of Education custodians effective July 1, 2013. Maximum benefit is 60% (67.5% for Town and Library members effective July 1, 2006, and for Board of Education discretionary and WAESCA, effective July 1, 2006, and for Board of Education custodians effective July 1, 2013) of average annual salary or maximum 30 years of credited service.

Investments

Investment Policy

The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the Trustees of the Plan by a majority vote of its members. It is the policy of the Trustees pursue an investment strategy that achieves the stated actuarial target of the Plan, maintains sufficient liquidity to meet the obligations of the Plan, diversifies the assets of the Plan in order to reduce risk, and achieves investment results of the long-term that compare favorably with those of other pension plans, professionally managed portfolios and appropriate market indices. The following was the Board's asset allocation as of June 30, 2016:

Rate of Return

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was .36%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Net Pension Liability

The Town's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

The components of the net pension liability of the Town at June 30, 2016 were as follows:

Total pension liability	\$ 110,269,574
Plan fiduciary net position	 100,356,173
Total Net Pension Liability	\$ 9,913,401
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	91.01%

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2015, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.0%
Salary increases	2.5%
Investment rate of return	6.875%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Adjusted to 2006 Total Dataset mortality Table projected to valuation date with Scale MP-2014 and 1 year set forward.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 - June 30, 2014.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed. Best estimates of the real rates of return for each major asset class are included in the pension plan's target asset allocation. The information below is based on geometric means and does not reflect additional returns through investment selection, asset allocation and rebalancing. The results support a rate between 6.85% and 7.35%. An expected rate of return of 6.875% was used.

	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Rate of Return
Metropolitan West Total Return	1.45%
Vanguard Total Bond	1.45%
Prudential Total Return Bond	1.45%
Black rock Strategic Income	1.45%
Eaton Vance Floating Rate	1.45%
Templeton Global Bond	1.75%
Vanguard Institutional Index	4.80%
Diamond Hill Small/Mid Cap	5.10%
Eaton Vance Atlantic Smaill/Mid Cap	5.10%
Euro Pacific	5.10%
T Rowe Price Overseas Stock	5.10%
Templeton Foreign Smaller Companies	5.10%
Aberdeen Emerging Markets	5.10%
Cornerstone Patriot (Real Estate)	3.35%
Vanguard ST Inflation Protected	1.75%
Van Eck Global Commodity Return	1.75%
Credit Suisse Comodity Return	1.75%
Black Rock Global Asset Allocation	3.50%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.875%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Town contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Increase (Decrease)		
	···· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	et Pension Liability (a)-(b)	
Balances as of June 30, 2015	\$ <u>109,378,752</u> \$ <u>100,097,440</u> \$	9,281,312	
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	2,957,904	2,957,904	
Interest on total pension liability	7,847,615	7,847,615	
Differences between expected and actual experience	(30,688)	(30,688)	
Changes in assumptions	(5,417,785)	(5,417,785)	
Employer contributions	3,136,270	(3,136,270)	
Member contributions	1,228,214	(1,228,214)	
Net investment income	360,473	(360,473)	
Benefit payments, including refund to employee contributions	(4,466,224) (4,466,224)	-	
Net changes	890,822 258,733	632,089	
Balances as of June 30, 2016	\$ <u>110,269,574</u> \$ <u>100,356,173</u> \$	9,913,401	

The following plan changes were made to the Police Plan prior to year-end:

- Members employed as a Police Officer on September 17, 2014, including members who have retired through April 8, 2015, shall be credited with an additional two years of Credited Service solely for purposes of determining the amount of his or her monthly Retirement Allowance.
- The Plan is closed to employees hired on or after April 2, 2015.
- Effective April 8, 2015, mandatory retirement age is 65 (previously 62).
- Effective April 7, 2015, the maximum retirement allowance is 76% (previously 73%)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the Town, calculated using the discount rate of 7.13%, as well as what the Town's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.13%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.13%) than the current rate:

		Current				
	_	1% Decrease (5.875%)	_	Discount Rate (6.875%)	. <u> </u>	1% Increase (7.875%)
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	25,439,467	\$	9,913,401	\$	(2,935,412)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the Town recognized pension expense of \$4,344,552. At June 30, 2016, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$ 3,326,384	\$ 736,166 4,499,516
Net difference between projected and actual earning on pension plan investments	8,556,490	
Total	\$11,882,874_	\$5,235,682_

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,

2017 2018	1,899,153 1,899,153
2019	1,899,153
2020	852,703
2021	(409,235)
Thereafter	506,265

B. Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System

Plan Description

Teachers, principals, superintendents or supervisors engaged in service of public schools are provided with pensions through the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System, a cost sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Teachers Retirement Board. Chapter 167a of the State Statutes grants authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the Teachers Retirement Board. The Teachers Retirement Board issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ct.gov.

Benefit Provisions

The plan provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Employees are eligible to retire at age 60 with 20 years of credited service in Connecticut, or 35 years of credited service including at least 25 years of service in Connecticut.

Normal Retirement

Retirement benefits for employees are calculated as 2% of the average annual salary times the years of credited service (maximum benefit is 75% of average annual salary during the three years of highest salary).

Early Retirement

Employees are eligible after 25 years of credited service including 20 years of Connecticut service, or age 55 with 20 years of credited service including 15 years of Connecticut service with reduced benefit amounts.

Disability Retirement

Employees are eligible for service-related disability benefits regardless of length of service. Five years of credited service is required for nonservice-related disability eligibility. Disability benefits are calculated as 2% of average annual salary times credited service to date of disability, but not less than 15% of average annual salary, nor more than 50% of average annual salary.

Contributions

Per Connecticut General Statutes Section 10-183z (which reflects Public Act 79-436 as amended), contribution requirements of active employees and the State of Connecticut are approved, amended and certified by the State Teachers Retirement Board and appropriated by the General Assembly.

Employer (School Districts)

School District employers are not required to make contributions to the plan.

The statutes require the State of Connecticut to contribute 100% of each school districts' required contributions, which are actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of the benefits earned by employees during the year, with any additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Employees

Effective July 1, 1992, each teacher is required to contribute 6% of salary for the pension benefit.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2016, the Town reports no amounts for its proportionate share of the net pension liability, and related deferred outflows and inflows, due to the statutory requirement that the State pay 100% of the required contribution. The amount recognized by the Town as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the Town were as follows:

Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ -
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the Town	101,983,534
Total	\$ 101,983,534

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014. At June 30, 2016, the Town has no proportionate share of the net pension liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the Town recognized pension expense and revenue of \$8,171,451 in Exhibit II for on-behalf amounts for the benefits provided by the State.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00%
Salary increase	3.75-7.00%, including inflation
Investment rate of return	8.50%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected 19 years using scale AA, with a two-year setback for males and females for the period after service retirement and for dependent beneficiaries.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2005 - June 30, 2010.

Future cost-of-living increases for members who retire on or after September 1, 1992 are assumed to be an annual cost-of-living adjustment of 2%.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Large Cap U.S. equities	21.0%	7.3%
Developed non-U.S. equities	18.0%	7.5%
Emerging markets (non-U.S.)	9.0%	8.6%
Core fixed income	7.0%	1.7%
Inflation linked bond fund	3.0%	1.3%
Emerging market bond	5.0%	4.8%
High yield bonds	5.0%	3.7%
Real estate	7.0%	5.9%
Private equity	11.0%	10.9%
Alternative investments	8.0%	0.7%
Liquidity fund	6.0%	0.4%
Total	100.0%	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that State contributions will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rates in the future years. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability is \$-0- and, therefore, the change in the discount rate would only impact the amount recorded by the State of Connecticut.

Other Information

Additional information is included in the required supplementary information section of the financial statements. A schedule of contributions is not presented as the Town has no obligation to contribute to the plan.

C. Defined Contribution Pension Plan

The Town is the administrator of a single employer, defined contribution pension plan. In a defined contribution pension plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. Beginning in fiscal year 2008, the Town provided pension benefits for all full-time Town employees hired after July 1, 2007, except members of the Police Department and Fire Department, through a single-employer, contributory, defined contribution pension plan. The Teamsters became members of this plan as of July 1, 2013. This plan has a five-year vesting. Employees are eligible to participate in the plan upon employment. Any participant who has attained his normal retirement date and required years of credited service is eligible for a normal retirement benefit. The normal retirement date for participating employees is attained at age 65.

The plan requires the Town to contribute an amount equal to 9% of the employee's annual salary. Employees are required to contribute 5% of their annual salary. Benefits vest 100% after five years. Loans are not permitted under the plan. During 2014, the Teamsters withdrew from the Teamster Pension and entered this plan. The Town made a one-time contribution totaling 1.5% for each year of credited service under the Teamsters Pension times the employee's base pay.

Town contributions amounted to \$166,766. Employees contributed \$56,274 to the plan. Contributions made by the Town and its employees represent 9% and 5%, respectively, of covered payroll for the year.

The assets for the plan are held and administered by ICMA Retirement Corporation. The Board of Selectmen has the authority to establish or amend plan provisions and contribution requirements.

