

PREVENT, INSOFAR AS POSSIBLE, EROSION ON THE SITE

#### THESE GUIDELINES SHALL APPLY TO ALL WORK CONSISTING OF ANY AND ALL TEMPORARY AND/OR PERMANENT MEASURES TO CONTROL WATER POLLUTION AND SOIL EROSION, AS MAY BE REQUIRED, DURING THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE PROJECT. IN GENERAL, ALL CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES SHALL PROCEED IN SUCH A MANNER SO AS NOT TO POLLUTE CONTRACTOR SHALL LIMIT, INSOFAR AS POSSIBLE, THE SURFACE AREA OF EARTH MATERIALS EXPOSED BY CONSTRUCTION METHODS AND IMMEDIATELY PROVIDE

ANY WETLANDS, WATERCOURSE, WATERBODY, AND CONDUIT CARRYING WATER, ETC. THE PERMANENT AND TEMPORARY POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES TO PREVENT CONTAMINATION OF ADJACENT WETLANDS, WATERCOURSES, AND WATERBODIES, AND TO

#### LAND GRADING

#### **GENERAL:**

- THE RESHAPING OF THE GROUND SURFACE BY EXCAVATION AND FILLING OR A COMBINATION OF BOTH, TO OBTAIN PLANNED GRADES, SHALL PROCEED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE FOLLOWING CRITERIA: THE CUT FACE OF EARTH EXCAVATION SHALL NOT BE STEEPER THAN TWO
- HORIZONTAL TO ONE VERTICAL (2:1). THE PERMANENT EXPOSED FACES OF FILLS SHALL NOT BE STEEPER THAN TWO
- HORIZONTAL TO ONE VERTICAL (2:1) THE CUT FACE OF ROCK EXCAVATION SHALL NOT BE STEEPER THAN ONE HORIZONTAL TO FOUR VERTICAL (1:4).
- PROVISION SHOULD BE MADE TO CONDUCT SURFACE WATER SAFELY TO STORM DRAINS TO PREVENT SURFACE RUNOFF FROM DAMAGING CUT FACES AND FILL e. EXCAVATIONS SHOULD NOT BE MADE SO CLOSE TO PROPERTY LINES AS TO
- ENDANGER ADJOINING PROPERTY WITHOUT PROTECTING SUCH PROPERTY FROM EROSION, SLIDING, SETTLING, OR CRACKING. NO FILL SHOULD BE PLACED WHERE IT WILL SLIDE OR WASH UPON THE PREMISES OF ANOTHER OWNER OR UPON ADJACENT WETLANDS,
- WATERCOURSES, OR WATERBODIES. PRIOR TO ANY REGRADING, A STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE SHALL BE PLACED AT THE ENTRANCE TO THE WORK AREA IN ORDER TO REDUCE MUD AND OTHER SEDIMENTS FROM LEAVING THE SITE.

# **GENERAL**

**MATERIAL** 

- TOPSOIL SHALL BE SPREAD OVER ALL EXPOSED AREAS IN ORDER TO PROVIDE A SOIL MEDIUM HAVING FAVORABLE CHARACTERISTICS FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT, GROWTH, AND MAINTENANCE OF VEGETATION
- UPON ATTAINING FINAL SUBGRADES, SCARIFY SURFACE TO PROVIDE A GOOD BOND
- REMOVE ALL LARGE STONES, TREE LIMBS, ROOTS AND CONSTRUCTION DEBRIS. APPLY SOIL AMENDMENTS AS FOLLOWS: LIME: ACCORDING TO SOIL TEST OR AT THE RATE OF 2 TONS PER ACRE.

### ROCK DUST: ACCORDING TO SOIL TEST OR AT THE RATE OF 2 TONS PER ACRE

# TOPSOIL SHOULD HAVE PHYSICAL, CHEMICAL, AND BIOLOGICAL CHARACTERISTICS

- FAVORABLE TO THE GROWTH OF PLANTS. TOPSOIL SHOULD HAVE A SANDY OR LOAMY TEXTURE. TOPSOIL SHOULD BE RELATIVELY FREE OF SUBSOIL MATERIAL AND MUST BE FREE
- OF LARGE STONES, LUMPS OF SOIL, ROOTS, TREE LIMBS, TRASH, OR CONSTRUCTION DEBRIS. IT SHOULD BE FREE OF ROOTS OR RHIZOMES SUCH AS THISTLE, NUTGRASS, AND OUACKGRASS. AN ORGANIC MATTER CONTENT OF SIX PERCENT (6%) IS REQUIRED. AVOID LIGHT
- SOLUBLE SALT CONTENT OF LESS THAN 400 PPM IS REQUIRED. THE TOPSOIL SHALL BE WARRANTED BY SELLER TO BE FREE OF DETECTABLE RESIDUES OF CHEMICAL PESTICIDES, HERBICIDES, PETROLEUM PRODUCTS, OR OTHER UNSUITABLE TOXINS.

#### APPLICATION:

AVOID SPREADING WHEN TOPSOIL IS WET OR FROZEN. SPREAD TOPSOIL UNIFORMLY TO A DEPTH OF AT LEAST FOUR INCHES (4"), OR TO THE DEPTH SHOWN ON THE LANDSCAPING PLANS.

### EMPORARY VEGETATIVE COVER

COLORED SUBSOIL MATERIAL

FEMPORARY VEGETATIVE COVER SHALL BE ESTABLISHED ON ALL UNPROTECTED AREAS THAT PRODUCE SEDIMENT, AREAS WHERE FINAL GRADING HAS BEEN COMPLETED, AND AREAS WHERE THE ESTIMATED PERIOD OF BARE SOIL EXPOSURE IS LESS THAN 12 MONTHS. TEMPORARY VEGETATIVE COVER SHALL BE APPLIED IF AREAS WILL NOT BE PERMANENTLY

## **GENERAL:**

- INSTALL REQUIRED SURFACE WATER CONTROL MEASURES. REMOVE LOOSE ROCK, STONE, AND CONSTRUCTION DEBRIS FROM AREA. APPLY SOIL AMENDMENTS AS FOLLOWS:
- LIME: ACCORDING TO SOIL TEST OR AT THE RATE OF 1 TONS PER ACRE. ROCK DUST: ACCORDING TO SOIL TEST OR AT THE RATE OF 1 TONS PER ACRE UNLESS HYDROSEEDED, WORK IN LIME TO A DEPTH OF 4 INCHES WITH A DISK OR ANY SUITABLE EQUIPMENT. DO NOT WORK FINISHED COMPOST INTO THE SOIL -
- APPLY IT EVENLY TO SOIL SURFACE AS A SEED BED. TILLAGE SHOULD ACHIEVE A REASONABLY UNIFORM LOOSE SEEDBED. WORK ON CONTOUR IF SITE IS SLOPING.

# ITE PREPARATION:

- SELECT APPROPRIATE SPECIES FOR THE SITUATION. NOTE RATES AND SEEDING DATES (SEE VEGETATIVE COVER SELECTION & MULCHING) APPLY SEED UNIFORMLY ACCORDING TO THE RATE INDICATED BY BROADCASTING,
- DRILLING, OR HYDRAULIC APPLICATION. UNLESS HYDROSEEDED, COVER RYEGRASS SEEDS WITH NOT MORE THAN 1/4 INCH OF SOIL USING SUITABLE EQUIPMENT. MULCH IMMEDIATELY AFTER SEEDING IF REOUIRED. (SEE VEGETATIVE COVER

SLOPES GREATER THAN 3%%% OR WHERE NEEDED.

EROSION CONTROL

**MEASURE** 

SILT FENCE (SF)

STRAW WATTLES (SW)

INLET PROTECTION (IP)

STOCKPILE PROTECTION

DUST CONTROL

TEMPORARY SEDIMENT TRAP (TST)

TEMPORARY DIVERSION BERM/SWALE

CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE (CE)

(RELATED: IP, STK)

SELECTION & MULCHING SPECIFICATION BELOW.) APPLY STRAW AND ANCHOR TO

CONTROL OBJECTIVE

REDUCE THE TRACKING OF SEDIMENT OFF-SITE

PROHIBIT SILT IN CONSTRUCTION-RELATED RUNOF

RETAIN SOIL STOCKPILE IN LOCATIONS SPECIFIED

DETAIN SEDIMENT-LADEN RUNOFF FROM SMALL

DISTURBED AREAS LONG ENOUGH TO ALLOW A

MAJORITY OF THE SEDIMENT TO SETTLE OUT.

- MINIMIZE VELOCITY AND CONCENTRATION OF

SHEET FLOW ACROSS CONSTRUCTION SITE TO A

- DIVERT WATER ORIGINATING FROM UNDISTURBE

TO PREVENT MOVEMENT OF DUST FROM EXPOSED

OIL SURFACES, WHICH MAY CAUSE BOTH OFF-SITE

AND ON-SITE DAMAGE, BE A HEALTH HAZARD TO

HUMANSILDLIFE, AND PLANT LIFE, OR CREATE A HAZARD BY REDUCING TRAFFIC VISIBILITY.

FROM ENTERING STORM DRAINAGE SYSTEM.

AND REDUCE WATER-TRANSPORT

SEDIMENT TRAPPING FACILITY

AREA AWAY FROM CONSTRUCTION.