D. Fiduciary Trust Funds

Combining Statement of Net Position

	Pension Trust Fund	OPEB Trust Fund	Total
Assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents Investments, at fair value:	\$	\$ 132,259	\$ 132,259
Mutual funds	100,356,067	5,471,804	105,827,871
Accounts receivable	9,731	1,013	10,744
Total assets	100,365,798	5,605,076	105,970,874
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	9,625	30,835	40,460
Due to other funds		266,819	266,819.00
Total liabilities	9,625	297,654	307,279
Net Position: Held in Trust for Pension Benefits	A 100 050 170	
and Other Purposes	\$ 100,356,173	\$ 5,307,422	\$ <u>105,663,595</u>

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expe	enses a	and Changes II		Position		
		Pension Trust Fund		OPEB Trust Fund		Total
Additions:	-		• •		• •	
Contributions:						
Employer	\$	3,136,270	\$	570,912	\$	3,707,182
Plan members		1,228,214		391,314		1,619,528
Total contributions	_	4,364,484	· -	962,226	· -	5,326,710
Investment earnings:						
Net increase (decrease) in fair						
value of investments		(1,327,790)		(2,248)		(1,330,038)
Interest and dividends	_	1,955,691		63,795		2,019,486
Total investment gain		627,901		61,547		689,448
Less investment expenses:						
Investment management fees	_	267,428				267,428
Net investment gain	_	360,473		61,547		422,020
Total additions	_	4,724,957		1,023,773		5,748,730
Deductions:						
Benefits		4,466,224		514,140		4,980,364
Administration	_			11,352		11,352
Total deductions	_	4,466,224		525,492		4,991,716
Change in net position		258,733		498,281		757,014
Net Position at Beginning of Year	_	100,097,440		4,809,141		104,906,581
Net Position at End of Year	\$_	100,356,173	\$	5,307,422	\$	105,663,595

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

5. POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the Town's Other Post Employment Benefits Fund (OPEB) are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions are recognized when they are due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Administrative costs of the plan are paid by the OPEB plan.

The OPEB Trust Fund is reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Employee contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions to the plan are recognized when they are due and the Town has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of each plan. Administrative costs are financed through investment earnings.

Investments are reported at fair value. Investment income is recognized as earned.

Plan Description

The OPEB plan is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the Town of Wilton. The plan provides medical benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses as established through negotiations between the Town and the various unions representing the employees. Eligible full-time and part-time employees of the Town may elect to participate in the plan.

The plan is considered to be part of the Town's financial reporting entity and is included in the Town's financial report as the Other Post Employment Benefits Trust Fund. The Plan does not issue a standalone financial report.

At July 1, 2014, plan membership consisted of the following:

Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits	39
Active plan members	718
	757

Funding Policy

The contribution requirements of plan members and the Town/Board of Education are also negotiated with the various unions representing the employees. Retired plan members and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits are required to contribute specified amounts monthly toward the cost of health insurance premiums as listed below. These are average costs with the actual costs to the retirees based on the employee group they were in when they retired.

Contributions

For the year ended June 30, 2016, plan members contributed \$391,314. The Town is required to contribute the balance of the current premium cost and may contribute an additional amount as determined by the Town in order to prefund benefits.

Employer contributions to the plan of \$570,912 were made in accordance with actuarially determined requirements.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligations

The Town's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the components of the Town's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the Town's net OPEB obligation (asset):

Annual required contribution (ARC) Interest on net OPEB obligation Adjustment to annual required contribution	\$ 570,912
Annual OPEB cost Contributions made	 570,912 570,912
Change in net OPEB obligation Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year	 -
Net OPEB Obligation, End of Year	\$

The Town's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation (asset) for the three fiscal years ended June 30, 2016 is presented below.

Fiscal Year Ended	_	Annual OPEB Cost (AOC)	Actual Contribution	Percentage of AOC n Contributed		Net OPEB Obligation	
6/30/2014 6/30/2015 6/30/2016	\$	691,605 710,251 570,912	\$ 691,605 710,251 570,912	100.0% 100.0% 100.0%	\$	- -	

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as accrual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented below, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Projections for benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

TOWN OF WILTON, CONNECTICUT NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

In the July 1, 2014 actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions include a 7.125% investment rate of return, which is the rate of the expected long-term investment returns of plan assets calculated based on the funding policy of the plan at the valuation date. The annual healthcare cost trend rate is 10% initially, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 5% for 2019 and later. The general inflation assumption is 2.5% - 3.0%. The actuarial value of assets was determined using the closed group method. The UAAL is being amortized each year as a level dollar amount on an open basis. The amortization period at July 1, 2014 was 20 years.

Schedule of Funding Progress

Actuarial Valuation Date	_	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability	 Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	1	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
7/1/2006	\$	- \$	5,003,000	\$ (5,003,000)	0.00%	\$	43,477,000	-11.51%
7/1/2008		389,000	5,435,000	(5,046,000)	7.16%		47,744,000	-10.57%
7/1/2010		1,454,122	7,836,743	(6,382,621)	18.56%		51,760,000	-12.33%
7/1/2012 7/1/2014		2,584,820 4,398,419	7,426,288 7,665,302	(4,841,468) (3,266,883)	34.81% 57.38%		51,627,000 54,092,000	-9.38% -6.04%

Schedule of Employer Contributions

Year Ended	Annual Required Contribution	Actual Contribution	Percentage Contributed
6/30/2011	\$ 566,713 \$	566,713	5 100.0%
6/30/2012	760,833	760,833	100.0%
6/30/2013	786,617	786,617	100.0%
6/30/2014	691,605	691,605	100.0%
6/30/2015	710,251	710,251	100.0%
6/30/2016	570,912	570,912	100.0%

6. OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss, including torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; employee health and medical; and natural disasters. The Town generally obtains commercial insurance for these risks, but has chosen to retain the risks for workers' compensation and employee health and medical claims. Under the Town's current policy, the Medical Benefits Fund covers all employee claims up to \$225,000 per claim with a stop-loss policy covering amounts exceeding the limit. The Town also purchases aggregate stop-loss coverage for claims in excess of 120% of expected claim level, which approximates \$16 million. The Workers' Compensation Fund covers claims in excess of coverage provided by the Workers' Compensation Fund with an individual claim maximum of \$250,000 and a \$650,000 aggregate

TOWN OF WILTON, CONNECTICUT NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

Changes in the claims liability were as follows:

	Medical Benefits										
	-	Liability July 1,	_	Current Year Claims and Changes in Estimates		Claim Payments	_	Liability June 30,			
2015-16 2014-15 2013-14	\$	870,000 919,010 1,358,399	\$	14,089,972 13,646,887 13,632,967	\$	(13,853,972) (13,695,897) (14,072,356)	\$	1,106,000 870,000 919,010			
Workers' Compensation											
	_			Current Year Claims and							
	_	Liability July 1,		Changes in Estimates		Claim Payments	_	Liability June 30,			
2015-16 2014-15 2013-14	\$	418,097 280,273 335,427	\$	277,899 839,325 356,079	\$	(539,799) (701,501) (411,233)	\$	156,197 418,097 280,273			
				Heart and	Ну	pertension					
	-			Current Year							
	_	Liability July 1,	. .	Claims and Changes in Estimates		Claim Payments	_	Liability June 30,			
2015-16 2014-15	\$	1,092,253 1,082,000	\$	42,500 293,253	\$	(298,510) (283,000)	\$	836,243 1,092,253			

The Town purchases commercial insurance for all other risks of loss, including blanket and umbrella policies. Settled claims have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

354,000

(106,000)

1,082,000

B. Contingencies

2013-14

834,000

The Town is currently involved in several litigation matters. In the estimation of the Town's management and legal counsel, the final settlement of these matters will not materially affect the financial condition of the Town.

Required Supplementary Information

TOWN OF WILTON, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget -
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Property taxes, interest and lien fees	\$ <u>115,837,614</u> \$	114,716,864	\$115,159,880	\$443,016
Intergovernmental revenues:				
Federal and State Board of Education Grants	1,558,566	1,558,566	1,679,969	121,403
State property refund	96,400	96,400		(96,400)
Tax relief for elderly	57,000	57,000	53,022	(3,978)
Town aid road	315,846	315,846	315,938	92
Telephone line tax	70,000	70,000	72,581	2,581
Veteran's exemption	4,500	4,500	4,722	222
Pequot PILOT	10,909	10,909	11,944	1,035
Youth Service Bureau	14,000	14,000	15,000	1,000
Local capital improvements	112,983	112,983	112,895	(88)
Municipal revenue sharing	288,788	288,788	307,058	18,270
Total intergovernmental revenues	2,528,992	2,528,992	2,573,129	44,137
Charges for services:				
Fees, permits and other:				
Town Clerk	769,400	769,400	748,809	(20,591)
Building	558,800	558,800	498,508	(60,292)
Planning and Zoning	10,600	10,600	20,682	10,082
Police reports	1,250	1,250	1,416	166
Finance Department	43,000	43,000	41,963	(1,037)
Police permits	4,800	4,800	5,285	485
DPW permits	2,500	2,500	3,500	1,000
Other police revenue	12,700	12,700	23,852	11,152
Registrar of voters	75	75	o (- 0	(75)
Assessor	2,500	2,500	2,150	(350)
Animal Control	5,025	5,025	4,421	(604)
Fire Department	21,000	21,000	16,801	(4,199)
Environmental Affairs	37,100	37,100	83,354	46,254
Swimming fees	50,000	50,000	60,230	10,230
Dial-A-Ride Senior center	6,500 19,000	6,500 19,000	5,777 19,003	(723) 3
Environmental health	68,000	68,000	137,200	69,200
Paramedic Services	60,000	60,000	60,000	09,200
Athletic fees - Board of Education	00,000	00,000	15,667	15,667
Self Sustaining Recreation Programs			130	130
Total charges for services	1,672,250	1,672,250	1,748,748	76,498
-				
Interest and dividends	145,000	145,000	320,606	175,606

(Continued on next page)

TOWN OF WILTON, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS - GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budgete	ed Ai	mounts				/ariance with inal Budget - Positive
	Original		Final		Actual	_	(Negative)
Other:							
Rental:							
	\$ 100,000	\$	100,000	\$	106,441	\$	6,441
Town Green	100,000		100,000		115,011		15,011
Comstock School	5,000		5,000		13,535		8,535
Radio Tower	100,000		100,000		100,000		-
Marvin Tavern	37,200		37,200		31,000		(6,200)
Stadium Lighting Other fees					28,724 3,926		28,724 3,926
Miscellaneous					1,060,434		1,060,434
Moonarioouo					1,000,101	-	1,000,101
Total other	342,200		342,200		1,459,071		1,116,871
Total revenues	120,526,056		119,405,306	· _	121,261,434	_	1,856,128
Expenditures:							
General government:							
Board of Selectmen	593,547		595,449		545,801		49,648
Finance Office	878,171		892,477		884,853		7,624
Human Resources	725,724		470,304		233,396		236,908
Town Counsel	188,000		188,000		393,587		(205,587)
Town Hall and Annex	289,185		289,185		249,719		39,466
Major Utilities Other Town Properties	236,545 138,418		236,545 138,418		232,636 137,163		3,909 1,255
Dial-A-Ride	164,821		164,821		160,332		4,489
Town Clerk	447,107		449,518		431,003		18,515
Planning and Zoning	566,259		571,325		522,341		48,984
Board of Finance	81,423		81,423		55,253		26,170
Assessor	369,801		372,959		362,244		10,715
Tax Collector	232,867		235,244		231,546		3,698
Probate Court	20,000		20,000		19,314		686
Registrar of Voters	203,230		205,496		183,387		22,109
Code Enforcement - Building	374,420		376,876		368,826		8,050
Comstock Community Center	256,643		256,643		187,308		69,335
Information Systems	750,646		754,112	· -	725,130	-	28,982
Total general government	6,516,807		6,298,795	· _	5,923,839	_	374,956
Expenditures:							
Public safety:							
Police	7,087,278		7,268,164		6,967,823		300,341
Community Emergency Response Team	9,950		9,950		7,203		2,747
Paramedic Services	399,409		399,409		370,356		29,053
Fire and Emergency Service	4,633,253		4,647,056		4,732,460		(85,404)
Central Dispatch	329,584		329,584		230,969		98,615
Georgetown Fire District Wilton Energy Commission	339,750 39,000		339,750 39,000		330,873 4,614		8,877 34,386
Witten Energy Commission	39,000		39,000	· -	4,014	-	54,500
Total public safety	12,838,224		13,032,913	· _	12,644,298	_	388,615

(Continued on next page)

TOWN OF WILTON, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS - GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	_	Budgeted A	mounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive		
		Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)		
Public works:							
Public Works Department	\$	3,354,445 \$	3,363,958 \$	3,302,003	\$61,955		
Health and welfare:							
Health and Sanitation		416,119	419,128	429,064	(9,936)		
Public Health Nursing		927,336	927,336	915,218	12,118		
Welfare and Social Services		668,829	675,067	653,138	21,929		
Total health and welfare		2,012,284	2,021,531	1,997,420	24,111		
Other:							
Employee Benefits and Unemployment							
Compensation		378,934	378,934	311,397	67,537		
Insurance		782,603	782,603	570,587	212,016		
Library Association		2,692,972	2,692,972	2,692,972	-		
Route 7 Bus		5,000	5,000	5,000	-		
Teen Center		154,000	154,000	154,000	-		
Ambler Farm		30,960	30,960	32,189	(1,229)		
Animal Control		132,023	132,023	127,103	4,920		
Total other		4,176,492	4,176,492	3,893,248	283,244		
Culture and recreation:							
Park and Recreation Department		1,499,337	1,503,900	1,420,498	83,402		
Conservation and Inland-Wetlands		406,389	406,389	322,252	84,137		
Total culture and recreation		1,905,726	1,910,289	1,742,750	167,539		
Education:							
Board of Education	_	79,956,024	79,956,024	79,865,238	90,786		
Capital outlay:							
General Government		479,138	817,259	227,846	589,413		
Public Safety		414,079	474,065	356,368	117,697		
Public Works		310,000	326,900	271,622	55,278		
Parks, Recreation and Conservation		150,000	175,193	73,843	101,350		
Transfer Station	_		2,500	2,500			
Total capital outlay		1,353,217	1,795,917	932,179	863,738		
Debt service:							
Principal retirement		8,143,314	8,143,314	8,208,138	(64,824)		
Interest		2,403,066	2,403,066	2,476,652	(73,586)		
Issuance Costs	_	70,000	70,000	76,505	(6,505)		
Total debt service	_	10,616,380	10,616,380	10,761,295	(144,915)		

(Continued on next page)

TOWN OF WILTON, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS - GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	-	Budgeted	A k	mounts			Variance with Final Budget - Positive		
	-	Original	_	Final	_	Actual		(Negative)	
Additional Appropriation	\$_	1,230,046	\$_	1,230,046	\$		\$	1,230,046	
Total expenditures	-	123,959,645	_	124,402,345	· <u> </u>	121,062,270		3,340,075	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	-	(3,433,589)	_	(4,997,039)		199,164	·	5,196,203	
Other Financing Uses: Transfers out	-	(275,000)	_	(275,000)	. <u> </u>	(1,013,042)		(738,042)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	\$_	(3,708,589)	\$_	(5,272,039)	I	(813,878)	\$_	4,458,161	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year						22,201,971			
Fund Balance at End of Year					\$_	21,388,093	I		

TOWN OF WILTON, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS PENSION PLAN LAST THREE FISCAL YEARS

		2014	2015	2016
- / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /				
Total pension liability:	¢			0.057.004
Service cost	\$	2,506,840 \$	2,835,172 \$	2,957,904
Interest Changes of honefit terms		6,757,679	7,218,115	7,847,615
Changes of benefit terms			836,836	(20,000)
Differences between expected and actual experience			(939,929)	(30,688)
Changes of assumptions		(2.452.000)	4,399,410	(5,417,785)
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		<u>(3,153,692)</u> 6.110.827	(3,333,463)	<u>(4,466,224)</u> 890.822
Net change in total pension liability		- / - / -	11,016,141	, -
Total pension liability - beginning		92,251,784	98,362,611	109,378,752
Total pension liability - ending		98,362,611	109,378,752	110,269,574
Plan fiduciary net position:				
Contributions - employer		3,515,258	3,456,084	3,136,270
Contributions - member		1,151,292	1.300.460	1.228.214
Net investment income		12,013,343	1,839,007	360,473
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(3,153,692)	(3,333,463)	(4,466,224)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		13,526,201	3,262,088	258,733
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		83,309,151	96,835,352	100,097,440
Plan fiduciary net position - ending		96,835,352	100,097,440	100,356,173
		<i>, ,</i> _	· · · -	, , <u>,</u>
Net Pension Liability - Ending	\$	1,527,259 \$	9,281,312 \$	9,913,401
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		98.45%	91.51%	91.01%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	18,413,453 \$	17,959,515 \$	17,379,052
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		8.29%	51.68%	57.04%
Net pension hability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		0.29%	01.00%	07.04%

Notes to Schedule:

Benefit changes: Members employed as a Police Officer on September 17, 2014, including members who have retired through April 8, 2015, shall be credited with an additional two years of Credited Service solely for purposes of determining the amount of his or her monthly retirement allowance.

The Plan is closed to employees hired on or after April 2, 2015.

Effective April 8, 2015, mandatory retirement age is 65 (previously 62) and maximum retirement allowance is 76% (previously 73%).

2016 Assumption Changes: RP-2014 Adjusted to 2006 Dataset Mortality Table projected to valuation date with Scale MP-2014 and 1 year set forward as opposed to RP-2000 Mortality Table with separate male and female rates, with no collar adjustment, separate tables for non-annuitants and annuitants, projected to the valuation date with Scale BB. Interest rates changed from 7.125% to 6.875%.

TOWN OF WILTON, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS PENSION PLAN LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

			2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially dete	rmined contribution	\$	2,168,031 \$ 2,168,031	5 2,811,382 \$ 3,373,682	3,008,708 \$ 3,610,800	2,755,081 \$ 3,668,343	3,130,679 \$ 3,600,281	3,383,205 \$ 4,058,322	3,675,413 \$ 4,410,496	3,056,746 \$ 3,515,258	3,005,290 \$ 3,456,084	2,851,154 3,136,270
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		\$_	\$	<u>(562,300)</u> \$	(602,092) \$	(913,262) \$	(469,602) \$	(675,117) \$	(735,083)	(158,512) \$	(450,794) \$	(285,116)
Covered-employee payroll		\$	17,677,903 \$	5 17,677,903 \$	17,785,135 \$	18,868,063 \$	19,074,084 \$	19,012,434 \$	18,996,097 \$	18,413,453 \$	17,959,515 \$	17,379,052
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll			12.26%	19.08%	20.30%	19.44%	18.88%	21.35%	23.22%	19.09%	19.24%	18.05%
Notes to Schedule												
Valuation date: July 1, 2014 Measurement date: June 30, 2016 Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported												
Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:Actuarial cost methodEntry ageAmortization methodLevel dollar amounts, openRemaining amortization period20 yearsAsset valuation method5-year smoothed marketInflation3%Salary increases2.50%Investment rate of return6.875%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation												
Retirement age	Age 62 with 30 year	ars o	fservice									
Mortality	RP-2000 combined annuitant and nonannuitant Mortality Table (no collar adjustment) with separate male and female rates, projected to the valuation date using Scale BB											

TOWN OF WILTON, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS PENSION PLAN LAST THREE FISCAL YEARS

	2014	2015	2016
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	14.02%	1.86%	0.36%

TOWN OF WILTON, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHERS RETIREMENT PLAN LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS

	 2015	 2016
Town's proportion of the net pension liability	0.00%	0.00%
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ -	\$ -
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the Town	 94,141,261	 101,983,534
Total	\$ 94,141,261	\$ 101,983,534
Town's covered-employee payroll	\$ 37,117,500	\$ 37,292,357
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	0.00%	0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	61.56%	59.50%

Notes to Schedule

Changes in benefit terms Changes of assumptions	None During 2011, rates of withdrawal, retirement and assumed rates of salary increases were adjusted to reflect actual and anticipated experience. These assumptions were recommended as part of the Experience Study for the System for the five-year period ended June 30, 2010.
Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Amortization method	Level percent of salary, closed
Remaining amortization period	22.4 years
Asset valuation method	4-year smoothed market

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

Debt Issuance Funds - The Debt issuance funds were established to account for the receipt of bond proceeds and the expenditures for Town and Board of Education Capital Projects.