INTERCEPT, AND REDIRECT/DETAIN

- DECREASE VELOCITY OF SHEET FLOW.

PROTECT SENSITIVE SLOPES OR SOILS

SMALL AMOUNTS OF SEDIMENT FROM

SMALL DISTURBED AREAS.

ONTO PAVED SURFACES.

FROM EXCESSIVE WATER FLOW.

## PERMANENT VEGETATIVE COVER

#### **GENERAL**

PERMANENT VEGETATIVE COVER SHALL BE ESTABLISHED AS VARIOUS SECTIONS OF THE PROJECT ARE COMPLETED IN ORDER TO STABILIZE THE SOIL, REDUCE DOWNSTREAM DAMAGE FROM SEDIMENT AND RUNOFF, AND TO ENHANCE THE AESTHETIC NATURE OF THE SITE. IT WILL BE APPLIED TO ALL CONSTRUCTION AREAS SUBJECT TO EROSION WHERE FINAL GRADING HAS BEEN COMPLETED AND A PERMANENT COVER IS NEEDED.

#### SITE PREPARATION:

- INSTALL REQUIRED SURFACE WATER CONTROL MEASURES.
- REMOVE LOOSE ROCK, STONE, AND CONSTRUCTION DEBRIS FROM AREA. PERFORM ALL PLANTING OPERATIONS PARALLEL TO THE CONTOURS OF THE SLOPE. APPLY TOPSOIL AS INDICATED ELSEWHERE HEREIN.
- APPLY SOIL AMENDMENTS AS FOLLOWS: LIME: ACCORDING TO SOIL TEST OR AT THE RATE OF 1 TONS PER ACRE.
- ROCK DUST: ACCORDING TO SOIL TEST OR AT THE RATE OF 1 TONS PER ACRE UNLESS HYDROSEEDED, WORK IN LIME TO A DEPTH OF 4 INCHES WITH A DISK OR ANY SUITABLE EQUIPMENT. DO NOT WORK FINISHED COMPOST

#### VEGETATED COVER SELECTION AND MULCHING

#### TEMPORARY VEGETATIVE COVER:

PERENNIAL RYEGRASS 5 LBS./1,000 SQ.FT. (LOLIUM PERENNE) DUTCH WHITE CLOVER (TRIFOLIUM REPENS) 1/4 LBS PER 1000 SF. OR 6LBS/AC.

### \* PERMANENT VEGETATIVE COVER:

#### **DUTCH WHITE CLOVER 30%** BARON KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS 30% JAMESTOWN II CHEWINGS FESCUE 20%

PALMER PERENNIAL RYEGRASS 20% NEW ENGLAND EROSION CONTROL/R3ESOTRATION MIX FOR MOIST SITES AT 1/8 LB PER

#### 1000 S.F. FOR 5 LBS/AC. NEW ENGLAND SHOWY WILD FLOW MIX AT 1/16 LB PER 1000 S.F. OR 2 LBS/AC

\* LOFTS - "TRIPLEX GENERAL" MIX OR APPROVED EQUAL. RECOMMENDED RATE/TIME SPRING SEEDING: 4/1 to 5/31

### FALL SEEDING: 8/16 to 10/15

TEMPORARY MULCHING:

STRAY 70-90 LBS./1,000 SQ.FT. (TEMPORARY VEGETATIVE AREAS) WOOD FIBER IN HYDROMULCH SLURRY 25-50 LBS./1,000 SO. FT.

#### **ESTABLISHMENT:**

- SMOOTH AND FIRM SEEDBED WITH CULTIPACKER OR OTHER SIMILAR EQUIPMENT PRIOR TO SEEDING (EXCEPT WHEN HYDROSEEDING).
- SELECT ADAPTED SEED MIXTURE FOR THE SPECIFIC SITUATION. NOTE RATES AND THE SEEDING DATES (SEE VEGETATIVE COVER SELECTION & MULCHING SPEC.
- APPLY SEED UNIFORMLY ACCORDING TO RATE INDICATED, BY BROADCASTING, DRILLING, OR HYDRAULIC APPLICATION.
- 4. COVER GRASS AND LEGUME SEED WITH NOT MORE THAN 1/4 INCH OF SOIL WITH SUITABLE EQUIPMENT (EXCEPT WHEN HYDROSEEDING).
- MULCH IMMEDIATELY AFTER SEEDING, IF REQUIRED, ACCORDING TO TEMPORARY MULCHING SPECIFICATIONS. (SEE VEGETATIVE COVER SELECTION & MULCHING SPECIFICATION BELOW). USE PROPER INOCULAT ON ALL LEGUME SEEDLINGS, USE FOUR (4) TIMES NORMAL
- RATES WHEN HYDROSEEDING. USE SOD WHERE THERE IS A HEAVY CONCENTRATION OF WATER AND IN CRITICAL
- AREAS WHERE IT IS IMPORTANT TO GET A QUICK VEGETATIVE COVER TO PREVENT

#### MAINTENANCE:

1. TEST FOR SOIL ACIDITY EVERY THREE (3) YEARS AND LIME AS REQUIRED.

### **GENERAL:**

1. TEMPORARY PERVIOUS BARRIERS USING BALES OF HAY OR STRAW, HELD IN PLACE WITH STAKES DRIVEN THROUGH THE BALES AND INTO THE GROUND OR GEOTEXTILE FABRIC FASTENED TO A FENCE POST AND BURIED INTO THE GROUND, SHALL BE INSTALLED AND MAINTAINED AS REQUIRED TO CHECK EROSION AND REDUCE SEDIMENTATION.

- BALES SHOULD BE PLACED IN A ROW WITH ENDS TIGHTLY ABUTTING THE
- ADJACENT BALES EACH BALE SHALL BE EMBEDDED INTO THE SOIL A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4") INCHES. BALES SHALL BE SECURELY ANCHORED IN PLACE BY WOOD STAKES OR REINFORCEMENT BARS DRIVEN THROUGH THE BALES AND INTO THE GROUND. THE FIRST STAKE IN EACH BALE SHALL BE ANGLED TOWARD THE PREVIOUSLY LAID BALE
- TO FORCE BALES TOGETHER. GEOTEXTILE FABRIC SHALL BE SECURELY ANCHORED AT THE TOP OF A THREE FOOT (3') HIGH FENCE AND BURIED A MINIMUM OF FOUR INCHES (4") TO THE SOIL. SEAMS BETWEEN SECTIONS OF FILTER FABRIC SHALL OVERLAP A MINIMUM OF TWO FEET (2').

## INSTALLATION AND MAINTENANCE:

- BALED HAY EROSION BARRIERS SHALL BE INSTALLED AT ALL STORM SEWER INLETS. BALED HAY EROSION BARRIERS AND GEOTEXTILE FENCE SHALL BE INSTALLED AT
- THE LOCATION INDICATED ON THE PLAN AND IN ADDITIONAL AREAS AS MAY BE DEEMED APPROPRIATE DURING CONSTRUCTION. ALL EROSION CHECKS SHALL BE MAINTAINED UNTIL ADJACENT AREAS ARE

**EROSION CONTROL MAINTENANCE INTERVALS** 

INSPECTION/MAINTENANCE

INSPECT AT LEAST ONCE A WEEK AND WITHIN 24 HOURS OF THE END OF A STORM WITH

A RAINFALL OF 0.5 INCHES OR MORE. ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT MUST BE REMOVED ONCE

ITS DEPTH IS EQUAL TO ½ THE TRENCH HEIGHT. INSPECT FREQUENTLY DURING PUMPING

INSPECT AT THE END OF EACH WORK DAY AND IMMEDIATELY REPAIR DAMAGES.

PERIODIC ADDITION OF STONE, OR LENGTHENING OF ENTRANCE MAY BE REQUIRED AS

ONDITIONS DEMAND. ALL SEDIMENT SPILLED, DROPPED, WASHED, OR TRACKED ONTO

PAVED SURFACES AS A RESULT OF INEFFICIENCY OF CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE SHALL BE

INSPECT AFTER ANY RAIN EVENT. IF FILTER BAG INSIDE CATCH BASIN CONTAINS MORE

INSPECT SILT FENCE AT THE END OF EACH WORK DAY AND IMMEDIATELY REPAIR

FHAN 6" OF SEDIMENT, REMOVE SEDIMENT FROM BAG. CHECK SURROUNDING SILT FENCE

DAMAGES. PERIODIC REINFORCEMENT OF SILT FENCE, OR ADDITION OF HAY BALES MAY

INSPECT AT LEAST ONCE A WEEK AND WITHIN 24 HOURS OF THE END OF A STORM WITH

A RAINFALL OF 0.5 INCHES OR MORE. STONE OUTLET SHOULD BE AT LEAST 1 FOOT

BELOW CREST OF EMBANKMENT. SEDIMENT MUST BE REMOVED WHEN ACCUMULATION

WHEN LOCATED WITHIN CLOSE PROXIMITY TO ONGOING CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES,

STORM WITH A RAINFALL OF 0.5 INCHES OR MORE. REPAIR THE TEMPORARY MEASURE

THERWISE INSPECT AT LEAST ONCE A WEEK AND WITHIN 24 HOURS OF THE END OF A

USE MECHANICAL SWEEPING DAILY ON PAVED AREAS WHERE DUST AND FINE MATERIALS

PERIODICALLY MOISTEN UNPAVED TRAVELWAYS TO CONTROL DUST WHEN EVIDENCE OF

INSPECT AT THE END OF EACH WORK DAY AND IMMEDIATELY REPAIR DAMAGES.