TOWN OF WILTON, CONNECTICUT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND JUNE 30, 2016

	_	Debt Issuance 2008		Debt Issuance 2013	 Debt Issuance 2014	 Debt Issuance 2015-2016	_	Reserve for Capital Expenditures	 Total Capital Projects Fund
ASSETS									
Cash and cash equivalents Due from other funds	\$	95,387	\$	121,645 112,587	\$ 357,320 3,105	\$ 16,345,508	\$	63,593	\$ 16,983,453 115,692
Total Assets	\$	95,387	\$_	234,232	\$ 360,425	\$ 16,345,508	\$	63,593	\$ 17,099,145
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES									
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued items Due to other funds Total liabilities	\$	-	\$	376	\$ 35,437	\$ 5,806,141 2,923 5,809,064	\$		\$ 5,841,954 2,923 5,844,877
Fund balances: Restricted Total fund balances	_	95,387 95,387		233,856 233,856	 <u>324,988</u> 324,988	 10,536,444 10,536,444	-	63,593 63,593	 11,254,268 11,254,268
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$_	95,387	\$_	234,232	\$ 360,425	\$ 16,345,508	\$	63,593	\$ 17,099,145

TOWN OF WILTON, CONNECTICUT COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	_	Debt Issuance 2008		Debt Issuance 2013		Debt Issuance 2014		Debt Issuance 2015-2016		Reserve for Capital Expenditures		Total Capital Projects Fund
Revenues:	•		•		•		•	40.000	~		•	47.050
Use of money and property Other local revenues	\$		\$	233	\$	822	\$	16,903 202,110	\$	46,254	\$	17,958 248,364
Total revenues	-			233		822		219,013		46,254		266,322
	_											
Expenditures:												
Current:												
General government										135		135
Public works										137,603		137,603
Debt service:												
Capital outlay				1,794		968,730		21,032,484		2,348,087		24,351,095
Total expenditures	_	-		1,794		968,730		21,032,484		2,485,825		24,488,833
Deficiency of Revenues over Expenditures	_	_		(1,561)		(967,908)		(20,813,471)		(2,439,571)		(24,222,511)
Other Financing Sources:												
Issuance of general obligation bonds								15,788,000				15,788,000
Issuance of capital lease								10,100,000		2,348,087		2,348,087
Total other financing sources	_	-		-		-		15,788,000		2,348,087		18,136,087
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		(1,561)		(967,908)		(5,025,471)		(91,484)		(6,086,424)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		95,387		235,417		1,292,896		15,561,915		155,077		17,340,692
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$_	95,387	\$	233,856	\$	324,988	\$	10,536,444		63,593	\$	11,254,268

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for proceeds of special revenue sources (except for major capital projects and trust funds) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specific purposes. The Town's special revenue funds are:

Education Entitlement Grants Fund - To account for the expenditure of State and Federal Grants received for a variety of school programs.

School Lunch Fund - To account for the revenues and expenditures for the school lunch program.

Summer School Fund - To account for the revenues and expenditures for the summer school programs.

Continuing Education Fund - To account for revenues and expenditures for the Adult Continuing Education programs.

Forfeited Property Fund - To account for the revenues and expenditures related to the State and Federal forfeiture of assets used in the commission of crimes.

Other Grants Programs Fund - To account for funds related to grant programs not accounted for in another fund.

Recreation Fund - To account for the revenues and expenditures of the Town's Park and Recreation Department's self-sustaining programs.

Gift Fund - To account for gifts to the Town for a variety of uses.

Special Assessment Charges - To account for revenues and expenditures related to water assessment charges.

DEBT SERVICE FUND

Debt Service Fund - To account for and report the financial resources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for principal and interest and for financial resources that are being accumulated for principal and interest maturing in future years.

TOWN OF WILTON, CONNECTICUT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

	Special Revenue Funds															
		Education Entitlement Grants Fund	School Lunch Fund		Summer School Fund	Continuing Education Fund	Forfeited Property Fund	Other Grants Programs Fund	F	Recreation Fund	Gift Fund		Special ssessmen Charges	t_	Debt Service Fund	Total
ASSETS																
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable, net Due from State Prepaid expenditures	\$	53,999 \$ 104,513	152,380 15,733 8,936	\$	295,287 \$	1,008,219 \$	5 18,485 \$	21,305 S 1,000 315,318	\$	455,380 \$ 2,915 14,472	131,479 8,925 7,000	\$	304,818	\$	1,078,017 \$	3,519,369 28,573 428,767 21,472
Due from other funds Inventory	_		45,568				3,076	164,273		14,472	7,000	_	6,754	_	738,042	912,145 45,568
Total Assets	\$_	158,512 \$	222,617	_\$_	295,287 \$	1,008,219 \$	5 <u>21,561</u> \$	501,896	\$_	472,767 \$	147,404	\$_	311,572	\$_	1,816,059 \$	4,955,894
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES																
Liabilities:																
Accounts payable and accrued items	\$	19,346 \$	80,732	\$	\$	1,939 \$,	\$	41,861 \$	3,694	\$		\$	\$	178,255
Unearned revenue		76,052	69,896		E 440	4.40,000	624	469,716		139,649	8,520					764,457
Due to other funds Total liabilities	_	63,114	150 600		5,440	146,299	624	500,399		171,059	6,617	_		_		392,529
Total liabilities	-	158,512	150,628		5,440	148,238	024	500,399	-	352,569	18,831	-	-	-		1,335,241
Fund Balances:																
Nonspendable			45,568							14,472	7,000					67,040
Restricted											121,573					121,573
Committed	_		26,421		289,847	859,981	20,937	1,497		105,726		_	311,572		1,816,059	3,432,040
Total fund balances	_		71,989		289,847	859,981	20,937	1,497		120,198	128,573	_	311,572	_	1,816,059	3,620,653
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$_	158,512 \$	222,617	_\$_	295,287_\$	1,008,219 \$	5 <u>21,561</u> \$	501,896	\$_	472,767 \$	147,404	\$_	311,572	\$_	1,816,059 \$	4,955,894

TOWN OF WILTON, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Education Entitlement Grants Fund	School Lunch Fund	Summer School Fund	Continuing Education Fund	Forfeited Property Fund	Other Grants Programs Fund	Recreation Fund	Gift Fund	Special Assessment Charges	Debt Service Fund	Total
Revenues: Intergovernmental revenues Charges for services School lunch sales	\$ 1,251,268	\$	360,392	\$ \$ 1,228,928	9,358 \$	653,146 \$	\$ 629,961	\$	\$	\$	1,971,082 2,219,281 1,540,816
Use of money and property Contributions Total revenues	242	1,598,126	360,392	1,228,928	1,693	653,146	629,961	151 <u>110,287</u> 110,438	776		2,862 <u>110,287</u> 5,844,328
Expenditures: General government Public safety	1,231,310	1,590,120	300,392	1,220,920	5,319	44,055 21,314	029,901	51,958 6,285			96,013 32,918
Health and welfare Culture and recreation Education Capital outlay	1,251,510	1,589,018	333,878	1,168,816		2,317 25,666 565,844	652,274	3,340 34,887		00.440	5,657 712,827 4,343,222 565,844
Debt service Total expenditures	1,251,510	1,589,018	333,878	1,168,816	5,319	659,196	652,274	96,470	<u> </u>	23,410 23,410	23,410 5,779,891
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		9,108	26,514	60,112	5,732	(6,050)	(22,313)	13,968	776	(23,410)	64,437
Other Financing Sources: Transfers in Premium on refunding bonds Proceeds of refunding bonds Payment to refunding agent Premium on bonds issued										738,042 241,757 3,450,000 (3,668,347) 1,078,017	738,042 241,757 3,450,000 (3,668,347) 1,078,017
Net Changes in Fund Balances	-	9,108	26,514	60,112	5,732	(6,050)	(22,313)	13,968	776	1,816,059	1,903,906
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		62,881	263,333	799,869	15,205	7,547	142,511	114,605	310,796		1,716,747
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	\$ <u>71,989</u> \$	289,847	\$ <u>859,981</u> \$	20,937 \$	1,497_\$	120,198 \$	128,573 \$	<u>311,572</u>	1,816,059 \$	3,620,653

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal service funds account for operations that provide services to other departments or agencies of the government, or to other governments on a cost-reimbursement basis. The internal service funds of the Town are as follows:

Medical Fund - To account for the health insurance program for the Town and Board of Education and retirees.

Workers' Compensation Fund - To account for the activities of the Town and Board of Education workers' compensation program.

TOWN OF WILTON, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

		Medical Fund		Workers' Compensation Fund		Total
Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents Due from other funds	\$	4,676,670 505,250	\$	287,223	\$	4,676,670 792,473
Total assets		5,181,920		287,223		5,469,143
Liabilities: Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable		1,550				1,550
Current portion of claims payable		1,106,000				1,106,000
Total current liabilities	_	1,107,550		-	_	1,107,550
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Claims payable, noncurrent portion			•	156,197	. <u> </u>	156,197
Net Position:						
Unrestricted	\$_	4,074,370	\$	131,026	\$_	4,205,396

TOWN OF WILTON, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	_	Medical Fund	c	Workers' ompensation Fund	 Total
Operating Revenues:					
Charges for services	\$	13,839,427	\$	539,799	\$ 14,379,226
Operating Expenses:					
Employee benefits		14,624,929			14,624,929
Judgments and claims				277,899	 277,899
Total operating expenses		14,624,929		277,899	 14,902,828
Operating Income (Loss)		(785,502)		261,900	(523,602)
Nonoperating Revenues:					
Income on investments		14,545			 14,545
Change in Net Position		(770,957)		261,900	(509,057)
Net Position at Beginning of Year	_	4,845,327		(130,874)	 4,714,453
Net Position at End of Year	\$	4,074,370	\$	131,026	\$ 4,205,396

TOWN OF WILTON, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		Medical Fund	Workers' Compensation Fund	Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:				
Receipts from customers and users	\$	14,098,181 \$	539,799 \$	14,637,980
Payments for benefits and claims		(14,387,379)	(539,799)	(14,927,178)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	_	(289,198)		(289,198)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:				
Transfers in out to other funds		(301,517)		(301,517)
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital				
financing activities	_	(301,517)		(301,517)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:				
Interest on investments		14,545		14,545
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	_	14,545	-	14,545
	_	· · · · ·		
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(576,170)	-	(576,170)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		5,252,840	-	5,252,840
	_			<u> </u>
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$_	4,676,670 \$	\$	4,676,670
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Change in assets and liabilities: Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	\$_	(785,502) \$ 258,754 1,550	<u>261,900</u> \$	(523,602) 258,754 1,550
Increase (decrease) in claims payable		236,000	(261,900)	(25,900)
Total adjustments	-	496,304	(261,900)	234,404
			(,,,,,,,)	
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$_	(289,198) \$	\$	(289,198)

FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES

Fiduciary fund types are used to account for assets held by the Town in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations or others.

AGENCY FUNDS:

Student Activities - To account for various student activities such as class events, clubs and various functions held by students at the Town's middle and high schools.

TOWN OF WILTON, CONNECTICUT AGENCY FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Student Activities Fund	-	Balance June 30, 2015	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2016
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$_	512,269_\$	1,094,815	\$ <u>1,047,123</u> \$	559,961
Liabilities: Fiduciary deposits	\$_	512,269_\$	1,094,815	\$ <u>1,047,123</u> \$	559,961

SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES

TOWN OF WILTON, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAXES LEVIED, COLLECTED AND OUTSTANDING FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Grand List of	Uncollected Taxes	Lawful Cor	rections	Transfers to	Adjusted Tax		Colle	ctions		Uncollected Taxes June 30,
October 1,	June 30, 2015		Deductions	Suspense	Levy	Taxes	Interest	Liens	Total	2016
2014	\$ 114,269,247	\$ 933,709 \$	154,687 \$	660	\$ 115,047,609	\$ 114,255,219	\$ 218,524	\$ 10,640 \$	\$ 114,484,383 \$	792,390
2013	803,618	35,754	32,232	230	806,910	309,480	70,901	3,352	383,733	497,430
2012	308,781	1,025	3,146	500	306,160	115,842	42,180	2,060	160,082	190,318
2011	218,637	110	8,321	541	209,885	62,028	26,385	631	89,044	147,857
2010	156,119	854	6,618	738	149,617	9,901	3,268	151	13,320	139,716
2009	85,230	802		1,501	84,531	6,433	1,919	62	8,414	78,098
2008	67,028	1,698		1,800	66,926	6,101	2,763	290	9,154	60,825
2007	60,018	1,006		2,890	58,134	5,490	2,590	294	8,374	52,644
2006	40,413	815		1,268	39,960	890	1,241	224	2,355	39,070
2005	36,506	225		93	36,638	225	390	94	709	36,413
2004	32,503	729			33,232	7,331	3,928	119	11,378	25,901
2003 and prior	71,783	2,589			74,372	2,588	5,979	1,245	9,812	71,784
	\$116,149,883	\$ <u>979,316</u> \$	205,004 \$	10,221	\$	\$ 114,781,528	\$	\$ <u>19,162</u>	\$ <u>115,180,758</u> \$	2,132,446

EXHIBIT E-2

TOWN OF WILTON, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS AND SEWER USAGE CHARGES LEVIED, COLLECTED AND OUTSTANDING FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Balance						_	Balance		
		Uncollected June 30, 2015	Current Charges and Adjustments	Balance to be Collected		Principal	 Interest	Total		Uncollected June 30, 2016
Special Assessments Sewer User Charges	\$	1,901,756 3,602	\$ 1,637,444 \$ 458,800_	3,539,200 462,402	\$	215,696 451,345	\$ 72,637 \$ 4,306	288,333 455,651	\$	3,250,867 6,751
	\$	1,905,358	\$ <u>2,096,244</u> \$	4,001,602	\$	667,041	\$ 76,943_\$	743,984	\$	3,257,618

Statistical Section Information

The objectives of statistical section information are to provide financial statement users with additional historical perspective, context and detail to assist in using the information in the financial statements, notes to financial statements and required supplementary information to understand and assess economic condition.

Statistical section information is presented in the following categories:

- *Financial trends information* is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing how financial position has changed over time.
- *Revenue capacity information* is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing the factors affecting the ability to generate *own-source revenues* (property taxes, charges for services, etc.).
- *Debt capacity information* is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing debt burden and the ability to issue additional debt.
- Demographic and economic information is intended 1) to assist users in understanding the socioeconomic environment and 2) to provide information that facilitates comparisons of financial statement information over time and among governments.
- Operating information is intended to provide contextual information about operations and resources to assist readers in using financial statement information to understand and assess economic condition.

The accompanying tables are presented in the above order. Refer to the Table of Contents for applicable page number locations.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in the tables is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

TOWN OF WILTON, CONNECTICUT NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

		2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Governmental Activities: Net investment in capital assets Restricted	\$ 7	71,287,195 \$	77,342,966 \$	84,766,832 \$	86,669,878 \$	89,574,104 \$ 327,134	91,740,835 \$	93,989,872 \$	88,926,520	90,873,037 \$	97,230,076
Unrestricted	2	26,073,692	25,698,560	24,842,202	23,814,311	25,290,344	318,299 26,105,722	305,809 25,770,908	108,404 28,459,157	114,605 21,744,035	114,605 14,900,653
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$ <u></u>	97,360,887 \$	103,041,526 \$	109,609,034 \$	110,484,189 \$	115,191,582 \$	118,164,856 \$	120,066,589 \$	117,494,081	112,731,677 \$	112,245,334
Business-Type Activities: Net investment in capital assets Restricted	\$	2,739,103 \$	2,754,934 \$	2,560,971 \$	2,353,059 \$	2,145,148 \$	2,213,573 \$	4,713,263 \$	4,495,803	4,394,596 \$	4,256,665
Unrestricted		7,089,221	9,099,100	9,189,858	8,471,158	8,220,411	8,184,091	6,017,747	5,813,105	40,000 6,957,957	40,000 8,716,844
Total Business-Type Activities Net Position	\$	9,828,324 \$	11,854,034 \$	11,750,829 \$	10,824,217 \$	10,365,559 \$	10,397,664 \$	10,731,010 \$	10,308,908	11,392,553 \$	13,013,509
Primary Government: Net investment in capital assets Restricted	\$ 7	74,026,298 \$	80,097,900 \$	87,327,803 \$	89,022,937 \$	91,719,252 \$ 327,134	93,954,408 \$ 318,299	98,703,135 \$ 305,809	93,422,323 108,404	95,267,633 \$ 154,605	101,486,741 154,605
Unrestricted	3	33,162,913	34,797,660	34,032,060	32,285,469	33,510,755	34,289,813	31,788,655	34,272,262	28,701,992	23,617,497
Total Primary Government Net Position	\$ <u>1</u> (07,189,211_\$	114,895,560 \$	121,359,863 \$	121,308,406 \$	125,557,141 \$	128,562,520 \$	130,797,599 \$	127,802,989	124,124,230 \$	125,258,843

TOWN OF WILTON, CONNECTICUT CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	_	2007	2008	2009	2010		2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Expenses:												
Governmental activities:												
General government	\$	6,492,495 \$	6 4,492,477 \$	4,640,679 \$	4,697,147	\$	5,998,278 \$	5,763,957 \$	5,489,089 \$	10,036,847 \$	2,621,540 \$	10,186,998
Public safety	Ψ	11,582,747	11,974,326	12.962.451	13,147,907	•	12.895.413	14,473,198	13,316,204	14.267.615	14,411,975	14.833.779
Public works		4,195,931	4,092,329	3,906,453	3,866,827		2,950,471	3,708,958	5,387,343	8,947,096	6,621,159	6,135,691
Public health and welfare		1,384,490	1,559,421	1,490,086	1,550,758		1,899,789	2,697,278	2,052,583	1,917,525	2,031,746	2,107,643
Other		2,530,341	2,929,256	3,107,073	2,968,889		3,413,076	3.547.698	3,988,176	1,017,020	2,001,710	2,101,010
Recreation and parks commission		2,000,775	2,217,751	2,194,170	2,314,326		2,998,260	3,102,330	3,057,101	3,654,542	9,145,688	2,908,010
Education		68,354,884	74,176,651	75,387,144	81,540,999	1	80,150,532	86,527,626	88,438,429	91,247,495	94,322,668	99,706,721
Interest		2,777,892	3,011,513	2,040,669	2,368,455		2,768,861	2,388,537	2,200,801	1,892,476	2,727,291	1,416,173
Total governmental activities expenses	-	99,319,555	104,453,724	105,728,725	112,455,308	1	13,074,680	122,209,582	123,929,726	131,963,596	131,882,067	137,295,015
Business-type activities:	-	33,013,000	104,400,724	100,720,720	112,400,000	<u> </u>	10,074,000	122,203,002	120,323,120	101,000,000	101,002,007	107,200,010
Water Pollution Control Authority		860,983	736,011	653,870	1,465,526		793,472	784,292	770,405	1,003,555	788,617	819,491
Transfer Station		1,108,309	1,039,997	1,080,591	780,674		819,034	753,925	737,092	653,709	662,060	757,173
Total business-type activities expenses	-	1,969,292	1,776,008	1,734,461	2,246,200		1,612,506	1,538,217	1,507,497	1,657,264	1,450,677	1,576,664
Total business-type activities expenses	-	1,909,292	1,770,000	1,734,401	2,240,200		1,012,500	1,000,217	1,507,497	1,057,204	1,430,077	1,370,004
Total Primary Government Expenses	\$	101,288,847 \$	<u>106,229,732</u> \$	107,463,186 \$	114,701,508	\$ <u>1</u>	14,687,186 \$	123,747,799 \$	125,437,223 \$	133,620,860 \$	133,332,744 \$	138,871,679
Program Revenues:												
Governmental activities:												
Charges for services:												
General government	\$	2,482,505 \$	5 1,698,099 \$	1,274,710 \$	1,125,515	\$	1,353,823 \$	1,779,478 \$	1,696,633 \$	2,104,754 \$	2,844,334 \$	2,053,781
Public safety	+	363,266	393.572	431,650	448,610	+	38,690	34,086	49,135	61,331	62,578	49,304
Public works		54.820	54.285	2,250	10,778		5.500	2.000	3,000	01,001	02,010	
Public health and welfare		67.110	70,763	90,406	85,155		372,059	206,758	0,000	4,225	56,700	62,550
Recreation and park commission		64,022	751,847	801,132	881,197		929,571	1,011,800	982,676	732,555	645,513	774,240
Education		2,379,822	2,602,682	2,544,950	2,484,148		2,267,726	2,399,657	2,433,595	2,713,242	2,798,171	3,145,803
Operating grants and contributions		4,371,568	8,586,764	9,217,521	8,603,592		9,965,432	13,091,331	12,402,424	13,854,956	12,346,320	13,257,244
Capital grants and contributions		488,654	359,209	346,803	591,454		789,724	502,003	473,063	476,798	670,930	459,517
Total governmental activities program	-	400,004	000,200	040,000	001,404		100,124	002,000	470,000	470,750	070,000	400,011
revenues		10,271,767	14,517,221	14,709,422	14,230,449		15,722,525	19,027,113	18,040,526	19,947,861	19,424,546	19,802,439
Business-type activities:	-	10,271,707	14,017,221	14,703,422	14,230,443		10,722,020	13,027,113	10,040,020	13,347,001	13,424,340	13,002,433
Charges for services		1,684,224	3,385,887	1,410,505	996,408		931,107	1,190,829	1,663,568	688,157	1,774,051	2,377,680
Operating grants and contributions		1,004,224	3,303,007	1,410,505	990,400		9,585	1,190,029	1,003,300	473,817	499,692	435,833
Total business-type activities program	-						9,565	·	·	473,017	499,092	430,633
revenues	_	1,684,224	3,385,887	1,410,505	996,408		940,692	1,190,829	1,663,568	1,161,974	2,273,743	2,813,513
Total Primary Government Program Revenue	s \$_	11,955,991 \$	<u> 17,903,108 </u> \$	16,119,927 \$	15,226,857	\$	16,663,217 \$	20,217,942 \$	19,704,094 \$	21,109,835 \$	21,698,289 \$	22,615,952
	-											
Net revenues (expenses):												
Governmental activities	\$	(89,047,788) \$	\$ (89,936,503) \$	(91,019,303) \$	(98,224,859)	\$ (9	97,352,155) \$	(103,182,469) \$	(105,889,200) \$	(112,015,735) \$	(112,457,521) \$	
Business-type activities		(285,068)	1,609,879	(323,956)	(1,249,792)		(671,814)	(347,388)	156,071	(495,290)	823,066	1,236,849
	-											
Total Primary Government Net Expense	\$	(89,332,856) \$	§ (88,326,624) \$	(91,343,259) \$	(99,474,651)	\$_(9	98,023,969) \$	(103,529,857) \$	(105,733,129) \$	(112,511,025) \$	(111,634,455) \$	(116,255,727)