ACCUMULATE, IF HEAVILY TRAFFICKED AND SEDIMENT ACCUMULATES QUICKLY.

FAILURE INDICATORS

PHYSICAL DAMAGE OR DECOMPOSITION

FENCE

CAPTURE

REPETITIVE FAILURE

EVIDENCE OF OVERTOPPED OR UNDERCUT

- EVIDENCE OF SIGNIFICANT FLOWS EVADING

SEDIMENT IN ROADWAY ADJACENT TO SITE

FAILED HAY BALES / SILT FENCE

DRAINAGE SYSTEM OUTFLOW.

DUE TO RAIN EVENTS

TURBID WATER

PHYSICAL DAMAGE

AIRBORNE DUST

REPETITIVE FAILURE

FAILURE OF SILT FENCE

OVERTOPPING EVIDENCE

· SIGNIFICANT SILT PRESENCE IN STORM

EVIDENCE OF STOCK PILE DIMINISHING

EXCESSIVE SEDIMENT ACCUMULATION

EXCESSIVE SCOURING/EROSION

REMOVAL

SILT FENCE/STRAW WATTLES MAY BE

CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE MAY BE

REMOVED ONCE THE SITE HAS BEEN

OTHER SECTIONS OF ROADWAY HAVE

REMOVED ONCE THE SITE HAS BEEN

PERMANENTLY STABILIZED, AND ALL

SECTIONS OF ROADWAY HAVE BEEN

STOCKPILE PROTECTION MAY BE

REMOVED ONCE THE STOCKPILE IS

TST MAY BE REMOVED ONCE THE

PERMANENTLY STABILIZED.

DRAINAGE AREA HAS BEEN

PERMANENTLY STABILIZED.

AIRBORNE DUST.

CONTRIBUTING DRAINAGE AREA IS

EMPORARY DIVERSIONS MAY BE

CEASED AND THE CONTRIBUTING

MEASURES UNTIL ALL AREAS ARE

REMOVED ONCE CONSTRUCTION HAS

REPEAT APPLICATION OF DUST CONTROL

PERMANENTLY STABILIZED, VEGETATED

AND PAVED, OR AS LONG AS THERE IS

PERMANENTLY STABILIZED, AND ALL

REMOVED AFTER UPHILL AND

SENSITIVE AREAS HAVE BEEN

PERMANENTLY STABILIZED.

BEEN PERMANENTLY PAVED.

INLET PROTECTION MAY BE

PERMANENTLY PAVED.

USED OR REMOVED.

INSPECTION SHALL BE FREQUENT (AT MINIMUM MONTHLY AND BEFORE AND AFTER

OPERATIONS IF USED FOR DEWATERING OPERATIONS.

IMMEDIATELY REMOVED.

AIRBORNE DUST.

AND HAY BALES PER NOTED ABOVE.

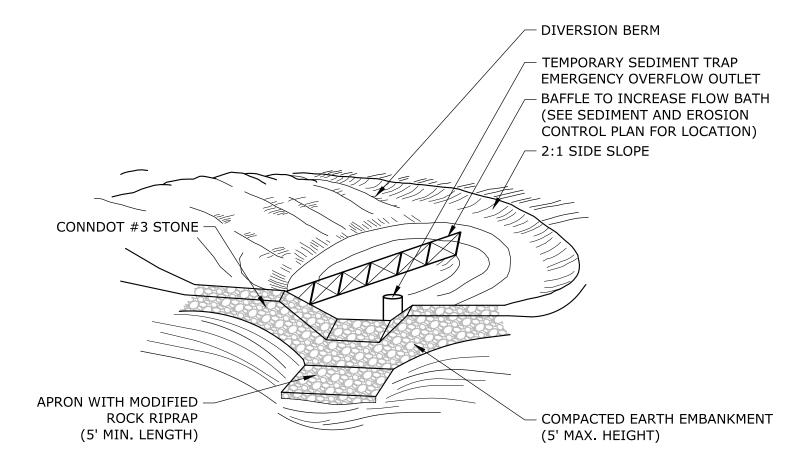
REACHES 1/2 OF THE REQUIRED WET STORAGE.

AND ANY OTHER ASSOCIATED MEASURES WITHIN 24 HOURS.

HEAVY RAIN) AND REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT SHALL BE MADE PROMPTLY AS NEEDED. EROSION CHECKS SHALL BE REMOVED WHEN THEY HAVE SERVED THEIR USEFULNESS SO AS NOT TO BLOCK OR IMPEDE STORMWATER FLOW OR DRAINAGE.

# HIGH STRENGTH DOUBLE STITCHED "J' TYPE SEAMS SEWN IN SPOUT - HIGH STRENGTH STRAPPING FOR HOLDING HOSE IN PLACE DIRTBAG® - WATER FLOW FROM PUMP PUMP DISCHARGE HOSE LENGTH OPENING ACCOMMODATES UP TO 4" DISCHARGE HOSE TOP VIEW BAG PLACED ON AGGREGATE OR STRAW SIDE VIEW

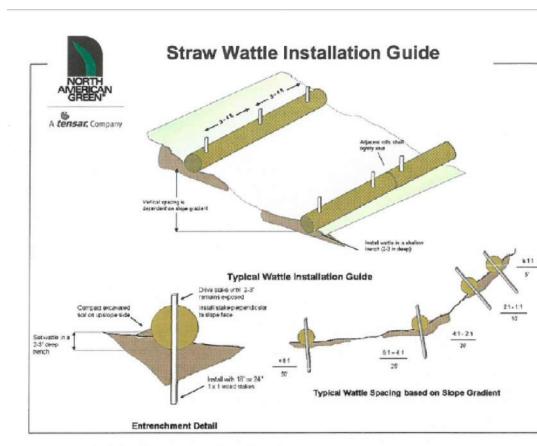
# **DIRTBAG PUMPED SILT CONTROL SYSTEM** NOT TO SCALE



1. REFER TO SEDIMENT & EROSION CONTROL PLAN FOR APPROXIMATE DIMENSIONS AND REQUIRED VOLUME.

# **TEMPORARY SEDIMENT TRAP**

NOT TO SCALE



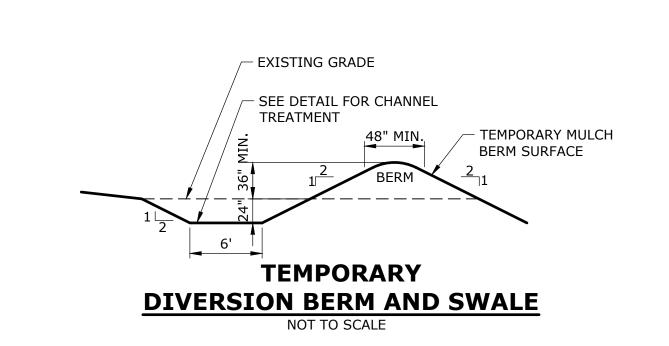
- BEGIN AT THE LOCATION WHERE THE WATTLE IS TO BE INSTALLED BY EXCAVATING A 2-3" (5-7.5 CM) DEEP X 9" (22.9 CM) WIDE TRENCH ALONG THE CONTOUR OF THE SLOPE, EXCAVATED SOIL SHOULD BE PLACED UP-SLOPE FROM THE ANCHOR TRENCH.
- SECURE THE WATTLE WITH 18-24" (45.7-61 CM) STAKES EVERY 3-4" (0.9 1.2 M) AND WITH A STAKE ON EACH END. STAKES SHOULD BE DRIVEN THROUGH THE MIDDLE OF THE WATTLE LEAVING AT LEAST 2-3" (5-7.5 CM) OF STAKE EXTENDING ABOVE THE WATTLE. STAKES SHOULD BE DRIVEN PERPENDICULAR TO SLOPE FACE.

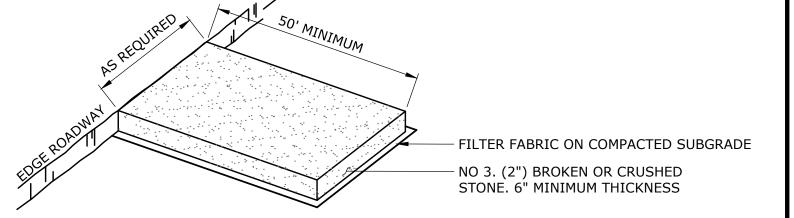
PLACE THE WATTLE IN THE TRENCH SO THAT IT CONTOURS TO THE SOIL SURFACE, COMPACT SOIL FROM THE EXCAVATED TRENCH AGAINST THE WATTLE ON THE UPHILL SIDE, ADJACENT WATTLES SHOULD TIGHTLY ABUT.

- North American Green Straw Wattles are a Best Management Practice (BMP) that offers an effective and economical alternative to silt fence and straw bales for sediment control and storm water runoff. Guidelines are provided to assist in design, installation, and structure spacing. The guidelines may require modification due to variation in soil type, rainfall intensity or duration, and amount of runoff affecting the application site. To maximize sediment containment with the Straw Wattle, place the initial structure at the top/crest of the slope if significant runoff is expected from above, if no runoff from above is expected, the initial Straw Wattle can be installed at the appropriate distance downhill from the top/crest of the slope. The final structure should be installed at or just beyond the bottom/toe of the slope. Wattles should be installed perpendicular to the primary direction of overland flow. Straw Waitles are a temporary sediment control device and are not intended to replace rolled crosion control products (RECPs) or hydraulic erosion control products (HECPs). If vegetation is desired for permanent erosion control, North American Green recommends that RECPs or HECPs be used to provide effective immediate erosion control until vegetation is established. Straw Wattles may be used in conjunction with blankets, mats, and mulches as
- For additional installation assistance, please contact North American Green's Technical Services Department at 1 -800-772-2040 14649 Highway 41 North, Evansville, Indiana 47725 1-800-772-2040 www.nagreen.com Rev. 1/2008

supplemental sediment and runoff control for these applications. Like all sediment control devices, the effectiveness of the Straw Wattle is dependent on

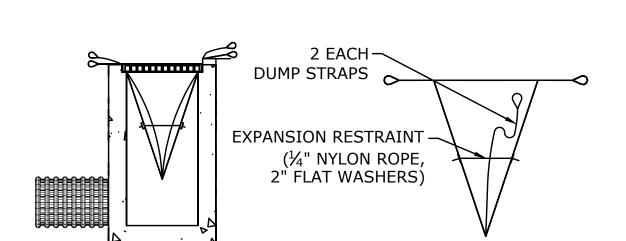
STRAW WATTLES SHALL HAVE A 9" DIAMETER MIN



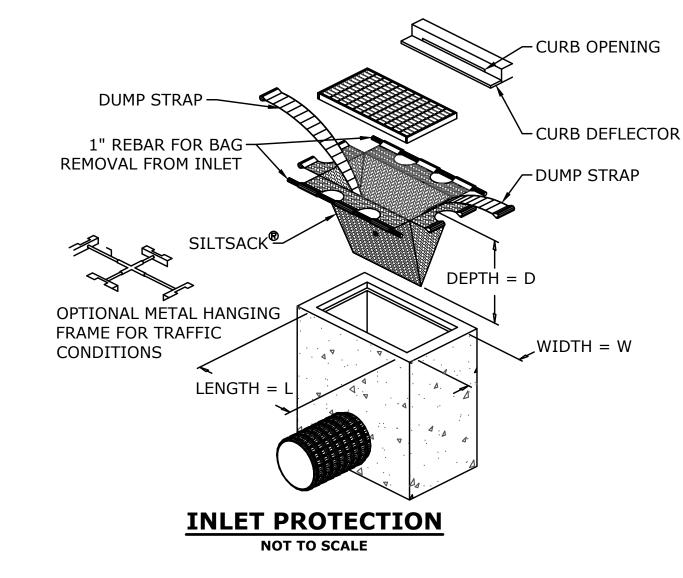


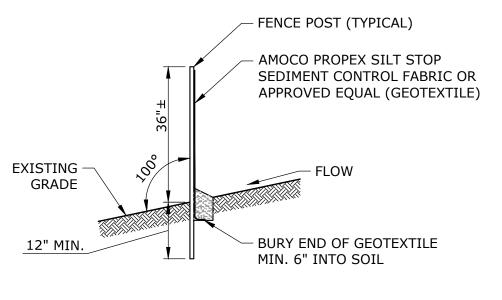
1. CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE PAD SHALL BE INSTALLED AND MAINTAINED DURING OPERATIONS WHICH GENERATE VEHICULAR TRACKING OF MUD.