TOWN OF WILTON, CONNECTICUT CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

		2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
General Revenues and Other	_										
Changes in Net Position:											
Governmental activities:											
Property taxes	\$	88,341,823 \$	92,760,472 \$	96,111,186 \$	98,260,024 \$	101,239,138 \$	105,838,533 \$	107,379,598 \$	109,815,627 \$	113,132,540 \$	115,648,084
Grants and contributions not restricted to											
specific programs		4,334,616	795,394	603,648	540,829	516,618	253,435	253,121	243,242	248,682	142,269
Unrestricted investment earnings		2,247,434	1,620,804	578,875	120,324	171,873	141,121		218,866	226,412	355,970
Sale of real property						57,200					
Miscellaneous			440,474	293,102	310,933	267,875	275,040	307,265		77,801	1,134,910
Transfers	_	(135,000)			(132,096)	(193,156)	(352,386)	(149,051)	(125,995)	(187,241)	(275,000)
Total governmental activities	_	94,788,873	95,617,144	97,586,811	99,100,014	102,059,548	106,155,743	107,790,933	110,151,740	113,498,194	117,006,233
Business-type activities:											
Unrestricted investment earnings		518,436	415,831	220,751	191,084	20,000	27,107	10,876	67,279	73,338	109,107
Miscellaneous		135,000						17,348			
Transfers	_				132,096	193,156	352,386	149,051	125,995	187,241	275,000
Total business-type activities		653,436	415,831	220,751	323,180	213,156	379,493	177,275	193,274	260,579	384,107
Total Primary Government	\$_	95,442,309 \$	96,032,975 \$	97,807,562 \$	99,423,194 \$	102,272,704 \$	106,535,236 \$	107,968,208 \$	110,345,014 \$	113,758,773 \$	117,390,340
Change in Net Position:											
Governmental activities	\$	5,741,085 \$	5,680,641 \$	6,567,508 \$	875,155 \$	4,707,393 \$	2,973,274 \$	1,901,733 \$	(1,863,995) \$	1,040,673 \$	(486,343)
Business-type activities		368,368	2,025,710	(103,205)	(926,612)	(458,658)	32,105	333,346	(302,016)	1,083,645	1,620,956
Total Primary Government	\$	6,109,453 \$	7,706,351 \$	6,464,303 \$	(51,457) \$	4,248,735 \$	3,005,379 \$	2,235,079 \$	(2,166,011) \$	2,124,318 \$	1,134,613

TOWN OF WILTON, CONNECTICUT FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	_	2007	 2008	. <u>-</u>	2009	-	2010	 2011	_	2012	_	2013	. <u>-</u>	2014	 2015	_	2016
General fund: Nonspendable	\$		\$	\$		\$		\$ 2,572	\$	57,478	\$	78,983	\$	55,107	\$ 92,488	\$	106,439
Committed Assigned Unassigned								4,131,983 14,801,942		4,861,264 16,274,248		223,735 5,627,533 14,718,189		760,026 3,619,058 17,702,065	1,002,447 6,359,222 15,326,862		1,252,447 4,513,735 15,889,294
Reserved Unassigned		1,382,687 17,786,651	 1,773,671 19,304,263		468,996 19,039,572	_	425,634 16,515,371	 ,	_		_	,,			 		,
Total General Fund	\$_	19,169,338	\$ 21,077,934	\$	19,508,568	\$_	16,941,005	\$ 18,936,497	\$	21,192,990	\$_	20,648,440	\$_	22,136,256	\$ 22,781,019	\$_	21,761,915
All other governmental funds:																	
Nonspendable	\$		\$	\$		\$		\$ 46,627	\$	45,071	\$	55,949	\$	16,377	\$ 56,076	\$	67,040
Restricted								1,366,257		474,473		6,356,886		3,558,568	17,450,297		11,375,841
Assigned Committed								2,093,732		1,182,819		1,175,010		1,462,568	1,543,519		3,432,040
Unassigned								(44,521)						(211,264)	7,547		3,432,040
Reserved		38,050	52,475		4,531,747		4,839,656	(11,021)						(211,201)	1,011		
Unreserved, reported in:		,	-,		,,		, ,										
Debt service fund		328,451	325,816		328,561		312,260										
Capital improvements		1,804,989	1,945,091		1,449,101		1,352,611										
Special revenue funds		2,053,189	2,172,554		1,996,987		2,265,892										
Capital projects funds	_	87,657	 85,048	· -	(4,612,893)	-	(3,792,827)		_		_				 	_	
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$_	4,312,336	\$ 4,580,984	\$	3,693,503	\$_	4,977,592	\$ 3,462,095	\$	1,702,363	\$_	7,587,845	\$	4,826,249	\$ 19,057,439	\$_	14,874,921

TOWN OF WILTON, CONNECTICUT REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN YEARS (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Revenues:										
Property taxes, interest and lien fees	\$ 88,067,800 \$	92,617,107 \$	95,903,410 \$	98,036,402 \$	101,459,644 \$	105,831,966 \$	107,158,963 \$	110,433,298	112,997,545 \$	115,159,880
Intergovernmental revenues	8,444,531	9,742,433	10,339,896	9,878,010	10,885,432	13,468,690	12,775,460	14,588,333	13,211,895	13,936,016
Charges for services	5,434,257	5,596,791	5,145,098	5,035,402	5,224,344	5,274,187	5,315,316	5,237,657	5,107,033	5,508,845
Use of money and property	2,089,872	1,620,804	578,875	120,324	166,780	142,704	(13,555)	208,503	214,804	341,426
Other local revenues	927,130	676,977	367,467	436,033	701,592	709,592	728,149	512,609	731,756	1,810,999
Total revenues	104,963,590	110,254,112	112,334,746	113,506,171	118,437,792	125,427,139	125,964,333	130,980,400	132,263,033	136,757,166
Expenditures:										
Current:										
General government	3,561,322	3,839,601	3,945,183	4,003,275	5,424,668	5,521,228	5,100,350	5,697,089	5,754,867	6,006,630
Public safety	10,432,405	11,063,572	11,597,671	11,815,697	12,228,691	13,523,022	12,708,188	12,861,451	13,043,038	12,771,046
Public works	2,088,763	2,553,158	2,443,229	2,202,247	2,749,142	2,455,515	3,513,052	3,101,134	3,401,405	3,222,242
Public health and welfare	1,450,210	1,518,769	1,446,175	1,509,113	1,908,514	2,676,191	2,028,976	1,950,591	1,966,482	2,003,077
Other	2,010,902	2,260,672	2,363,855	5,415,952	3,410,177	3,543,179	3,981,169	3,718,154	3,831,582	3,849,682
Recreation and parks commission	1,855,864	1,979,612	1,938,505	1,984,245	2,763,236	2,790,685	2,771,687	2,604,008	2,486,378	2,473,127
Education	66,694,285	72,335,709	77,407,180	79,060,990	78,244,623	83,906,258	86,279,890	89,199,619	90,602,361	93,911,952
Debit service:										
Principal retirement	5,978,192	5,985,950	6,200,950	6,533,387	6,188,948	6,188,948	6,643,949	6,867,858	6,970,000	8,208,138
Interest	3,144,700	3,074,641	3,076,063	2,541,351	2,922,007	2,502,091	2,369,969	2,252,477	2,113,680	2,576,567
Bond issuance costs						142,398				
Capital outlay	7,767,748	4,786,708	8,111,548	12,242,562	2,215,873	2,022,691	3,451,874	9,062,418	11,111,302	25,898,841
Total expenditures	104,984,391	109,398,392	118,530,359	127,308,819	118,055,879	125,272,206	128,849,104	137,314,799	141,281,095	160,921,302
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(20,801)	855,720	(6,195,613)	(13,802,648)	381,913	154,933	(2,884,771)	(6,334,399)	(9,018,062)	(24,164,136)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Issuance of bonds and loans	4,055,000	3,740,000	6,000,000	12,250,000			7,910,000	4,720,000	22,750,000	15,788,000
Issuance of refunding bonds						9,845,000			8,190,000	3,450,000
Premium on issuance of debt			1,582,398			720,470			1,934,034	1,319,774
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent						(10,423,072)			(9,154,178)	(3,668,347)
Sale of real property					57,350					
Capital lease	333,938	146,406	573,972	401,208	233,888	412,019	464,754	466,615	361,399	2,348,087
Transfers in from other funds		192,622	261,791	160	638,578	861,762	162,500		223,735	738,042
Transfers out to other funds	(135,000)	(192,622)	(261,791)	(132,256)	(831,734)	(1,074,351)	(311,551)	(125,995)	(410,976)	(1,013,042)
Total other financing sources	4,253,938	3,886,406	8,156,370	12,519,112	98,082	341,828	8,225,703	5,060,620	23,894,014	18,962,514
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 4,233,137 \$	4,742,126 \$	1,960,757 \$	(1,283,536) \$	479,995 \$	496,761 \$	5,340,932 \$	(1,273,779) \$	14,875,952 \$	(5,201,622)
Debit Service as a Percentage to Noncapital Expenditures	9.38%	8.66%	8.40%	8.28%	7.90%	7.00%	7.10%	6.86%	6.82%	7.69%