# **CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE PAD**

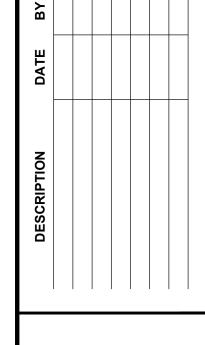


**INSTALLATION DETAIL BAG DETAIL** 



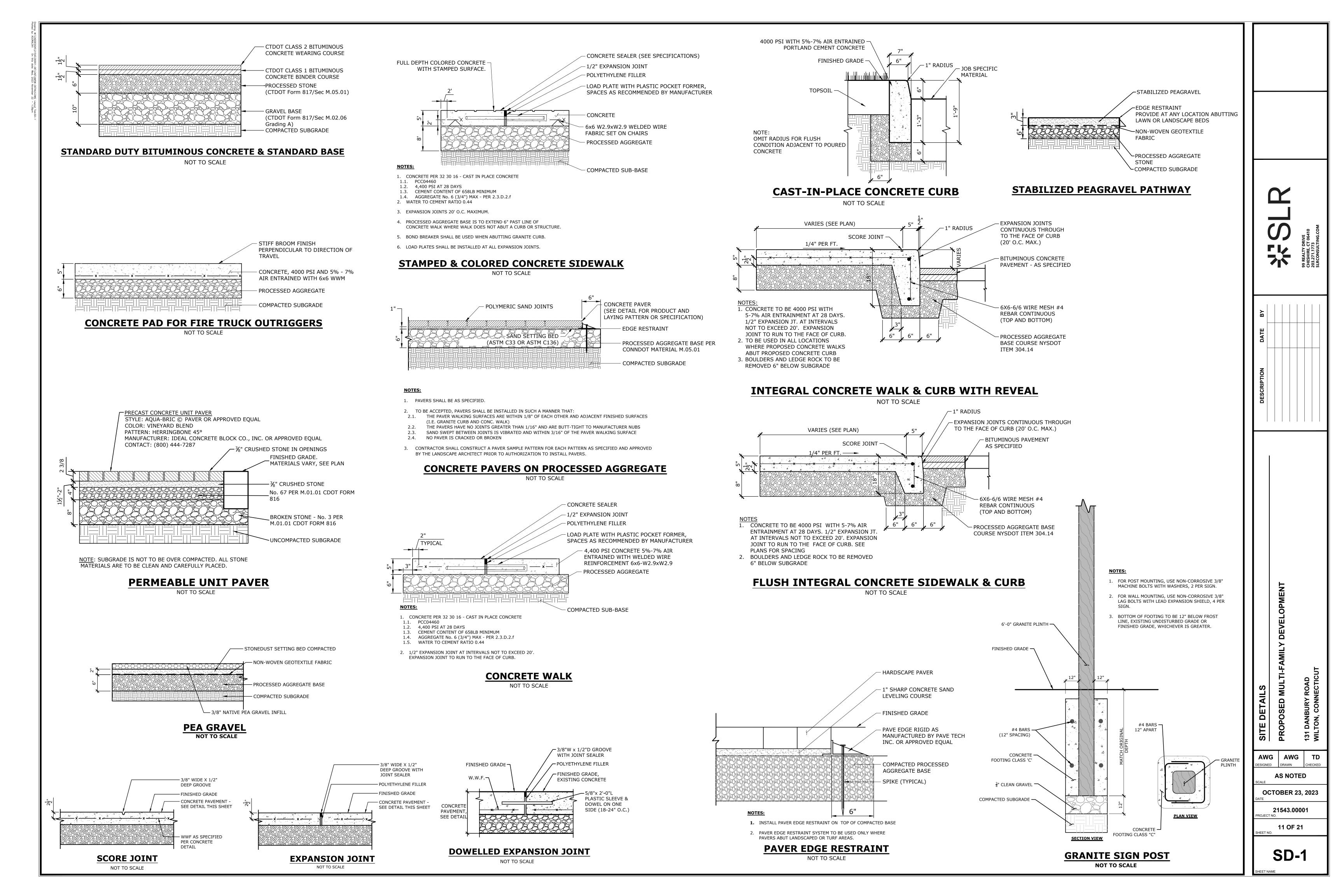