TOWN OF WILTON, CONNECTICUT ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Amounts expressed in thousands, except estimated taxable value)

Real Property							Т	otal Taxable	Total Direct	Estimated	Assessed Value as a	
Fiscal Year	Residential	ustrial and ommercial	-	Personal Property	 Motor Vehicle	Exe	Less emptions		Assessed Value	Tax Rate (Mill Rate)	Actual Taxable Value	Percentage of Actual Value
2016	\$ 3,285,618	\$ 610,561	\$	257,355	\$ 198,132	\$	55,475	\$	4,296,191	26.83	\$ 115,267,664	4.00
2015	3,263,326	605,643		247,344	197,032		47,713		4,265,632	26.51	113,095,554	4.00
2014	3,246,250	602,553		242,392	193,254		46,555		4,237,894	25.98	110,141,170	4.00
2013	4,061,670	680,831		209,491	195,393		34,438		5,112,947	21.06	107,655,655	5.00
2012	4,053,801	661,212		214,801	184,555		32,764		5,081,605	20.85	105,951,464	5.00
2011	4,038,445	658,216		209,667	176,493		24,339		5,058,482	20.16	101,978,997	5.00
2010	4,013,781	647,850		200,250	178,600		19,148		5,021,333	19.58	98,317,671	5.00
2009	3,980,146	629,478		188,420	190,989		17,939		4,971,094	19.31	95,991,821	5.00
2008	3,047,526	448,111		145,237	186,866		13,027		3,814,713	24.23	92,430,509	4.00
2007	3,007,450	445,982		144,501	187,841		16,983		3,768,791	23.39	88,152,021	4.00

Source: Assessor's Office - Town of Wilton

TOWN OF WILTON, CONNECTICUT PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO (In Thousands)

	2016					2007						
		Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percenta of Net Taxable Assesse Grand Li	e ed		Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percenta of Ne Taxab Assess Grand L	t le sed		
Connecticut Light & Power Wilton 40, 50 60 LLC et al TIAA-CREF	\$	91,781,160 86,864,790 80,770,460	1 2 3	2.13 2.02 1.88	%	\$	23,581,050 46,193,830	5 2	0.62 1.21	%		
Kimco Realty Avalon Properties ASML US Inc.		42,965,510 34,304,410 27,282,810	5 4 5 6	1.00 1.00 0.80 0.63			14,183,710 32,729,150	8 4	0.37 0.86			
Wilton Meadows Retirement et.al. Norwalk Second Taxing District Bridgewater Associates		23,584,460 16,094,750 14,898,490	7 8 9	0.55 0.37 0.35			15,952,100 13,045,340	6 9	0.42 0.34			
MCL Ventures et al Ten and Twenty II Westport LLC Wilton Executive Campus		14,661,070	10	0.33			94,213,340 34,171,060	1 3	2.47 0.31			
AIG CD Station LLC					_	_	15,123,540 11,820,970	7 10	0.90	_		
	\$	433,207,910		10.06	_%	\$_	301,014,090		7.90	_%		

Source: Assessor's office - Town of Wilton Grand List October 1, 2015 and 2006

TOWN OF WILTON, CONNECTICUT PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (In Thousands)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Tax Rate In Mills	Taxes Levied for the Fiscal Year	Collected w Fiscal Year o Amount		Collections in Subsequent Years	Tota <u>Collections</u> Amount	
2016	26.83	\$ 115,047,609	\$ 114,321,620	99.31 %	\$ NA	\$ 114,847,927	99.76 %
2015	26.51	112,749,790	111,945,079	99.28	309,480	\$ 111,945,079	99.20 %
2014	25.99	109,682,703	109,067,765	99.44	115,842	109,067,765	99.44
2013	21.06	106,615,955	105,263,336	98.73	1,056,979	106,320,315	99.72
2012	20.85	104,963,812	103,801,278	98.89	893,941	104,695,219	99.74
2011	20.16	101,237,589	98,272,855	97.07	2,801,842	101,074,697	99.84
2010	19.58	97,619,745	91,616,653	93.85	5,529,251	97,145,904	99.51
2009	19.31	95,441,502	92,774,225	97.21	2,537,062	95,311,287	99.86
2008	24.23	91,973,451	90,068,814	97.93	1,867,935	91,936,749	99.96
2007	23.39	87,676,946	84,604,073	96.50	3,055,692	87,659,765	99.98

N/A - Not Available

Source: Tax Collector's Report; Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

TOWN OF WILTON, CONNECTICUT RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (In Thousands, Except Ratio of Debt to Assessed Value per Capita)

	Go	vernmental Activi	ties	Other Governmental Activities	Business- type Activities			
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property	Per Capita	Capital Leases	Transfer Station	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income (1)	Per Capita
2016	\$ 85,864,682	74.63 % \$	4,427.95	\$ 1,922,219	\$	\$ 87,786,901	5.95 %	\$ 4,690.97
2015	77,167,791	68.23	4,272.38	670,764		77,838,555	5.46	\$ 4,309.52
2014	60,108,110	54.57	3,221.75	506,326		60,614,436	4.12	3,248.88
2013	62,465,397	58.02	3,355.29	458,610		62,924,007	4.28	3,379.92
2012	59,638,949	56.29	3,298.80	363,020	6,051	60,008,020	4.21	3,319.21
2011	65,777,897	64.50	3,641.78	301,430	12,103	66,091,430	4.64	3,659.14
2010	71,966,845	73.20	4,049.68	328,971	18,155	72,313,971	N/A	4,069.21
2009	66,831,183	69.62	3,721.11	468,007	24,207	67,323,397	N/A	3,748.52
2008	66,999,740	72.49	3,782.09	327,181	44,208	67,371,129	N/A	3,803.06
2007	69,293,080	78.61	3,873.94	490,296	35,002	69,818,378	N/A	3,903.30

Notes:

Details regarding the Town's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements

N/A - Information not available

(1) - Population and personal income data can be found in the schedule of demographic and economic statistics

<u>Government Unit</u>	Net Long-Term Debt Outstanding (1)	Percentage Applicable to Town	Amount Applicable o Town of Wilton
Town of Wilton - Net Direct General Obligation Debt	\$ 87,786,901	100.00%	\$ 87,786,901
Less - School construction grants receivable (principal portion) (2)			 154,755
Total Direct Debt			\$ 81,932,755

(1) Excludes business-type activities debt.

(2) School construction grants are receivable in substantially equal installments over the life of outstanding school bonds. Obtained from Office of Policy and Management, State of Connecticut.

Source: Town records

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the Town. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the property taxpayers of the Town.

This process recognizes that, when considering the Town's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the property taxpayers should be taken into account. The Town is not subject to the debt of overlapping governments.

TOWN OF WILTON, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF DEBT LIMITATION CONNECTICUT GENERAL STATUTES, SECTION 7-374 (b) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (UNAUDITED)

Total tax collections (including interest and lien fees) for current year	\$	115,180,758
Reimbursement for revenue loss on: Tax relief for elderly freeze	_	52,593
Base for Debt Limitation Computation	\$	115,233,351

	General Purposes	Schools	Sewers	Urban Renewal	Pension Deficit
Debt Limitation: 2 1/4 times base 4 1/2 times base 3 3/4 times base 3 1/4 times base 3 times base	\$ 259,275,040	\$ \$ 518,550,080	432,125,066	\$ 374,508,391	\$345,700,053
Total debt limitation	259,275,040	518,550,080	432,125,066	374,508,391	345,700,053
Indebtedness: Bonds payable Overlapping debt Authorized unissued debt Construction grants	35,108,620 458,690	46,569,729 27,185,400 (302,072)			
Total indebtedness	35,567,310	73,453,057			
Debt Limitation in Excess of Outstanding and Authorized Debt	\$ <u>223,707,730</u>	\$ <u>445,097,023</u> \$	432,125,066	\$ <u>374,508,391</u>	\$345,700,053
The total net indebtedness a	bove amounts to:				\$ <u>1,821,138,262</u>
In no event shall total indebt	edness exceed seve	en times the base fo	or debt limitation	computation	\$ 806,633,457

NOTE: Water bonds of \$99,651 are excluded from this calculation in accordance with Connecticut General Statutes

In no event shall total indebtedness exceed seven time the base for debt limitation computation:

TOWN OF WILTON, CONNECTICUT LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Debt limit	\$ 806,633,457	\$ 791,344,351	\$ 773,098,816 \$	\$ 743,295,462 \$	5 735,170,688 \$	695,368,219 \$	686,578,571 \$	672,352,639 \$	647,550,764 \$	594,317,185
Total net debt applicable to limit	109,020,367	110,033,788	58,597,663	60,134,740	58,652,130	64,570,330	70,535,642	79,836,175	66,014,110	70,683,303
Legal debt margin	\$ <u>697,613,090</u>	\$ <u>681,310,563</u>	\$ <u>714,501,153</u>	\$ <u>683,160,722</u> \$	<u>676,518,558</u> \$	630,797,889 \$	616,042,929 \$	592,516,464 \$	581,536,654 \$	523,633,882
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	13.52%	13.90%	7.58%	8.09%	7.98%	9.29%	10.27%	11.87%	10.19%	11.89%

(1) In no case shall total indebtedness exceed seven times annual receipts from taxation.