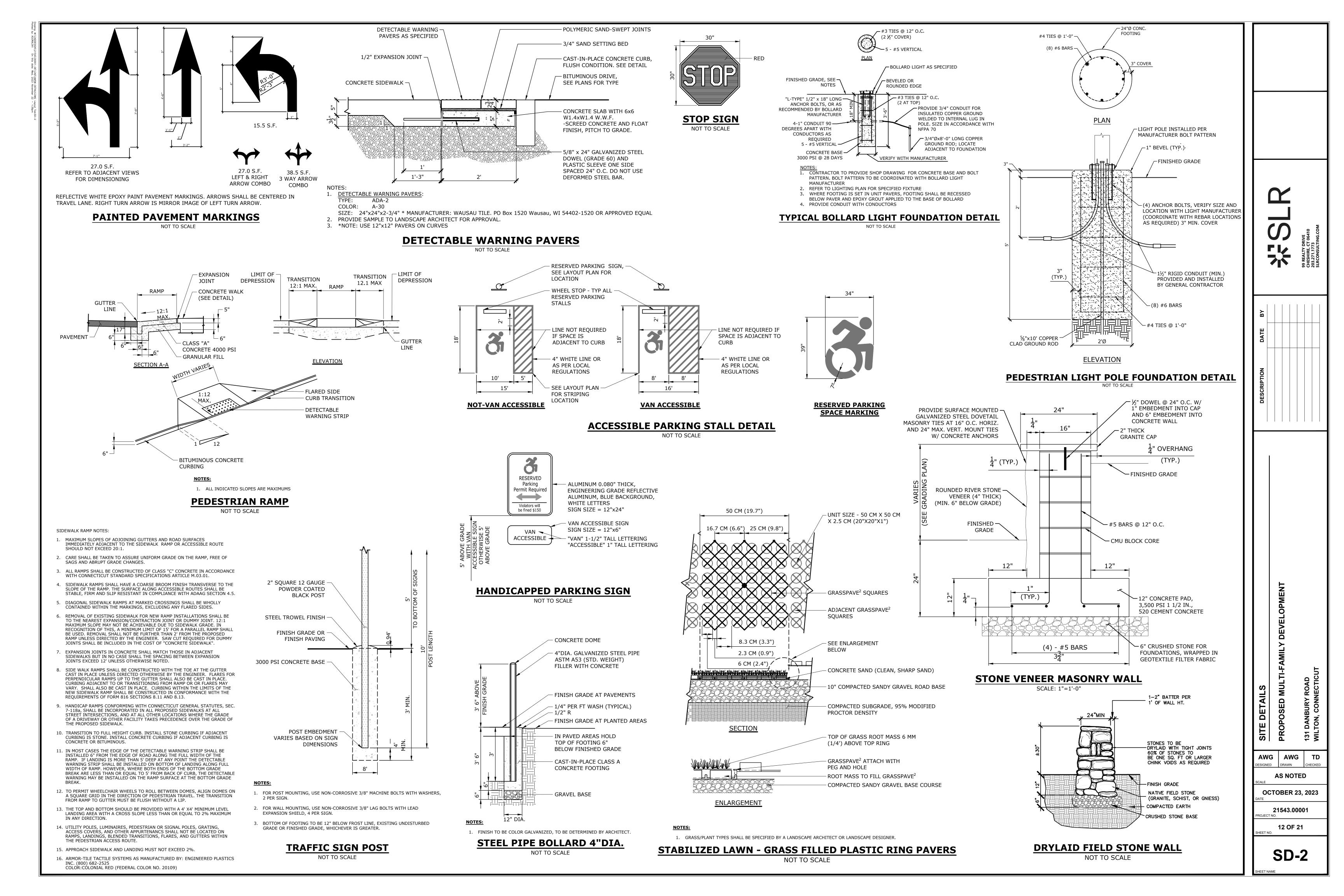
SEDIMENT FILTER FENCE

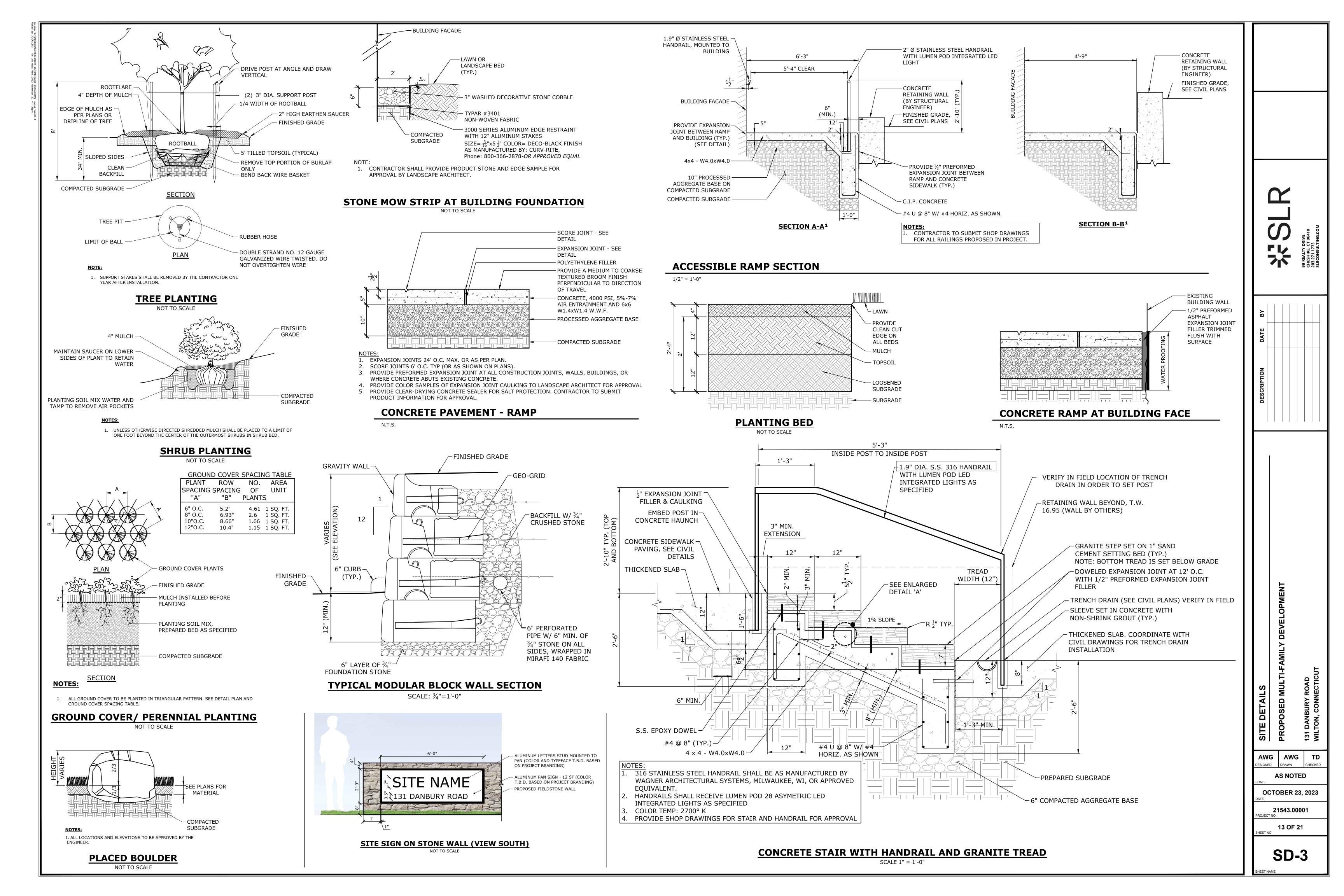


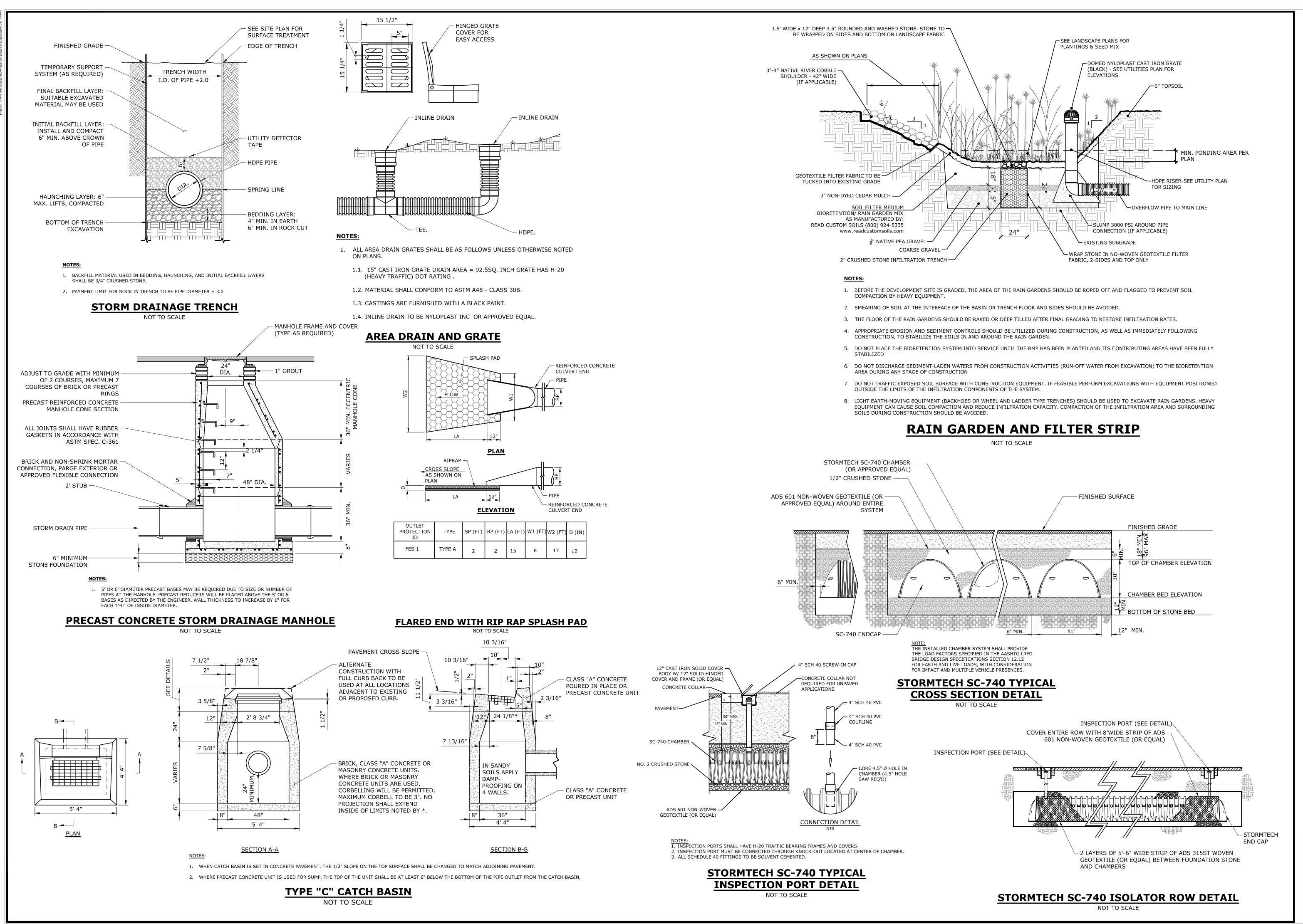
AWG AWG TD **AS NOTED OCTOBER 23, 2023** 

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DESCRIPTION DATE BY

S ULTI-FAMILY DEVELOPMENT

PROPOSED MULTI-F,

AWG AWG TD
DESIGNED DRAWN CHECKED

AS NOTED

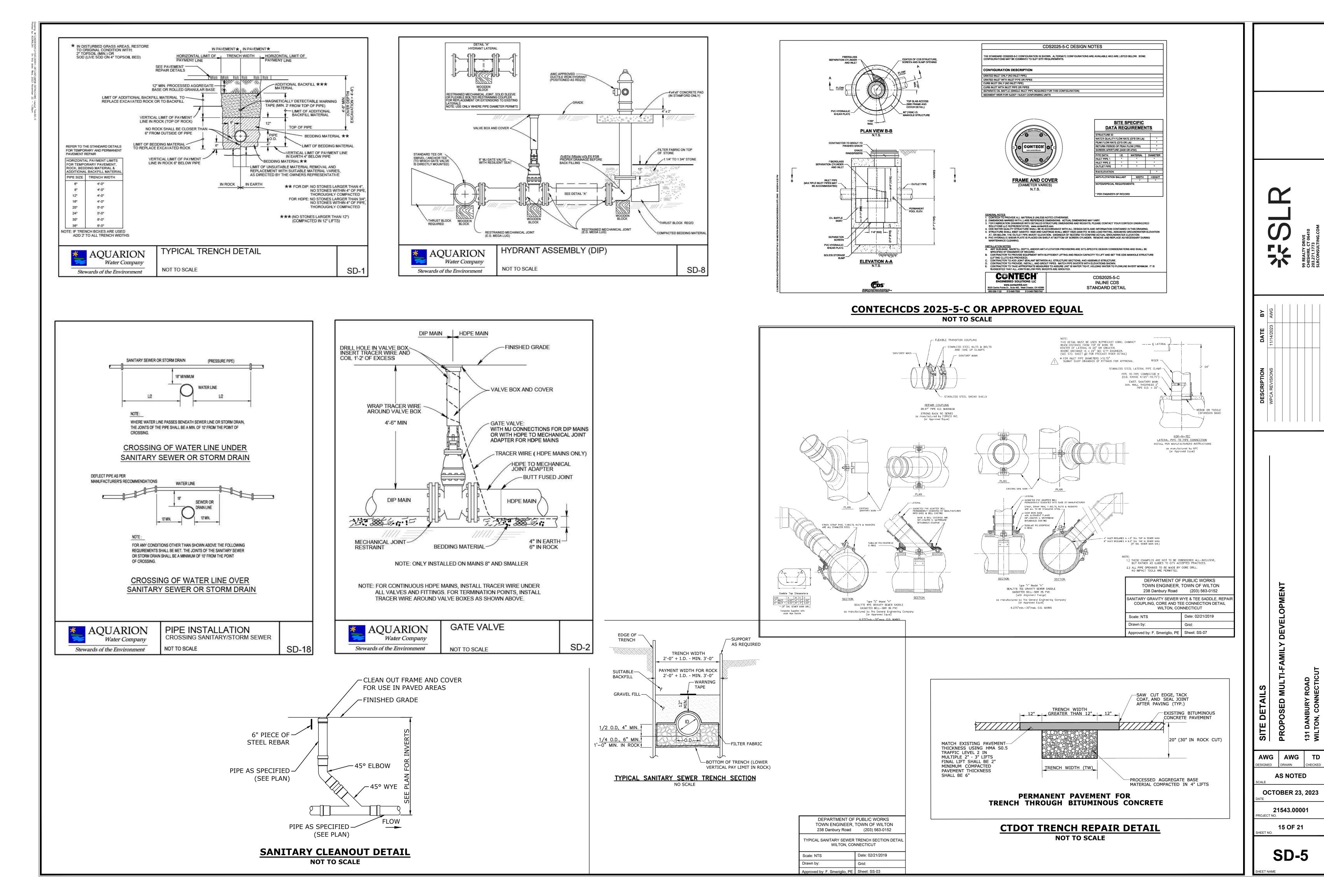
OCTOBER 23, 2023

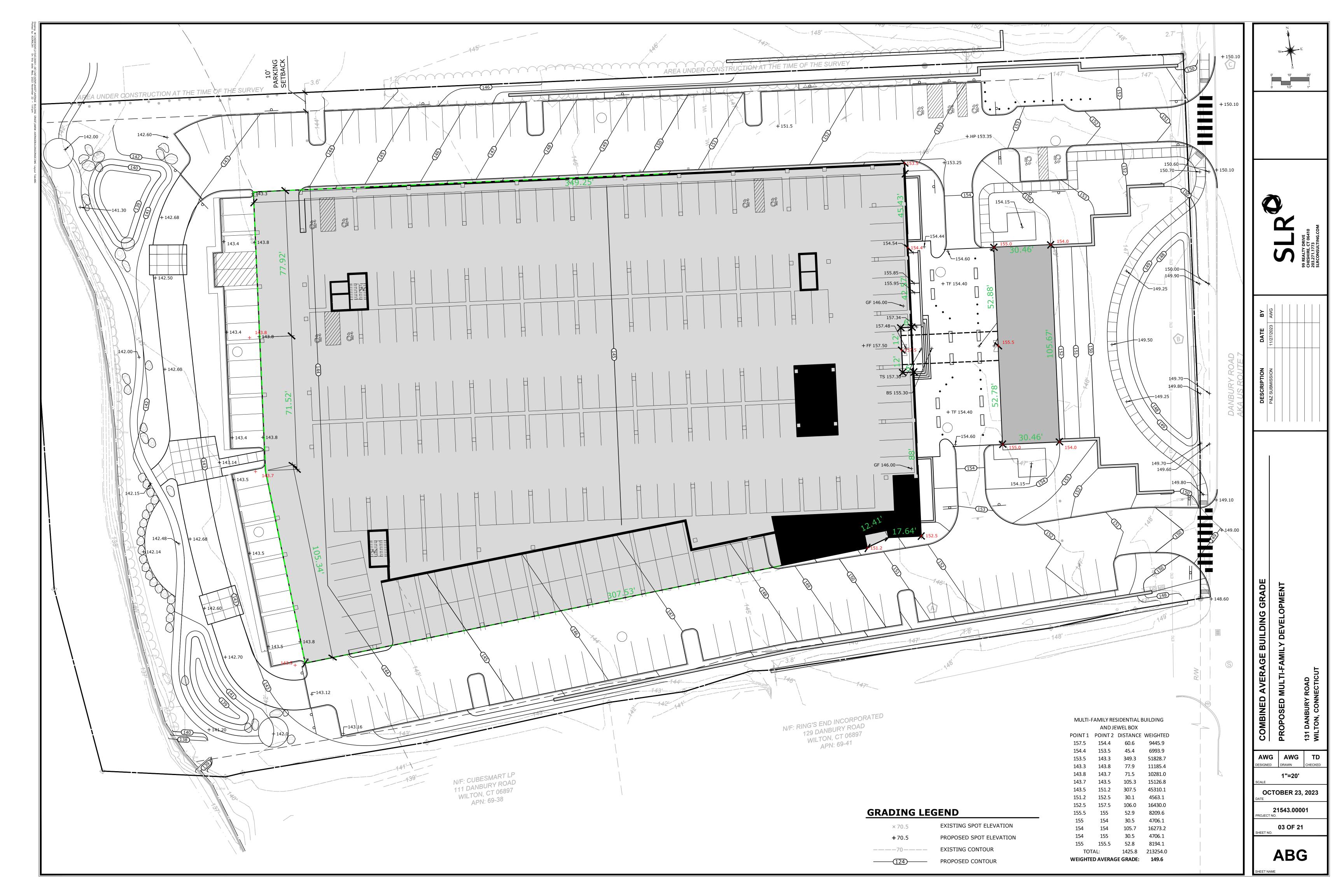
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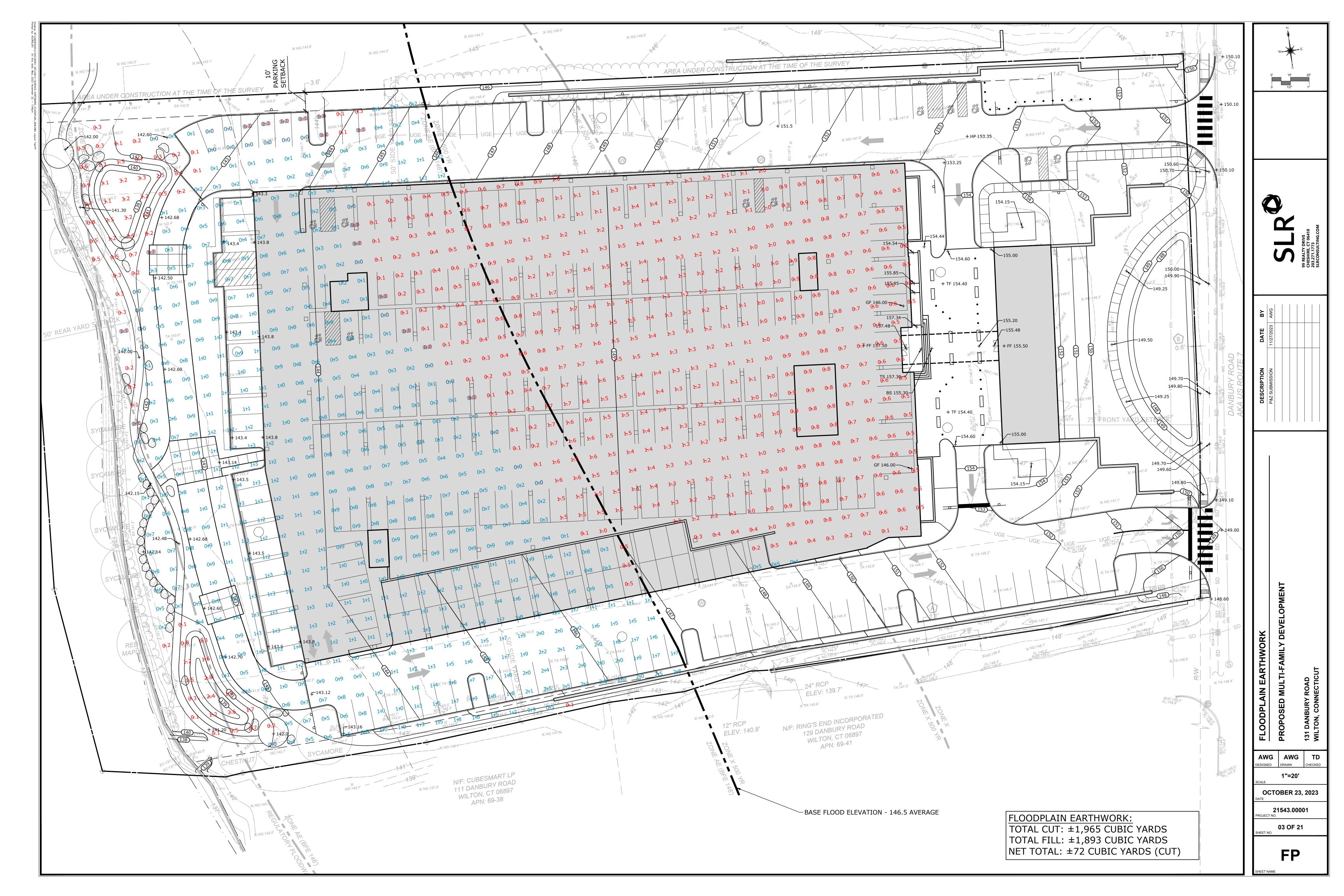
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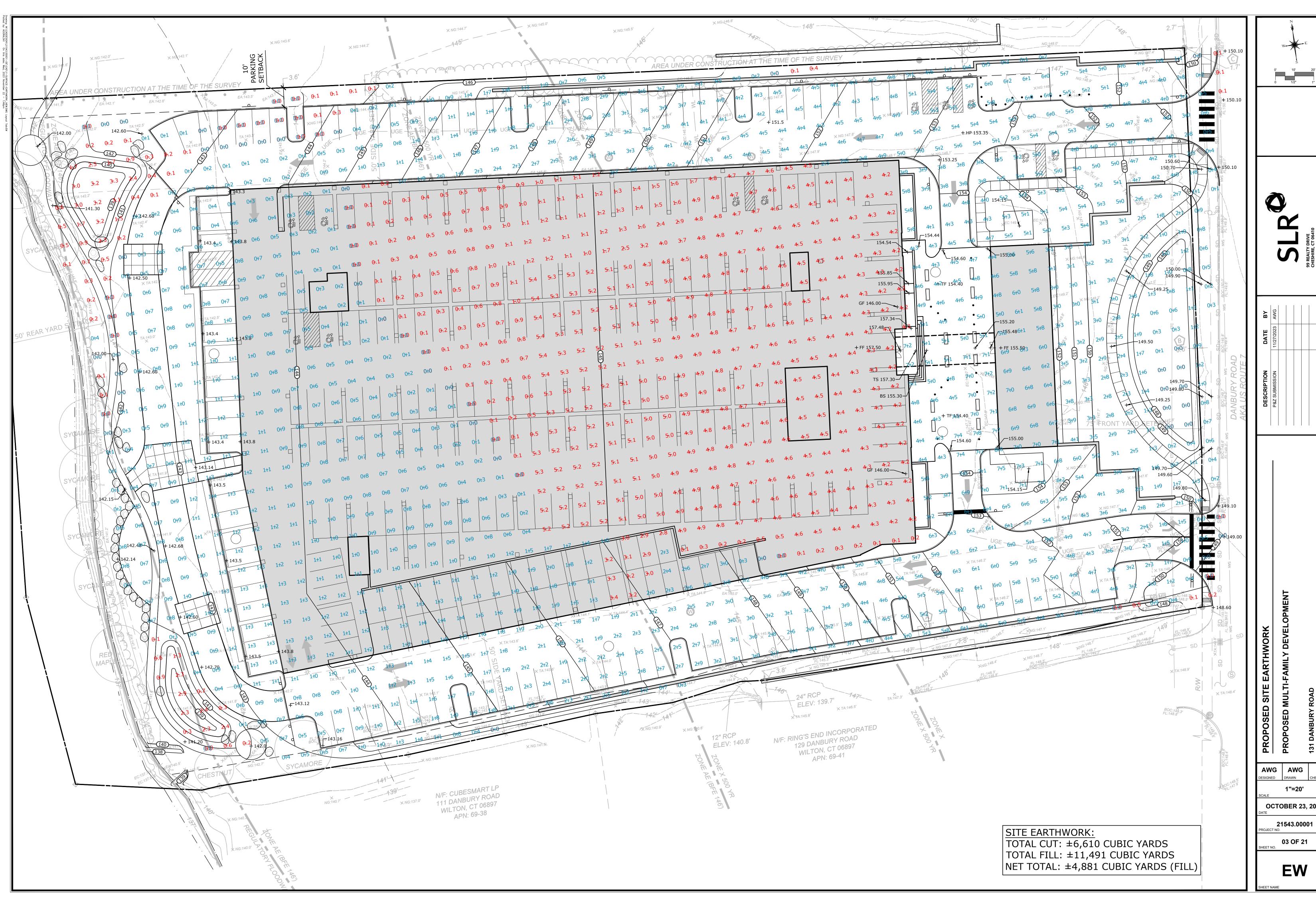
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SD-4