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Report - Statement of Debt Limitation and notes to financial statements

TOWN OF WILTON, CONNECTICUT DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

Calendar Year	Population ¹	Per Capita Income ¹	 Total Personal Income ⁴	Median Age ¹	School Enrollment ²	Unemployment Rate ³
2015	18,714	78,887	\$ 1,476,291,318	40	4,207	4.9 %
2014	18,692	78,887	\$ 1,474,555,804	40	4,280	3.8
2013	18,657	78,887	\$ 1,471,794,759	40	4,222	4.8
2012	18,617	78,887	\$ 1,468,639,279	40	4,261	6.0
2011	18,079	78,887	\$ 1,426,198,073	40	4,300	6.7
2010	18,062	78,887	\$ 1,424,856,994	40	4,321	6.1
2009	17,771	N/A	N/A	43	4,357	5.6
2008	17,960	N/A	N/A	N/A	4,392	4.1
2007	17,715	N/A	N/A	N/A	4,368	3.0
2006	17,887	N/A	N/A	N/A	4,387	2.9
2005	17,960	N/A	N/A	N/A	4,352	3.3

N/A - Information not available.

 ¹ Source: Connecticut Department of Public Health Estimate based on U.S. Census, 2011 Calendar year 2010 and prior Population is Estimated. Based upon July 1 each calendar year
 ² Source: Wilton Board of Education (FYE June Reports)

(Exclusive of Pre-School Enrollment)

³ Source: Connecticut Department of Labor June of each year

⁴ Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis

TOWN OF WILTON, CONNECTICUT PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

			2016		2007			
Employer	Nature of Business	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Town Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Town Employment	
Bridgewater Associates Investments	Investment Advisors	1,031	1	11.8%	670	1	8.8%	
ASML Lithography Systems	Printing Machinery & Equipment	876	2	10.0%				
AIG Global Asset Management	Financial Services	271	3	3.1%				
Melissa & Doug LLC	Toy and Puzzle Wholesaler	235	4	2.7%				
Tauck, Inc.	Tour Operator	225	5	2.6%				
Wilton Meadows	Nursing Home	209	6	2.4%				
Tracy Locke Partnership	Marketing Communications Services	203	7	2.3%				
The Sun Products Corporation	Household Products Provider	202	8	2.3%				
Louis Dreyfus	Agri Business	169	9	1.9%	350	3	4.5%	
Wilton Retirement Housing	Nursing Home	156	10	1.8%				
Deloitte & Touche LLP	Accounting and Consulting				450	2	5.8%	
Belersdorf Inc.	Pharmaceutical Preparations				300	4	3.9%	
TLP Inc.	Advertising Services				300	5	3.9%	
New America Marketing	Advertising Services				250	6	3.2%	
Nursing & Homecare	Regional Public Health Nursing Agency				250	7	3.2%	
Marketing Drive Worldwide	Marketing & Promotional Strategies				175	8	2.3%	
The Common Fund	Investment Services				150	9	1.9%	
Pan Am Sat	Broadcasting	. <u> </u>		. <u> </u>	100	10	1.3%	
Total		3,577		37.8%	2,995		38.8%	

Source: Community Development Department and Bond Official Statement Telephone Survey

TOWN OF WILTON, CONNECTICUT FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM (As of June 30 for each year) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Function/Program	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Full Time										
General Government	43	42	42	42	42	44	43	43	42	42
Police	49	48	48	47	47	47	47	48	48	48
Fire	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30
Public Works	22	22	21	21	21	21	21	21	23	23
Recreation and Parks	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	12	12
Library	33	33	32	31	33	31	32	32	31	29
Education	578	597	588	586	585	582	653	612	658	610
Total	783	783	772	768	769	766	837	797	844	794
Permanent Part Time										
General Government	13	13	12	12	12	12	12	11	11	10
Police	1	1	1	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Recreation and Parks	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	_
	15	15	14	16	16	16	16	15	14	13

Source: Town and Board of Education Human Resources Departments. N/A - Information not available.

TOWN OF WILTON, CONNECTICUT OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
General Government:										
Building Permits Residential Issued	9	17	26	11	10	7	7	7	28	23
Value	7.058.770	11.702.470	15,347,530	7.909.260	7.960.090	4,825,220	5,792,575	5,607,940	21.509.325	15.423.344
Building Permits Commercial Issued	42	50	47	67	75	.,020,220	53	44	62	48
Value	54,792,417	22,704,409	17,230,260	30,109,749	23,430,313	29,805,444	8,001,542	39,159,116	30,132,862	29,831,522
Police:	- , - ,	, - ,	, ,		-,,	-,,	-,,-	,,	, - ,	-,,-
Homicide	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-
Sexual Assaults	4	2	3	3	7	2	2	2	2	-
Assaults	2	3	2	2	7	3	6	6	5	5
Breach of Peace	19	27	43	62	66	55	67	36	13	15
Robbery	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	3	5
Burglary	13	30	21	26	22	33	22	23	19	12
Larceny	113	112	88	151	119	122	166	104	120	111
Motor Vehicle Accidents	624	728	756	659	692	730	732	721	810	791
EMS Assists	1,104	1,172	1,117	1,118	1,181	1,205	1,178	1,185	1,072	1,103
DUI	71	54	53	67	86	82	71	65	102	110
Domestic Disputes	94	99	105	116	123	145	116	111	60	68
Fire:										
Fire Related Incidents	912	931	840	847	946	1,000	913	818	860	911
EMS Incidents	758	711	743	643	681	758	723	855	786	752
Plan Reviews	31	21	34	39	39	67	74	51	77	79
Inspection Visits	299	419	447	490	438	481	419	571	243	224
Refuse Collection:										
Refuse Collected (Tons Per Day)	8.60	9.67	11.23	11.60	13.25	14.45	15.15	19.61	21.46	25.13
Recyclables Collected (Tons Per Day)	3.19	2.79	3.04	3.02	3.65	2.87	2.40	2.51	2.85	2.90
Other Public Works:	10		10	10						
Street Resurfacing (Miles)	10	11	10	10	4	4	4	4	4	4
Recreation and Parks:	0.400	0.000	0.407	4 000	4.070	4 5 4 0	5 00 4	4 000	0 500	0.045
Athletic Field Permits Issued	6,498	6,238	6,127	4,360	4,973	4,546	5,094	4,822	3,586	2,815
Community Center Admissions	847	782	630	904	914	862	802	766	820	1,261
Number of Program Registrations	6,489	5,680	5,032	5,921	6,237	6,737	5,521	5,493	6,082 686,453	5,946
Program Fees Merwin Meadows (Swimming Fees)	557,169 63,372	636,870 61,699	533,744 50,993	50,993	1,019,068 40,615	929,561 40,102	852,721 28,476	779,991 20,751	24,400	659,415 29,856
Social Services:	03,372	61,699	50,995		40,015	40,102	20,470	20,751	24,400	29,000
Households Served	700	625	525	515	568	328	120	139	179	228
Client Contacts:	1,200	1,008	860	745	506	320	120	139	179	220
Elderly	450	100	360	340	340	540	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Family	430 550	500	400	325	340	340	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
Single	200	100	100	80	96	100	N/A N/A	N/A	N/A N/A	N/A
Information and Referral	500	500	500	300	368	298	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Food and Pantry Visits	1.669	1,378	1,534	1.448	1,251	1.028	N/A	N/A	N/A N/A	N/A
Senior Center Visits	7,518	9,013	8,737	7,905	7,347	6,654	5,128	4,811	5,419	5,829
Library:	1,510	3,013	0,707	1,000	1,071	0,004	5,120	, ,,,,,	5,719	5,025
Volumes in Collection	449,165	507,018	152,143	143,902	136,211	133,720	135,796	137,512	144,092	140,941
Total Volumes Borrowed	289,966	312,493	329,923	322,721	335,531	333,561	365,123	362,347	329,873	307,286
	200,000	012,100	020,020	022,121	000,001	000,001	000,120	002,011	020,070	001,200

Source: Directors of each Department N/A - Information not available

TOWN OF WILTON, CONNECTICUT CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Function/Program	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Police Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Fire Stations	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Other Public Works - Streets (Miles)	127.31	127.10	127.10	127.10	127.10	127.10	127.10	127.18	127.18	127.18
Land Use (Acres): Residential Commercial Corporate Government/Institutional Public Parks/Open Space Private Open Space/Recreation Watershed Road and Utilities Total In Use Vacant Undeveloped Total Area	9,501 355 94 607 1,413 634 1,174 972 14,750 2,740 17,490	N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A - N/A	N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A - N/A -	N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A 						
Wastewater: Sanitary Sewers (Miles)* Pump Stations	11.2 4	11.2 1	6.8 1	6.8 1	5.87 1	5.87 1	5.87 1	5.87 1	5.87 1	5.87 1

Source: Various Municipal Department Directors * - Does not include service connections.

N/A - Information not available.