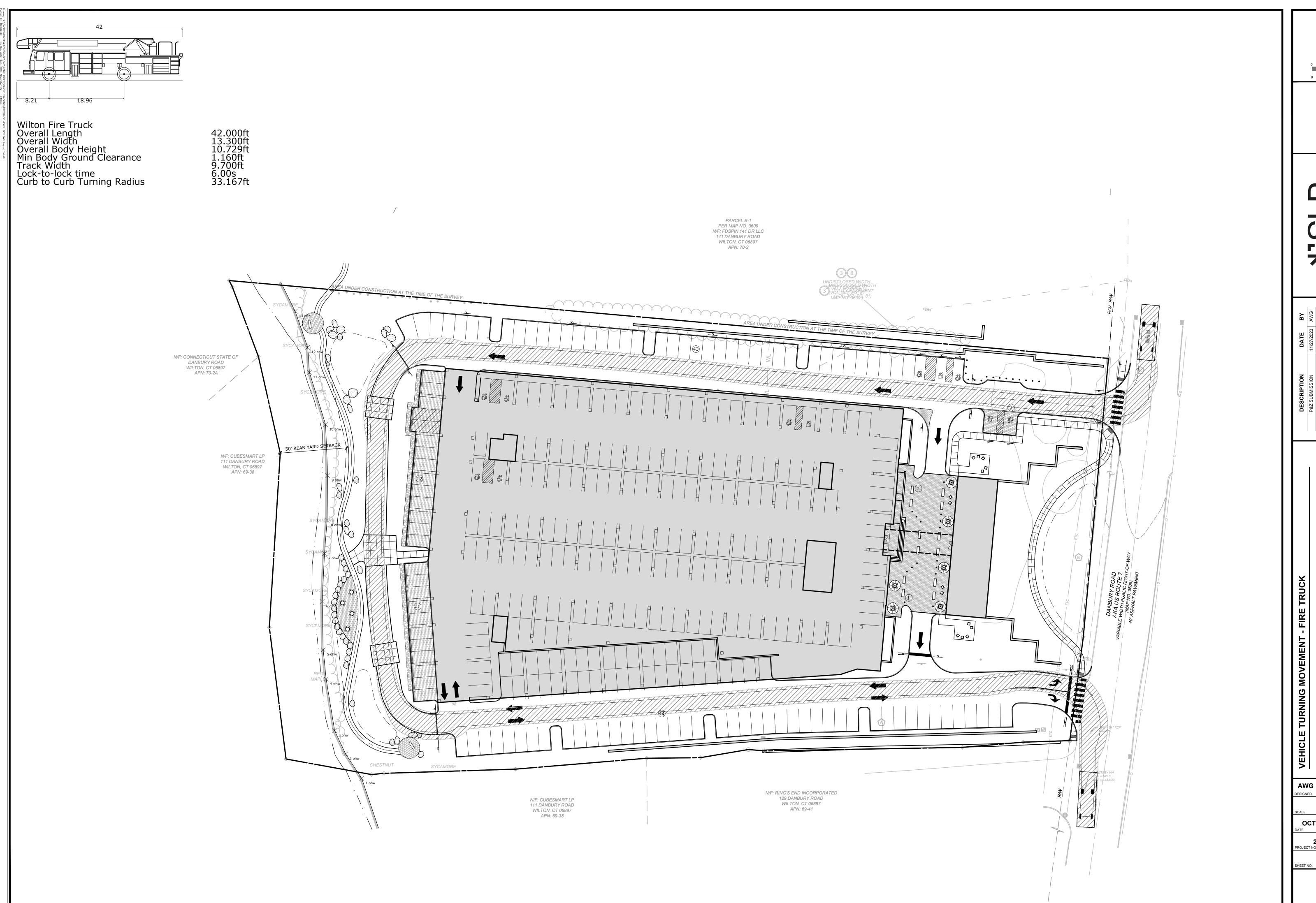








AWG AWG TD OCTOBER 23, 2023



W E

S

0' 15' 30'

0 1/2" 1"

99 REALTY DRIVE CHESHIRE, CT 06410

DESCRIPTION DATE BY
P&Z SUBMISSION 11/27/2023 AWG

TEHICLE TURNING MOVEMENT - FIRE TRUCK
ROPOSED MULTI-FAMILY DEVELOPMENT

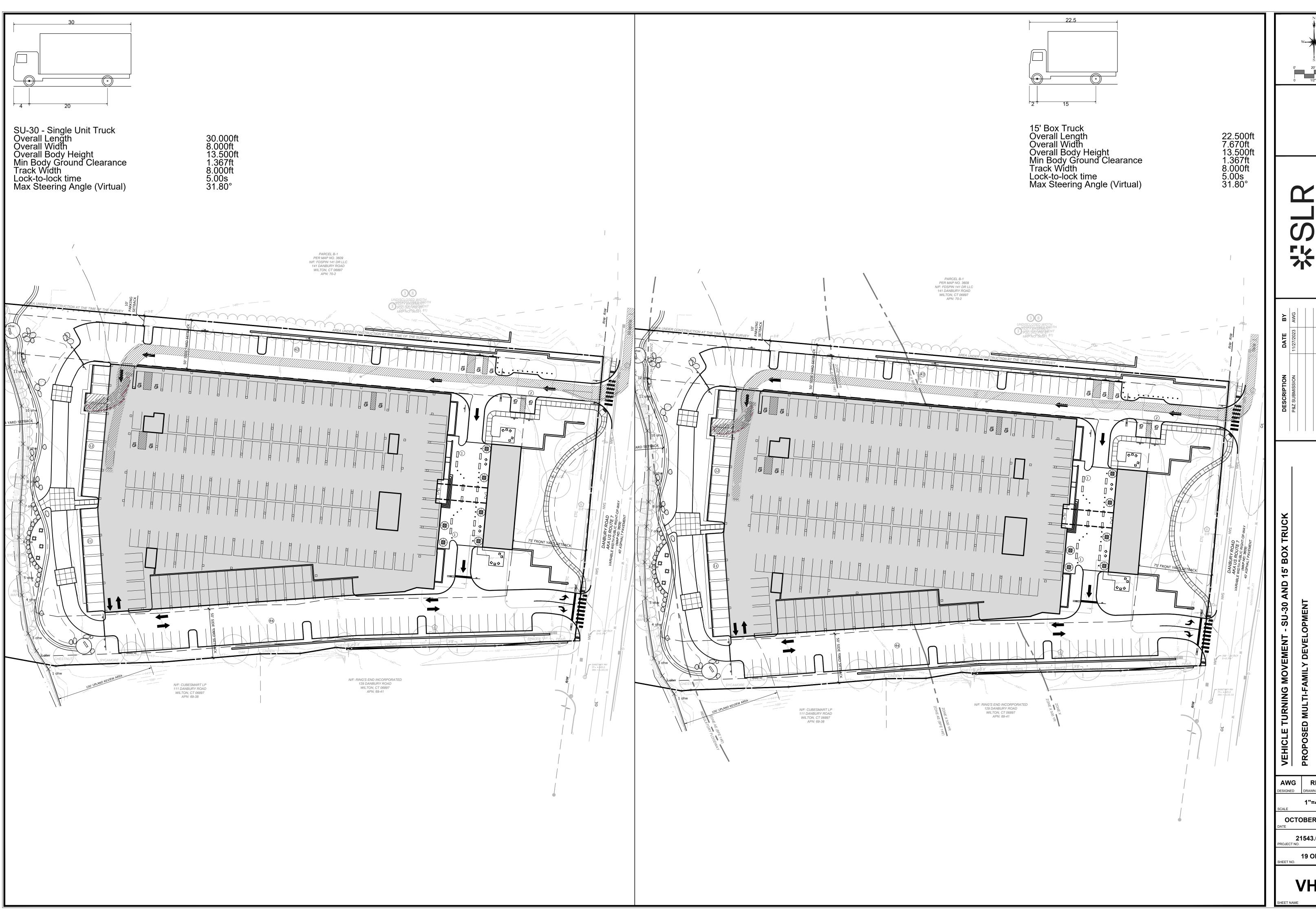
AWG RH
DESIGNED DRAWN CHI

1"=30'
SCALE

OCTOBER 23, 2023
DATE

21543.00001 TNO. 19 OF 21

VH



RH 1"=40'

OCTOBER 23, 2023

21543.00001

19 OF 21

VH-2



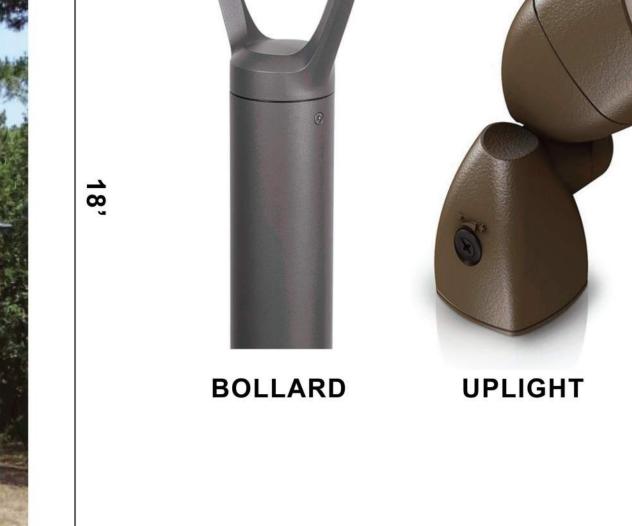
SALES: SP SPECIFIER: SLR CONSULTING PBL-14L-100-NW-G2-5-UNV.ies EVO2-ASY10-48L(2x8)G4-3000K500mA.IES

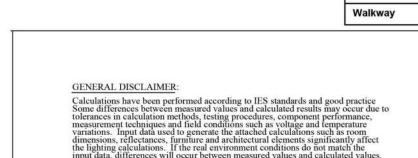
**Calculation Summary** 4.25 Parking Lot

PROJECT TITLE:

**POLE LIGHT - FIXTURE** 

**POLE LIGHT - POLE** 





NOTE TO REVIEWER: For proper comparison of photometric layouts, it is essential that you insist all designers use correct Light Loss Factors.



20-30 BEAVER ROAD, WETHERSFIELD, CT 06109 TELEPHONE 860.632.8766 / WWW.APEXLTG.COM

AMS WILTON 131 DANBURY RD WILTON, CT

LE NAME: 2023-II-02 SL-IB AMS WILTON - 131 DANBURY RD - WILTON, CT.DWG

DRAWING TITLE:

SITE LIGHTING PHOTOMETRIC CALCULATION

SCALE : | "=20'-0" DATE: 11/2/23 DRAWN BY: LED/PD

EVO2-C13301-C17677BLK-48LED-

EVO2-C13805-C17677BLK-48LED-

PWS-196L-650-WW-G2-3-UNV.ies

3000K-500 mA.IES

3000K-500 mA.IES

BL9\_10W\_WW\_med.ies